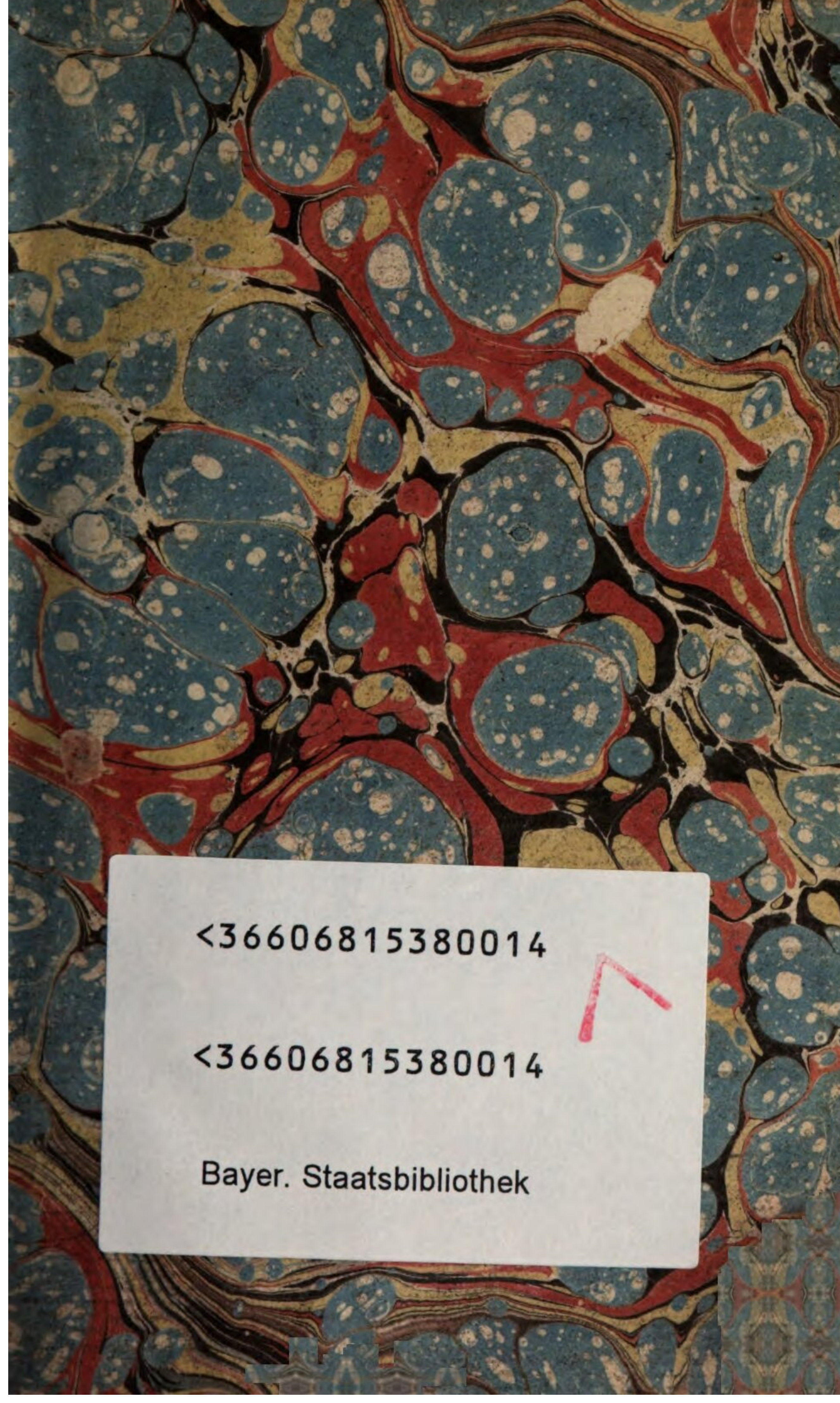


P. o. angl.

204

-2-





<36606815380014

<36606815380014

Bayer. Staatsbibliothek

P. O. angl.

Lennox

204

angl.

204

B. L. anyb. 92

THE
FEMALE QUIXOTE;
OR, THE
ADVENTURES OF ARABELLA.
BY MRS. LENNOX.
IN TWO VOLUMES.

VOL. II.

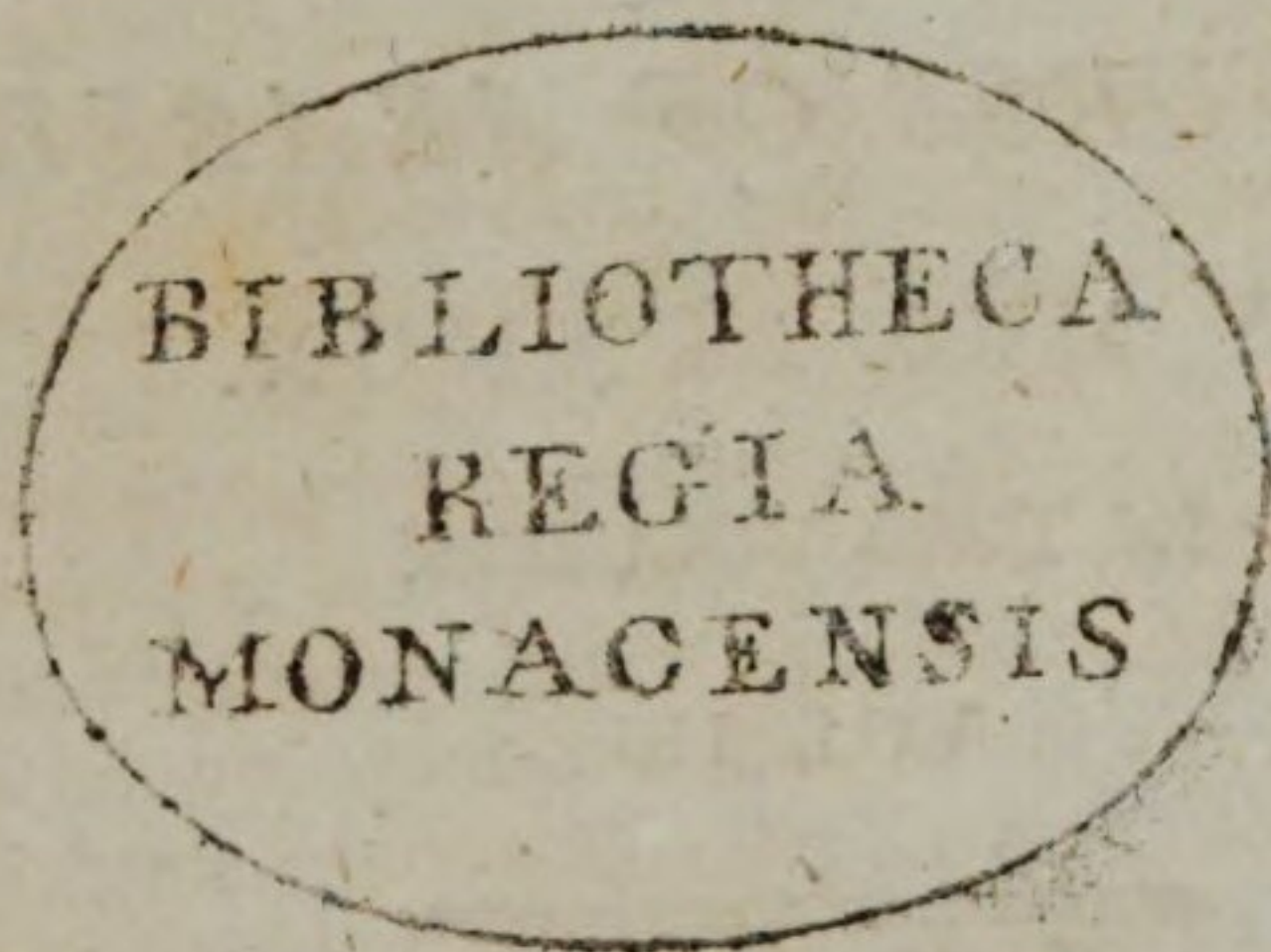
Cooke's Edition.



EMBELLISHED WITH SUPERB ENGRAVINGS.

London :

Printed for C. COOKE, No. 17, Paternoster-Row;
And sold by all the Booksellers in
Great-Britain and
Ireland,



BIBLIOTHECA
REGIA
MONACENSIS

THE FEMALE QUIXOTE.

VOLUME THE SECOND.

BOOK V.

CHAPTER. I.

BIBLIOTHECA
REGIA
MONACENSIS

A Dispute very learnedly handled by two Ladies, in which the Reader may take what Part he pleases.

MR. Glanville, who was too much in love to pass the night with any great degree of tranquillity, under the apprehensions he felt; it being the nature of that passion to magnify the most inconsiderable trifles into things of the greatest importance, when they concern the beloved object; did not fail to torment himself with a thousand different fears, which the mysterious behaviour of his father and the more mysterious words of his mistress, gave rise to.—Among many various conjectures, all equally unreasonable, he fixed upon one no way advantageous to Sir Charles; for, supposing that the folly of Arabella had really disgusted him, and made him desirous of breaking off the designed match between them, he was, as he thought, taking measures to bring this about, knowing, that if Lady Bella refused to fulfil her father's desire in this particular, a very considerable estate would descend to him.

Upon any other occasion, Mr. Glanville would not have suspected his father of so ungenerous an action; but lovers think every thing possible which they fear; and being prepossessed with this opinion, he resolved the next morning to sound his father's inclinations by entreating him to endeavour to prevail upon Lady Bella to marry him before her year of mourning for the marquis was expired.

Attending him, therefore, at breakfast, in his own chamber, he made his designed request, not without

heedfully observing his countenance at the same time; and trembling lest he should make him an answer that might confirm his uneasy suspicion.

Sir Charles, however, agreeably surprised him, by promising to comply with his desire that day; 'For,' added he, 'though my niece has some odd ways, yet, upon the whole, she is a very accomplished woman; and when you are her husband, you may probably find the means of curing her of those little follies which at present are conspicuous enough; but being occasioned by a country education, and a perfect ignorance of the world, the instruction which then, you will not scruple to give her, and which from a husband, without any offence to her delicacy, she may receive, may reform her conduct, and make her behaviour as complete as, it must be confessed, both her person and mind now are.'

Mr. Glanville having acquiesced in the justice of this remark, as soon as breakfast was over, went to visit the two ladies, who generally drank their chocolate together.

Miss Glanville being then in Lady Bella's apartment, he was immediately admitted, where he found them engaged in a high dispute; and, much against his will, was obliged to be arbitrator in the affair, they having, upon his entrance, both appealed to him.

But, in order to place this momentous affair in a true light, it is necessary to go back a little, and acquaint the reader with what had passed in the apartment; and also, following the custom of the romance and novel-writers, in the heart of our heroine.

No sooner were her fair eyes open in the morning, than the unfortunate Sir George presenting himself to her imagination, her thoughts, to use Scudery's phrase, were at a cruel war with each other: she wished to prevent the death of this obsequious lover; but she could not resolve to preserve his life, by giving him that hope he required; and without which, she feared, it would be impossible for him to live.

After

After pondering a few hours upon the necessity of his case, and what a just regard to her own honour required of her, decorum prevailed so much over compassion, that she resolved to abandon the miserable Sir George to all the rigour of his destiny; when, happily for the disconsolate lover, the history of the fair Amalazontha coming into her mind, she remembered, that this haughty princess, having refused to marry the person her father recommended to her, because he had not a crown upon his head; nevertheless, when he was dying for love of her, condescended to visit him, and even to give him a little hope, in order to preserve his life: she conceived it could be no blemish to her character, if she followed the example of this most glorious princess, and suffered herself to relax a little in her severity, to prevent the effects of her lover's despair.

‘Fear not, Arabella,’ said she to herself; ‘fear not to obey the dictates of thy compassion, since the glorious Amalazontha justifies, by her example, the means thou wilt use to preserve a noble life, which depends upon a few words thou shalt utter.’

When she had taken this resolution, she rung her bell for her women; and as soon as she was dressed, she dismissed them all but Lucy, whom she ordered to bring her paper and pens, telling her, she would write an answer to Sir George's letter.

Lucy obeyed with great joy; but by that time she had brought her lady all the materials for writing, her mind was changed; she having reflected, that Amalazontha, whose example, in order to avoid the censure of future ages, she was resolved exactly to follow, did not write to Ambiomar, but paid him a visit, she resolved to do the like; and therefore bid Lucy take them away again, telling her she had thought better of it, and would not write to him.

Lucy, extremely concerned at this resolution, obeyed her very slowly; and with great seeming regret.

‘I preceive,’ said Aarbelle, ‘you are afraid I shall abandon the unfortunate man you solicit for, to the vio-

‘lence of his despair; but though I do not intend to write to him, yet I will make use of a method, perhaps as effectual; for, to speak truly, I mean to make him a visit; his fever I suppose being violent enough by this time to make him keep his bed.’

‘And will you be so good, Madam,’ said Lucy, ‘to go and see the poor gentleman? I’ll warrant you, he will be ready to die for joy when he sees you.’

‘It is probable what you say may happen,’ replied Arabella ‘but there must be proper precautions used to prevent those consequences which the sudden and unexpected sight of me may produce. Those about him, I suppose, will have discretion enough for that; therefore give orders for the coach to be made ready, and tell my women they must attend me; and be sure you give them directions, when I enter Sir George’s chamber, to stay at a convenient distance, in order to leave me an opportunity of speaking to him, without being heard: as for you, you may approach the bed-side with me; since, being my confidante, you may hear all we have to say.’

Arabella, having thus settled the ceremonial of her visit, according to the rules prescribed by romances, sat down to her tea-table, having sent to know if Miss Glanville was up, and received for answer, that she would attend her at breakfast.

Arabella, who had at first determined to say nothing of this affair to her cousin, could not resist the desire she had of talking upon a subject so interesting; and, telling her with a smile, that she was about to make a very charitable visit that morning, asked her, if she was disposed to bear her company in it.

‘I know you country ladies,’ said Miss Glanville, ‘are very fond of visiting your sick neighbours: for my part, I do not love such a grave kind of amusement; yet, for the sake of the airing, I shall be very willing to attend you.’

‘I think,’ said Arabella, with a more serious air than before, ‘it behoves every generous person to compassion-

‘ate the misfortunes of their acquaintance and friends,
 ‘and to relieve them as far as lies in their power; but
 ‘those miseries we ourselves occasion to others, demand,
 ‘in a more particular manner, our pity: and, if consis-
 ‘tent with honour, our relief.’

‘And pray,’ returned Miss Glanville, ‘who is it
 ‘you have done any mischief to, which you are to re-
 ‘pair by this charitable visit, as you call it?’

‘The mischief I have done,’ replied Arabella, blush-
 ‘ing, and casting down her eyes, ‘was not voluntary, I
 ‘assure you: yet I will not scruple to repair it, if I
 ‘can; though, since my power is confined by certain
 ‘unavoidable laws, my endeavours may not haply have
 ‘all the success I could wish.’

‘Well, but dear cousin,’ interrupted Miss Glanville,
 ‘tell me in plain English, what this mischief is, which
 ‘you have done; and to what purpose you are going out
 ‘this morning?’

‘I am going to pay a visit to Sir George Bellmour,’
 replied Arabella, ‘and I entreat you, fair cousin, to
 ‘pardon me for robbing you of so accomplished a lover.
 ‘I really always thought he was in love with you, till I
 ‘was undeceived by some words he spoke yesterday, and
 ‘a letter I received from him last night, in which he
 ‘has been bold enough to declare his passion to me, and
 ‘through the apprehension of my anger, is this moment
 ‘dying with grief: and it is to reconcile him to life,
 ‘that I have prevailed upon myself to make him a visit;
 ‘in which charitable design, as I said before, I should
 ‘be glad of your company.’

Miss Glanville, who believed not a word Lady Bella
 had said, burst out a laughing at a speech that appeared
 to her so extremely false and ridiculous.

‘I see,’ said Arabella, ‘you are of a humour to
 ‘divert yourself with the miseries of a despairing lover;
 ‘and in this particular you greatly resemble the fair and
 ‘witty Doralisa, who always jested at such maladies as
 ‘are occasioned by love: however, this insensibility does
 ‘not become you so well as her, since all her conduct was
 ‘conformable

‘conformable to it, no man in the world being bold enough to talk to her of love; but you, cousin, are ready, even by your own confession, to listen to such discourses from any body; and therefore this behaviour in you may be with more justice termed levity, than indifference.’

‘I perceive, cousin,’ said Miss Glanville, ‘I have always the worst of those comparisons you are pleased to make between me and other people; but, I assure you, as free and indiscreet as you think me, I should very much scruple to visit a man, upon any occasion whatever.’

‘I am quite astonished, Miss Glanville,’ resumed Arabella, ‘to hear you assume a character of so much severity; you who have granted favours of a kind in a very great degree criminal.’

‘Favours!’ interrupted Miss Glanville, ‘criminal favours! pray explain yourself, Madam.’

‘Yes, cousin,’ said Arabella, ‘I repeat it again; criminal favours, such as allowing persons to talk to you of love; not forbidding them to write to you; giving them opportunities of being alone with you for several moments together; and several other civilities of the like nature, which no man can possibly merit, under many years services, fidelity, and pains: all these are criminal favours, and highly blameable in a lady who has any regard for her reputation.’

‘All these,’ replied Miss Glanville, ‘are nothing in comparison of making them visits; and no woman, who has any reputation at all, will be guilty of taking such liberties.’

‘What! Miss,’ replied Arabella, ‘will you dare, by this insinuation, to cast any censures upon the virtue of the divine Mandana, the haughty Amalazontha, the fair Statira, the cold and rigid Parisatis, and many other illustrious ladies, who did not scruple to visit their lovers, when confined to their beds, either by the wounds they received in battle, or the more cruel and dangerous ones they suffered from their eyes? These
‘chaste

‘ chaste ladies, who never granted a kiss of their hand
‘ to a lover, till he was upon the point of being their
‘ husband, would nevertheless most charitably conde-
‘ scend to approach their bed-side, and speak some com-
‘ passionate words to them, in order to promote their
‘ cure, and make them submit to live; nay, these di-
‘ vine beauties would not refuse to grant the same fa-
‘ vour to persons whom they did not love, to prevent
‘ the fatal consequences of their despair.’

‘ Lord, Madam!’ interrupted Miss Glanville, ‘ I
‘ wonder you can talk so blasphemously, to call a parcel
‘ of confident creatures divine, and such terrible words.’

‘ Do you know, Miss,’ said Arabella, with a stern
look, ‘ that it is of the greatest princesses that ever were,
‘ whom you speak in this irreverent manner! Is it pos-
‘ sible that you can be ignorant of the sublime quality
‘ of Mandana, who was the heiress of two powerful
‘ kingdoms? Are you not sensible, that Amalazontha
‘ was queen of Turringia? and will you pretend to
‘ deny the glorious extraction of Statira and Parisatis,
‘ princesses of Persia?’

‘ I shall not trouble myself to deny any thing about
‘ them, Madam,’ said Miss Glanville; ‘ for I never
‘ heard of them before; and really I do not chuse to be
‘ always talking of queens and princesses, as if I thought
‘ none but such great people were worthy my notice: it
‘ looks so affected, I should imagine every one laughed
‘ at me that heard me.’

‘ Since you are so very scrupulous,’ returned Arabella,
‘ that you dare not imitate the sublimest among mortals,
‘ I can furnish you with many examples, from the con-
‘ duct of persons whose quality was not much superior
‘ to yours, which may reconcile you to an action, you
‘ at present, with so little reason, condemn: and to name
‘ but one among some thousands, the fair Cleonice, the
‘ most rigid and austere beauty in all Sardis, paid sever-
‘ al visits to the passionate Ligdamis, when his melan-
‘ choly, at the ill success of his passion, threw him into
‘ a fever, that confined him to his bed.’ ‘ And

‘And pray, Madam, who was that Cleonice?’ said Miss Glanville; ‘and where did she live?’

‘In Sardis, I tell you,’ said Arabella, ‘in the kingdom of Lydia.’

‘Oh! then it is not in our kingdom,’ said Miss Glanville: ‘what signifies what foreigners do? I shall never form my conduct upon the example of outlandish people; what is common enough in their countries, would be very particular here; and you can never persuade me, that it is seemly for ladies to pay visits to men in their beds.’

‘A lady,’ said Arabella, extremely angry at her cousin’s obstinacy, ‘who will suffer men to press her hand, write to her, and talk to her of love, ought to be ashamed of such an affected niceness as that you pretend to.’

‘I insist upon it, Madam,’ said Miss Glanville, ‘that all those innocent liberties you rail at, may be taken by any woman without giving the world room to censure her: but, without being very bold and impudent, she cannot go to see men in their beds; a freedom that only becomes a sister, or near relation.’

‘So, then,’ replied Arabella, reddening with vexation, ‘you will persist in affirming the divine Mandana was impudent?’

‘If she made such indiscreet visits as those, she was,’ said Miss Glanville.

‘Oh, Heavens!’ cried Arabella, ‘have I lived to hear the most illustrious princess that ever was in the world, so shamefully reflected on?’

‘Bless me, Madam!’ said Miss Glanville, ‘what reason have you to defend the character of this princess so much? She will hardly thank you for your pains, I fancy?’

‘Were you acquainted with the character of that most generous princess,’ said Arabella, ‘you would be convinced that she was sensible of the smallest benefits; but it is not with a view of acquiring her favour, that I defend her against your inhuman aspersions, since
‘it.

‘ it is more than two thousand years since she died ; yet
‘ common justice obliges me to vindicate a person so il-
‘ lustrious for her birth and virtue ; and were you not
‘ my cousin, I should express my resentment in another
‘ manner, for the injury you do her.’

‘ Truly,’ said Miss Glanville, ‘ I am not much
‘ obliged to you Madam, for not downright quarrelling
‘ with me for one that has been in her grave two thou-
‘ sand years ; however, nothing shall make me change
‘ my opinion, and I am sure most people will be of my
‘ side of the argument.’

That moment Mr. Glanville sending for permission to wait upon Arabella, she ordered him to be admitted, telling Miss Glanville she would acquaint her brother with the dispute ; to which she consented.

CHAP. II.

Which inculcates, by a very good Example, that a Person ought not to be too hasty in deciding a Question he does not perfectly understand.

‘ YOU are come very opportunely, Sir,’ said Arabella, when he entered the room, ‘ to be judge of a
‘ great controversy between Miss Glanville and myself.
‘ I beseech you therefore, let us have your opinion upon
‘ the matter.’

‘ Miss Glanville maintains, that it is less criminal in
‘ a lady to hear persons talk to her of love, allow them
‘ to kiss her hand, and permit them to write to her, than
‘ to make a charitable visit to a man who is confined to
‘ his bed through the violence of his passion and despair ;
‘ the intent of this visit being only to prevent the death
‘ of an unfortunate lover, and, if necessary, to lay her
‘ commands upon him to live.’

‘ And this latter is your opinion, is it not, Madam?’ said Mr. Glanville.

‘ Certainly, Sir,’ replied Arabella ; ‘ and in this I
‘ am justified by all the heroines of antiquity.’

‘ Then you must be in the right, Madam,’ returned
Mr.

Mr. Glanville, 'both because your own judgment tells
' you so, and also the example of these heroines you
' mention.'

'Well, Madam,' interrupted Miss Glanville, hastily,
'since my brother has given sentence on your side, I hope
' you will not delay your visit to Sir George any longer.'

'How!' said Mr. Glanville, surprised, 'is Lady
' Bella going to visit Sir George?—Pray, Madam, may
' I presume to enquire the reason for your doing him this
' extraordinary favour?'

'You are not very wise,' said Arabella, looking
gravely upon Miss Glanville, 'to discover a thing which
' may haply create a quarrel between your brother and
' the unfortunate person you speak of: yet since this in-
' discretion cannot be recalled, we must endeavour to
' prevent the consequences of it.'

'I assure you, Madam,' interrupted Mr. Glanville,
extremely impatient to know the meaning of these hints,
' you have nothing to fear from me; therefore you need
' not think yourself under any necessity of concealing this
' affair from me.'

'You are not haply, so moderate as you pretend,' said
Arabella, (who would not have been displeased to have
seen him in all the jealous transports of an enraged Oron-
tes;) 'but whatever ensues, I can no longer keep from
' your knowledge a truth your sister has begun to dis-
' cover; but in telling you what you desire to know, I
' expect you will suppress all inclinations to revenge, and
' trust the care of your interest to my generosity.'

'You are to know, then, that in the person of your
' friend Sir George, you have a rival, haply the more to
' be feared, as his passion is no less respectful than vio-
' lent; I possibly tell you more than I ought,' pursued
she, blushing, and casting down her eyes, 'when I
' confess, that for certain considerations, wherein per-
' haps you are concerned, I have received the first infi-
' nuation of this passion with disdain enough; and I
' assure myself that you are too generous to desire any
' revenge



Drawn by R. Corbould. Engraved by C. Warren for C. Cooke. Apr. 23. 1799.

FEMALE QUIXOTE.

Arabella's indignation at the gardener's chastising Edward, who she supposes to be a suitor in disguise, & who had been charg'd with robbing the fishpond.

Vide Tom Jones Book 1. Chap. 7. Page 27.

revenge upon a miserable rival, of whom death is going to free you.'

Then, taking Sir George's letter out of her cabinet she presented it to Mr. Glanville.

'Read this,' added she; 'but read it without suffering yourself to be transported with any violent motions of anger; and as in fight I am persuaded you would not oppress a fallen and vanquished foe, so in love I may hope an unfortunate rival will merit your compassion.'

'Never doubt it, Madam,' replied Mr. Glanville, receiving the letter which Miss Glanville, with a beating heart, earnestly desired to hear read. Her brother, after asking permission of Arabella, prepared to gratify her curiosity; but he no sooner read the first sentence, than, notwithstanding all his endeavours, a smile appeared in his face; and Miss Glanville, less able, and indeed less concerned to restrain her mirth at the uncommon style, burst out a laughing, with so much violence, as obliged her brother to stop, and counterfeit a terrible fit of coughing, in order to avoid giving Arabella the like offence.

The astonishment of this lady, at the surprising and unexpected effect her lover's letter produced on Miss Glanville, kept her in a profound silence, her eyes wandering from the sister to the brother; who, continuing his cough, was not able for some moments to go on with his reading.

Arabella, during this interval, having recovered herself a little, asked Miss Glanville if she found any thing in a lover's despair capable of diverting her so much as she seemed to be with that of the unfortunate Sir George.

'My sister, Madam,' said Mr. Glanville, preventing her reply, 'knows so many of Sir George's infidelities, that she cannot persuade herself he is really in such a dangerous way as he insinuates: therefore you ought not to be surprised, if she is rather disposed to laugh at this epistle, than to be moved with any concern for the writer, who, though he is my rival, I must say, appears to be in a deplorable condition.'

‘Pray, Sir,’ resumed Arabella, a little composed by those words, ‘finish the letter: your sister may possibly find more cause for pity than contempt, in the latter part of it.’

Mr. Glanville, giving a look to his sister, sufficient to make her comprehend that he would have her restrain her mirth for the future, proceeded in his reading; but every line increasing his strong inclination to laugh, when he came to the pathetic wish, that her fair eyes might shed some tears upon his tomb, no longer able to keep his assumed gravity, he threw down the letter in a counterfeited rage.

‘Curse the stupid fellow!’ cried he, ‘is he mad, to call the finest black eyes in the universe fair.—Ah! cousin,’ said he to Arabella, ‘he must be little acquainted with the influence of your eyes, since he can so egregiously mistake their colour.’

‘And it is very plain,’ replied Arabella, ‘that you are little acquainted with the sublime language in which he writes, since you find fault with an epithet which marks the beauty, not the colour, of those eyes he praises; for, in fine, fair is indifferently applied, as well to black and brown eyes, as to light and blue ones, when they are either really lovely in themselves, or by the lover’s imagination created so: and therefore, since Sir George’s prepossession has made him see charms in my eyes, which, questionless, are not there, by calling them fair he has very happily expressed himself, since therein he has the sanction of those great historians, who wrote the histories of lovers he seems to imitate, as well in his actions as style.’

‘I find my rival is very happy in your opinion, Madam,’ said Mr. Glanville; ‘and I am apt to believe, I shall have more reason to envy than pity his situation.’

‘If you keep within the bounds I prescribe you,’ replied Arabella, ‘you shall have no reason to envy his situation; but, considering the condition to which his despair has by this time certainly reduced him, humanity

‘ nity requires that we should take some care of him;
 ‘ and to shew you how great my opinion of your gene-
 ‘ rosity is, I will even entreat you to accompany me in
 ‘ the visit I am going to make him.’

Mr. Glanville, being determined, if possible, to prevent her exposing herself, affected to be extremely moved at this request; and rising from his chair in great seeming agitation, traversed the room for some moments, without speaking a word: then suddenly stopping—

‘ And can you, Madam,’ said he, looking upon Arabella, ‘ suppose that I will consent to your visiting my
 ‘ rival; and that I will be mean enough to attend you
 ‘ myself to his house? Do you think that Orontes, you
 ‘ have often reproached me with, would act in such a
 ‘ manner?’

‘ I don’t know how Orontes would have acted in this
 ‘ case,’ said Arabella, ‘ because it never happened that
 ‘ such a proof of his submission was ever desired of him;
 ‘ but considering that he was of a very fiery and jealous
 ‘ disposition, it is probable he might act as you do.’

‘ I always understood, Madam,’ said Glanville, ‘ that
 ‘ Orontes was a favourite of yours, but it seems I was
 ‘ mistaken.’

‘ You will be very unjust,’ said Arabella, ‘ to draw
 ‘ any unfavourable conclusion from what I have said, to
 ‘ the prejudice of that valiant prince, for whom I con-
 ‘ fess I have a great esteem; and, truly, whoever reflects
 ‘ upon the great actions he did in the wars between the
 ‘ Amazons and the fierce Nabarzanes king of the Cili-
 ‘ cians, must needs conceive a very high idea of his vir-
 ‘ tue: but if I cannot bring the example of Orontes to
 ‘ influence you in the present case, I can mention those
 ‘ of other persons, no less illustrious for their birth and
 ‘ courage, than him. Did not the brave Memnon,
 ‘ when his rival Oxyatres was sick, entreat the beautiful
 ‘ Barsina to favour him with a visit. And the complai-
 ‘ sant husband of the divine Parisatis was not contented
 ‘ with barely desiring her to visit Lyfimachus, who was
 ‘ dying with despair at their marriage, but would many

‘ times bring her himself to the bed side of this unfortunate lover, and, leaving her there, gave him an opportunity of telling her what he suffered for her sake.’

‘ I am afraid, Madam,’ said Mr. Glanville, ‘ I shall never be capable of imitating either the brave Memnon, nor the complaisant Lyfimachus, in this case; and the humour of Orontes seems to me the most commendable.’

‘ Nevertheless,’ said Arabella, ‘ the humour of Orontes cost him an infinite number of pains; and it may happen, you will as near resemble him in his fortune as you do in his disposition: but pray let us end this dispute at present. If you are not generous enough to visit an unfortunate rival, you shall not put a stop to the charity of my intentions; and since Miss Glanville is all of a sudden become so severe, that she will not accompany me in this visit, I shall be contented with the attendance of my women.’

Saying this, she rose from her seat, calling Lucy, and ordered her to bid her companions attend.

Mr. Glanville, seeing her thus determined, was almost mad with vexation.

‘ Upon my soul, Madam,’ said he, seizing her hand, ‘ you must not go.’

‘ How, Sir!’ said Arabella, sternly.

‘ Not without seeing me die first,’ resumed he, in a languishing tone.

‘ You must not die,’ replied Arabella, gravely; ‘ nor must you pretend to hinder me from going.’

‘ Nay, Madam,’ said Glanville, ‘ one of these two things will certainly happen: either you must resolve not to visit Sir George, or else be contented to see me die at your feet.’

‘ Was ever any lady in so cruel a dilemma?’ said Arabella, throwing herself into the chair in a languishing posture: ‘ what can I do to prevent the fate of two persons, one of whom I infinitely pity, and the other obstinate as he is, I cannot hate? Shall I resolve to let the miserable Bellmour die, rather than grant him a
‘ favour

‘favour the most rigid virtue would not refuse him? or
 ‘shall I, by opposing the impetuous humour of a lover,
 ‘to whom I am somewhat obliged, make myself the au-
 ‘thor of his death? Fatal necessity! which obliges me
 ‘either to be cruel or unjust; and, with a disposition to
 ‘neither, makes me, in some degree, guilty of both.’

CHAP. III.

In which our Heroine is in some little Confusion.

WHILE Arabella was uttering this pathetic complaint, Mr. Glanville, with great difficulty, kept himself from smiling; and, by some supplicating looks to his sister, prevented her laughing out; yet she giggled in secret behind her fan; but Arabella was so lost in her melancholy reflections, that she kept her eyes immoveably fixed on the ground for some moments: at last, casting an upbraiding glance at Glanville—

‘Is it possible, cruel person that you are!’ said she to him, ‘that you can, without pity, see me suffer so much uneasiness; and knowing the sensibility of my temper, can expose me to the grief of being accessory to the death of an unfortunate man, guilty indeed of a too violent passion, which merits a gentler punishment than that you doom him to?’

‘Do not be uneasy, dear cousin,’ interrupted Miss Glanville; ‘I dare assure you Sir George won’t die.’

‘It is impossible to think that,’ said Arabella, ‘since he has not so much as received a command from me to live; but tell me truly,’ pursued she, ‘do you believe it probable, that he will obey me, and live?’

‘Indeed, Madam,’ said Miss Glanville, ‘I could swear for him that he will.’

‘Well,’ replied Arabella, ‘I will content myself with sending him my commands in writing; but it is to be feared they will not have so much efficacy upon his spirit.’

Mr. Glanville extremely pleased that she had laid aside her design of visiting Sir George, did not oppose her

writing to him, though he was plotting how to prevent the letter reaching his hands; and while she went into her closet to write, he conferred with his sister upon the means he should use, expressing, at the same time, great resentment against Sir George, for endeavouring to supplant him in his cousin's affection.

'What then,' said Miss Glanville, 'do you really imagine that Sir George is in love with Lady Bella?'

'He is either in love with her person or estate,' replied Mr. Glanville, 'or perhaps with both; for she is handsome enough to gain a lover of his merit, though she had no fortune; and she has fortune enough to do it, though she had no beauty.'

'My cousin is well enough, to be sure,' said Miss Glanville; 'but I never could think her a beauty.'

'If,' replied Mr. Glanville, 'a most lovely complexion, regular features, a fine stature, an elegant shape, and an inexpressible grace in all her motions, can form a beauty, Lady Bella may pretend to that character without any dispute.'

'Though she was all that you say,' returned Miss Glanville, 'I am certain Sir George is not in love with her.'

'I wish I was certain of that,' replied Mr. Glanville; 'for it is very probable you are mistaken.'

'You may see by this letter,' interrupted Miss Glanville, 'what a jest he makes of her; and if you had heard how he talked to her the other day in the garden, you would have died with laughing; yet my poor cousin thought he was very serious, and was so foolishly pleased!'

'I assure you, Charlotte,' said Mr. Glanville, gravely, 'I shall take it very ill, if you make so free with your cousin's little foibles; and if Sir George presumes to make a jest of her, as you say, I shall teach him better manners.'

'You are the strangest creature in the world!' said Miss Glanville: 'a minute or two ago, you was wish-

'ing'

‘ing to be sure he was not in love with her; and now
‘you are angry, when I assure you he is only in jest.’

Arabella, that moment coming out of her closet, broke off their discourse. ‘I have written to Sir George,’ said she, addressing herself to Mr. Glanville; ‘and you are at liberty, if you please to read my letter, which I propose to send away immediately.’

Mr. Glanville, taking the letter out of her hand, with a low bow, began to read it to himself; but Arabella, willing his sister should also be acquainted with the contents, obliged him, much against his will, to read it aloud. It was as follows—

‘*Arabella, to Belmour.*

‘**W**HATEVER offence your presumptuous declaration may have given me, yet my resentment will be appeased with a less punishment than death: and that grief and submission you have testified in your letter, may haply have already procured you pardon for your fault, provided you do not forfeit it by disobedience.’

‘I therefore command you to live, and command you by all that power you have given me over you.’

‘Remember I require no more of you, than Parisatis did of Lysimachus, in a more cruel and insupportable misfortune: imitate, then, the obedience and submission of that illustrious prince; and though you should be as unfortunate as he, let your courage also be equal to his; and, like him, be contented with the esteem that is offered you, since it is all that can be bestowed,
by ARABELLA.’

Mr. Glanville, finding by this epistle that Arabella did not design to encourage the addresses of Sir George, would not have been against his receiving it, had he not feared the consequence of his having such a convincing proof of the peculiarity of her temper in his possession; and while he kept the letter in his hand, as if he wanted
to

to consider it a little better, he meditated on the means to prevent its ever being delivered; and had possibly fixed upon some successful contrivance, when a servant coming in, to inform the ladies that Sir George was come to wait on them, put an end to his schemes; and he immediately ran down to receive him, not being willing to increase, by his stay, the astonishment and confusion which appeared in the countenance of Arabella, at hearing a man, whom she had believed and represented to be dying, was come to pay her a visit.

CHAP. IV.

Where the Lady extricates herself out of her former Confusion, to the great Astonishment, we will suppose, of the Reader.

MISS Glanville, not having so much delicacy as her brother, could not help exulting a little upon this occasion.

‘After the terrible fright you have been in, Madam,’ said she, ‘upon Sir George’s account, I wonder you do not rather think it is his ghost than himself that is come to see us.’

‘There is no question but it is himself that is come,’ said Arabella, (who had already reconciled this visit to her first thoughts of him;) ‘and it is, haply, to execute his fatal design in my presence, that has brought him here; and, like the unfortunate Agilmond, he means to convince me of his fidelity and love, by falling upon his sword before my eyes.’

‘Bless me, Madam,’ said Miss Glanville, ‘what horrid things come into your head! I vow you terrify me out of my wits, to hear you.’

‘There is no occasion for your fears,’ interrupted Arabella; ‘since we already suspect his designs, it will be very easy to prevent them; had the princess of the Sarmatians known the fatal intentions of her despairing lover, doubtless, she would have used some precautions to hinder him from executing them; for want of which she

‘ she saw the miserable Agilmond weltering in his blood
‘ at her feet; and with reason accused herself of being
‘ the cause of so deplorable a spectacle.’

The astonishment Miss Glanville was in, to hear her cousin talk in this manner, kept her from giving her any interruption, while she related several other terrible instances of despair.

In the mean time, Sir George, who was impatient to go up to Lady Bella’s apartment, having flattered himself into a belief, that his letter was favourably received, and that he should be permitted to *hope* at least, made a short visit to Sir Charles in his own room, and, accompanied by Mr. Glanville, who was resolved to see in what manner Arabella received him, went to her apartment.

As he had taken care, at his entrance, to accommodate his looks to the character he had assumed of an humble despairing lover, Arabella no sooner saw him, but her countenance changed; and, making a sign to Mr. Glanville, who could not comprehend what she meant, to seize upon the guard of his sword, she hastily stepped forward to meet him.

‘ I am too well convinced,’ said she to Sir George,
‘ that the intent of your coming hither to-day is to com-
‘ mit some violence against yourself before my eyes: but
‘ listen not, I beseech you, to the dictates of your despair.
‘ Live; I command you, live; and since you say I have
‘ the absolute disposal of your life, do not deprive your-
‘ self of it, without the consent of her on whom you pro-
‘ fess to have bestowed it.’

Sir George, who did not imagine Arabella would communicate his letter to her cousins, and only expected some distant hints from her concerning it, was so confounded at this reception before them, that he was not able to reply: he blushed, and turned pale alternately; and, not daring to look either upon Miss Glanville or her brother, or to meet the eyes of the fair visionary, who with great impatience expected his answer, he hung down his head in a very silly posture; and, by his silence, confirmed Arabella in her opinion.

As

As he did not want for wit and assurance, during that interval of silence and expectation from all parties, his imagination suggested to him the means of extricating himself out of the ridiculous perplexity he was in; and as it concerned him greatly to avoid any quarrel with the brother and sister, he determined to turn the whole matter into a jest; but, if possible, to manage it so that Arabella should not enter into his meaning.

Raising therefore his eyes, and looking upon Arabella with a melancholy air—

‘You are not deceived, Madam,’ said he: ‘this criminal with whom you are so justly offended, comes with an intention to die at your feet, and breathe out his miserable life, to expiate those crimes of which you accuse him: but since your severe compassion will oblige me to live, I obey, O most divine, but cruel Arabella! I obey your harsh commands; and, by endeavouring to live, give you a more convincing proof of that respect and submission I shall always have for your will.’

‘I expected no less from your courage and generosity,’ said Arabella, with a look of great complacency; ‘and, since you so well know how to imitate the great Lyfmachus in your obedience, I shall be no less acknowledging than the fair Paríatis; but will have for you an esteem equal to that virtue I have observed in you.’

Sir George having received this gracious promise with a most profound bow, turned to Mr. Glanville with a kind of chastened smile upon his countenance.

‘And you, fortunate and deserving knight,’ said he, ‘happy in the affections of the fairest person in the world! grudge me not this small alleviation of my misfortunes; and envy me not that esteem which alone is able to make me suffer life, while you possess, in the heart of the divine Arabella, a felicity that might be envied by the greatest monarchs in the world.’

As diverting as this scene was, Mr. Glanville was extremely uneasy; for though Sir George’s stratagem took, and he believed he was only indulging the gaiety of his humour by carrying on this farce, yet he could not

not endure he should divert himself at Arabella's expence. The solemn speech he had made him, did indeed force him to smile; but he soon assumed a graver look, and told Sir George, in a low voice, that when he had finished his visit he should be glad to take a turn with him in the garden.

Sir George promised to follow him, and Mr. Glanville left the room, and went into the gardens; where the baronet, having taken a respectful leave of Arabella, and by a sly glance convinced Miss Glanville he had sacrificed her cousin to her mirth, went to join her brother.

Mr. Glanville, as soon as he saw him, walked to meet him with a very reserved air; which Sir George observing, and being resolved to keep up his humour—

‘What, inhuman but too-happy lover,’ said he ‘what am I to understand by that cloud upon your brow? Is it possible that thou canst envy me the small comfort I have received? And, not satisfied with the glorious advantages thou possessest, wilt thou still deny me that esteem which the divine Arabella has been pleased to bestow upon me?’

‘Pray, Sir George,’ said Mr. Glanville, ‘lay aside this pompous style: I am not disposed to be merry at present, and have not all the relish for this kind of wit that you seem to expect. I desired to see you here, that I might tell you, without witnesses, I take it extremely ill you should presume to make my cousin the object of your mirth. Lady Bella, Sir, is not the person with whom such liberties ought to be taken; nor will I, in the double character of her lover and relation, suffer it from any one whatever.’

‘Cruel fortune!’ said Sir George, stepping back a little, and lifting up his eyes, ‘shall I always be exposed to thy persecutions? And must I, without any apparent cause, behold an enemy in the person of my friend; who, though without murmuring, I resign to him the adorable Arabella, is yet resolved to dispute with me a satisfaction which does not deprive him of
‘any

THE FEMALE QUIXOTE.

‘ any part of that glorious fortune to which he is destin-
 ‘ ed? Since it is so, unjust and cruel friend,’ pursued
 he, ‘ strike this breast which carries the image of the
 ‘ divine Arabella; but think not that I will offer to de-
 ‘ fend myself, or lift my sword against a man beloved
 ‘ by her.’

‘ This is all very fine,’ returned Mr. Glanville, hard-
 ly able to forbear laughing; ‘ but it is impossible, with
 ‘ all your gaiety, to hinder me from being serious upon
 ‘ this business.’

‘ Then be as serious as thou wilt, dear Charles,’ in-
 terrupted Sir George, ‘ provided you will allow me to
 ‘ be gay; and not pretend to infect me with thy unbe-
 ‘ coming gravity.’

‘ I have but a few words to say to you, then, Sir,’
 replied Mr. Glanville: ‘ either behave with more re-
 ‘ spect to my cousin, or prepare to give me satisfaction
 ‘ for the insults you offer her.’

‘ Oh! I understand you, Sir,’ said Sir George; ‘ and
 ‘ because you have taken it into your head to be offend-
 ‘ ed at a trifle of no consequence in the world, I must
 ‘ give you a fair chance to run me through the body!
 ‘ There is something very foolish, faith, in such an ex-
 ‘ travagant expectation: but since custom has made it
 ‘ necessary that a man must venture his soul and body
 ‘ upon these important occasions, because I will not be
 ‘ out of the fashion, you shall command me whenever
 ‘ you think fit; though I shall fight with my school-
 ‘ fellow with a very ill will, I assure you.’

‘ There is no necessity for fighting,’ said Mr. Glan-
 ville, blushing at the ludicrous light in which the gay
 baronet had placed his challenge; ‘ the concession I have
 ‘ required is very small, and not worth the contesting for
 ‘ on your side. Lady Bella’s peculiarity, to which you
 ‘ contribute so much, can afford you at best but an ill-
 ‘ natured diversion, while it gives me a real pain; and
 ‘ sure you must acknowledge you are doing me a very
 ‘ great injury, when you endeavour to confirm a lady,
 ‘ who is to be my wife, in a behaviour that excites your
 ‘ mirth

‘ mirth, and makes her a fit object of your ridicule and
‘ contempt.’

‘ You do Lady Bella a much greater injury than I
‘ do,’ replied Sir George, ‘ by supposing she can ever
‘ be an object of ridicule and contempt; I think very
‘ highly of her understanding; and though the bent of
‘ her studies has given her mind a romantic turn, yet the
‘ singularity of her manners is far less disagreeable than
‘ the lighter follies of most of her sex.’

‘ But to be absolutely perfect,’ interrupted Mr. Glanville, ‘ I must cure her of that singularity; and therefore I beg you will not persist in assuming a behaviour conformable to her romantic ideas; but rather help me to banish them from her imagination.’

‘ Well,’ replied Sir George, ‘ since you no longer threaten, I’ll do what I can to content you; but I must quit my heroics by degrees, and sink with decency into my own character, otherwise she will never endure me in her presence.’

Arabella and Miss Glanville appearing in the walk, broke off the conversation. The baronet and Mr. Glanville walked forward to meet them; but Arabella, who did not desire company, struck into another walk, whither Mr. Glanville following, proposed to join her, when he saw his father, who had been taking a turn there alone, make up to Arabella; and supposing he would take that opportunity to talk to her concerning him, he went back to his sister and Sir George, whose conversation he interrupted, to the great regret of Miss Glanville.

CHAP. V.

In which will be found one of the former Mistakes pursued, another cleared up, to the great Satisfaction of two Persons, among whom the Reader, we expect, will make a third.

ARABELLA no sooner saw Sir Charles advancing towards her, when, sensible of the consequence of being alone with a person whom she did not doubt would

make use of that advantage to talk to her of love, she endeavoured to avoid him, but in vain; for Sir Charles, guessing her intentions, walked hastily up to her; and, taking hold of her hand—

‘You must not go away, Lady Bella,’ said he; ‘I have something to say to you.’

Arabella, extremely discomposed at this behaviour, struggled to free her hand from her uncle; and giving him a look, on which disdain and fear were visibly painted—

‘Unhand me, Sir,’ said she, ‘and force me not to forget the respect I owe you as my uncle, by treating you with a severity such uncommon insolence demands.’

Sir Charles, letting go her hand in a great surprise at the word insolent, which she had used, asked her if she knew to whom she was speaking.

‘Questionless, I am speaking to my uncle,’ replied she; ‘and it is with great regret I see myself obliged to, make use of expressions no way conformable to the respect I bear that sacred character.’

‘And pray, Madam,’ said Sir Charles, somewhat softened by this speech, ‘who is it that obliges you to lay aside that respect you seem to acknowledge is due to your uncle.’

‘You do, Sir,’ replied she; ‘and it is with infinite sorrow that I beheld you assuming a character unbecoming the brother of my father.’

‘This is pretty plain, indeed,’ interrupted Sir Charles; ‘but pray, Madam, inform me what it is you complain of?’

‘You questionless know much better than I can tell you,’ replied Arabella, blushing, ‘the offence I accuse you of; nor is it proper for me to mention what it would not become me to suffer.’

‘Zounds!’ cried Sir Charles, no longer able to suppress his growing anger, ‘this is enough to make a man mad.’

‘Ah! I beseech you, Sir,’ resumed Arabella, suf-
fer

‘fer not an unfortunate and ill-judged passion to be the
‘bane of all your happiness and virtue: recal your
‘wandering thoughts; reflect upon the dishonour you
‘will bring upon yourself by persisting in such unjusti-
‘fiable sentiments.’

‘I do not know how it is possible to avoid it,’ said Sir Charles; ‘and, notwithstanding all this fine rason-
‘ing, there are few people but would fly into greater
‘extremities; but my affection for you makes me—

‘Hold! hold! I conjure you, Sir!’ interrupted Arabella; ‘force me not to listen to such injurious lan-
‘guage; carry that odious affection somewhere else, and
‘do not persecute an unfortunate maid, who has con-
‘tributed nothing to thy fault, and is only guilty of too
‘much compassion for thy weakness.’

‘Good God!’ cried Sir Charles, starting back, and looking upon Arabella with astonishment; ‘how I pity
‘my son! What would I not give if he did not love
‘this girl!’

‘Think not,’ replied Arabella, ‘that the passion
‘your son has for me makes your condition a bit the
‘worse; for I would be such as I am with respect to
‘you, were there no Mr. Glanville in the world.’

‘I never thought, niece,’ said Sir Charles, after a little pause, ‘that any part of my behaviour could give
‘you the offence you complain of, or authorize that ha-
‘tred and contempt you take the liberty to express for
‘me; but since it is so, I promise you I will quit
‘your house, and leave you to yourself: I have always
‘been solicitous for your welfare; and ungrateful as
‘you are—

‘Call me not ungrateful,’ interrupted Arabella again; ‘Heaven is my witness, that had you not forgot I was
‘your niece, I would have always remembered you was
‘my uncle; and, not only have regarded you as such,
‘but have looked upon you as another father, under
‘whose direction Providence had placed me, since it had
‘deprived me of my real father; and whose tenderness
‘and care might have in some measure supplied the loss

‘ I had of him : but heaven has decreed it otherwise ;
 ‘ and since it is its will that I should be deprived of the
 ‘ comfort and assistance my orphan state requires, I must
 ‘ submit, without murmuring, to my destiny. Go,
 ‘ then, unfortunate and lamented uncle,’ pursued she,
 wiping some tears from her fine eyes ; ‘ go, and endeavour
 ‘ your by reason and absence to recover thy repose ; and
 ‘ be assured, whenever you can convince me you have
 ‘ triumphed over these sentiments which now cause both
 ‘ our unhappiness, you shall have no cause to complain of
 ‘ my conduct towards you.’

Finishing these words, she left him with so much speed, that it would have been impossible for him to have stopped her, though he had intended it : but indeed he was so lost in wonder and confusion, at a behaviour for which he was not able to assign any other cause than madness, that he remained fixed in the same posture of surprise, in which she had left him ; and from which he was first interrupted by the voice of his son, who, seeing Arabella flying towards the house in great seeming emotion, came to know the result of their conversation.

‘ Sir,’ said Mr. Glanville, who had spoken to his father before, but had no answer, ‘ will you not inform
 ‘ me what success you have had with my cousin ? How
 ‘ did she receive your proposal ?’

‘ Speak of her no more,’ said Sir Charles ; ‘ she is a
 ‘ proud ungrateful girl, and unworthy the affection you
 ‘ have for her.’

Mr. Glanville, who trembled to hear so unfavourable an answer to his enquiries, was struck dumb with his surprise and grief ; when Sir Charles taking notice of the alteration in his countenance—

‘ I am sorry,’ said he, ‘ to find you have set your
 ‘ heart upon this fantastic girl ; if ever she be your wife,
 ‘ which I very much doubt, she will make you very un-
 ‘ happy : but, Charles,’ pursued he, ‘ I would advise
 ‘ you to think no more of her ; content yourself with the
 ‘ estate you gain by her refusal of you ; with that addition
 ‘ to your own fortune, you may pretend to any lady
 ‘ whatever

‘ whatever; and you will find many that are full as agreeable as your cousin, who will be proud of your addressee.’

‘ Indeed, Sir,’ said Mr. Glanville, with a sigh, ‘ there is no woman upon earth whom I would chuse to marry, but Lady Bella; I flattered myself I had been happy enough to have made some progress in her affection; but it seems I was mistaken; however, I should be glad to know, if she gave you any reasons for refusing me.’

‘ Reasons,’ said Sir Charles; ‘ there is no making her hear reason, or expecting reason from her; I never knew so strange a woman in my life; she would not allow me to speak what I intended concerning you; but interrupted me every moment, with some high-flown stuff or other.’

‘ Then I have not lost all hopes of her,’ cried Mr. Glanville, eagerly; ‘ for since she did not hear what you had to say, she could not possibly deny you.’

‘ But she behaved in a very impertinent manner to me,’ interrupted Sir Charles; ‘ complained of my harsh treatment of her; and said several other things, which, because of her uncommon style, I could not perfectly understand; yet they seemed shocking; and, upon the whole, treated me so rudely, that I am determined to leave her to herself, and trouble my head no more about her.’

‘ For God’s sake, dear Sir,’ said Mr. Glanville, alarmed at this resolution, ‘ suspend your anger till I have seen my cousin: there is some mistake, I am persuaded, in all this. I know she has some very odd humours, which you are not so well acquainted with, as I am. I’ll go to her, and prevail upon her to explain herself.’

‘ You may do so if you please,’ replied Sir Charles; ‘ but I fear it will be to very little purpose; for I really suspect her head is a little turned: I do not know what to do with her; it is not fit she should have the management of herself; and yet it is impossible to live upon easy terms with her.’

Mr. Glanville, who did not doubt but Arabella had been guilty of some very ridiculous folly, offered nothing more in her justification; but, having attended his father to his own chamber, went to Arabella's apartment.

He found the pensive fair-one in a melancholy posture, her head reclined upon one of her fair hands; and though her eyes were fixed upon a book she held in the other, yet she did not seem to read, but rather to be wholly buried in contemplation.

Mr. Glanville having so happily found her alone, (for her women were not then in her chamber) seated himself near her; having first asked pardon for the interruption he had given her studies; and Arabella, throwing aside her book, prepared to listen to his discourse; which by the agitation which appeared in his looks, she imagined would be upon some extraordinary subject.

'I left my father just now,' said he, 'in a great deal of uneasiness, on account of something you said to him, Lady Bella; he apprehends you are disobliged, and he would willingly know how.'

'Has your father then acquainted you with the subject of our conversation?' interrupted Arabella.

'I know what would have been the subject of your conversation,' replied Mr. Glanville, 'if you had been pleased to listen to what Sir Charles intended to say to you on my behalf.'

'On your behalf?' interrupted Arabella: 'Ah, poor deceived Glanville! how I pity thy blind sincerity! But it is not for me to undeceive thee: only thus much I may say to you, beware of committing your interests to a person who will be a much better advocate for another than for you.'

Mr. Glanville, rejoiced to find, by these words, that her resentment against his father was occasioned by a suspicion so favourable for him, assured her, that Sir Charles wished for nothing more earnestly than that he might be able to merit her esteem; and that it was to dispose her to listen to his addresses, that he wanted to discourse with her this morning.

Mr.

Mr. Glanville being obliged, through his knowledge of his cousin's temper, to speak to her in this distant manner, went on with his assurances of his father's candour in this respect; and Arabella, who would not declare her reasons for doubting it, only replied, that she wished Sir Charles meant all that he had said to him; but that she could not persuade herself to believe him sincere, till his future actions had convinced her he was so.

Mr. Glanville, impatient to let his father know how greatly he had been mistaken in the cause of Arabella's behaviour, made his visit shorter than he would otherwise have done, in order to undeceive him.

'Is it possible,' said Sir Charles, when his son had repeated the conversation he had just had with Arabella, 'that she could be so foolish as to imagine I had a design to propose any one else to her but you? What reason have I ever given her, to think I would not be glad to have her for my daughter-in-law? Indeed, she has some odd ways that are very disagreeable; but she is one of the best matches in England for all that: poor girl!' pursued he, 'she had reason to be angry, if that was the case; and now I remember, she cried, when I told her I would leave the house; yet her spirit was so great, that she told me I might go. Well, I'll go and make it up with her; but who could have imagined she would have been so foolish?' Sir Charles, at the repetition of these words, hurried away to Arabella's apartment.

'Niece,' said he, at his entrance, 'I am come to ask your pardon, for having led you into a belief, that I meant—'

'It is enough, Sir,' interrupted Arabella, 'I grant you my pardon for what is past; and it does not become me to receive submissions from my uncle, while he remembers he is so. I will dispense with your acknowledgments at present; only to convince me, that this sudden alteration is sincere, avoid, I beseech you, for the future, all occasions of displeasing me.'

'I

‘I protest,’ cried Sir Charles, ‘that I never intended—’

‘I will not hear you say a word more of your past intentions,’ interrupted Arabella again; ‘I have forgotten them all; and, while you continue to regard me as your niece, I will never remember them to your disadvantage.’

‘Then I may hope——;’ said Sir Charles.

‘Oh, Heavens!’ cried Arabella, not suffering him to proceed; ‘do you come to insult me thus, with a mock repentance? And has my easiness in being so ready to forget the injury you would have done me, made you presumptuous enough to cherish an insolent hope that I will ever change my resolution?’

‘How vexatious is this!’ replied Sir Charles, fretting to see her continually mistaking him. ‘I swear to you, by all that is sacred, that it is my son, for whom I would solicit your consent!’

‘How!’ said Arabella, astonished, ‘will you then be just at last? And can you resolve to plead for that son, whose interest, but a moment ago, you would have destroyed.’

‘I see,’ said Sir Charles, ‘it is impossible to convince you.’

‘No, no!’ interrupted Arabella, hastily; ‘it is not impossible but my own ardent wishes that it may be so, will help to convince me of the truth of what you say: for, in fine, do you think, I shall not be as glad as yourself, to find you capable of acting honourably by your son; and to see myself no longer the cause of the most unjustifiable conduct imaginable?’

Sir Charles was opening his mouth, to press her in favour of Mr. Glanville; whom, notwithstanding her strange behaviour, he was glad to find she loved; when Arabella preventing him—

‘Seek not, I beseech you,’ said she, ‘to destroy that belief I am willing to give your words, by any more attempts at this time to persuade me; for truly, I shall interpret your solicitude no way in your favour; therefore

‘therefore, if you desire I should be convinced you are sincere, let the silence I require of you be one proof of it.’

Sir Charles, who looked excessively out of countenance at such a preremptory command from his niece, was going out of her chamber in a very ill humour, when the dinner-bell ringing, she gave him her hand with a very gracious air; and permitted him to lead her into the dining-room, where they found Mr. Glanville, his sister, and Sir George, who had been detained to dinner by Miss Glanville, expecting their coming.

CHAP. VI.

Containing some Account of Thalestris, Queen of the Amazons, with other curious Anecdotes.

LADY Bella having recovered her usual cheerfulness, through the satisfaction she felt at her uncle’s returning to reason, and the abatement she perceived in Sir George’s extreme melancholy, mixed in the conversation with that wit and vivacity which was natural to her, and which so absolutely charmed the whole company, that not one of them remembered any of her former extravagancies.

Mr. Glanville gazed on her with a passionate tenderness, Sir George with admiration, and the old baronet with wonder and delight.

But Miss Glanville, who was inwardly vexed at the superiority her cousin’s wit gave her over herself, wished for nothing more than an opportunity of interrupting a conversation in which she could have no share; and willing to put them in mind of some of Arabella’s strange notions, when she observed them disputing concerning some of the actions of the ancient Romans, she very innocently asked Sir George, whether in former times women went to the wars, and fought like men? ‘For my cousin,’ added she, ‘talks of one Thaltris, a woman, that was as courageous as any soldier whatever.’

Mr. Glanville, horridly vexed at a question that was likely

likely to engage Arabella in a discourse very different from that she had been so capable of pleasing in, frowned very intelligibly at his sister; and to prevent any answer being given to her absurd demand, directed some other conversation to Arabella: but she, who saw a favourite subject started, took no notice of what Mr. Glanville was saying to her; but, directing her looks to Sir George—

‘Though Miss Glanville,’ said she, ‘be a little mistaken in the name of that fair queen she has mentioned, yet I am persuaded you know whom she means, and that it is the renowned Thalestris, whose valour staggers her belief, and of whom she wants to be informed.’

‘Aye, aye, Thalestris,’ said Miss Glanville: ‘it is such a strange name I could not remember it; but, pray, was there ever such a person?’

‘Certainly, Madam, there was,’ replied Sir George; ‘she was queen of the Amazons, a warlike nation of women, who possessed great part of Cappadocia, and extended their conquests so far, that they became formidable to all their neighbours.’

‘You find, Miss,’ said Arabella, ‘I did not attempt to impose upon you, when I told you of the admirable valour of that beautiful queen; which indeed was so great, that the united princes, in whose cause she fought, looked upon her assistance to be equal to that of a whole army, and they honoured her accordingly with the most distinguishing marks of their esteem and acknowledgment, and offered her the chief command of their forces.’

‘O shameful!’ cried Sir Charles, ‘offer a woman the command of an army! Brave fellows indeed, that would be commanded by a woman! Sure you mistake niece; there never was such a thing heard of in the world.’

‘What, Sir,’ said Arabella, ‘will you contradict a fact attested by the greatest historians that ever were? You may as well pretend to say, there were never such persons

‘ persons as Oroondates, or Juba, as dispute the existence
‘ of the famous Thalestris.’

‘ Why, pray, Madam,’ said Sir Charles, ‘ who were
‘ those?’

‘ One of them,’ replied Arabella, ‘ was the great
‘ king of Scythia; and the other, prince of the Two
‘ Mauritanias.’

‘ Ods-heart!’ interrupted Sir Charles, ‘ I believe
‘ their kingdoms are in the moon; I never heard of
‘ Scythia, or the Two Mauritanias, before.’

‘ And yet, Sir,’ replied Arabella, ‘ those kingdoms
‘ are doubtless as well known as France or England;
‘ and there is no question, but the descendants of the
‘ great Oroondates, and the valiant Juba, sway the
‘ sceptres of them to this day.’

‘ I must confess,’ said Sir George, ‘ I have a very
‘ great admiration for those two renowned princes, and
‘ have read their beautiful exploits with infinite plea-
‘ sure; notwithstanding which, I am more inclined to
‘ esteem the great Artaban than either of them.’

‘ Though Artaban,’ replied Arabella, ‘ is, without
‘ question, a warrior equal to either of them, and haply
‘ no person in the world possessed so sublime a courage
‘ as his was; yet, it may be, your partiality proceeds
‘ from another cause; and you having the honour to re-
‘ semble him in some little infidelities he was accused of,
‘ with less justice than yourself perhaps, induces you to
‘ favour him more than any other.’

Arabella blushed when she ended these words: and
Sir George replied, with a sigh—

‘ I have, indeed, the honour, Madam, to resemble
‘ the great Artaban, in having dared to raise my
‘ thoughts towards a divine person, who, with reason,
‘ condemns my adorations.’

‘ Hey-day!’ cried Sir Charles, ‘ are you going to
‘ speak of divine things, after all the fables you have
‘ been talking of? Troth, I love to hear young men
‘ enter upon such subjects—but pray, niece, who told
‘ you Sir George was an infidel?’

Mr.

‘ Mr. Glanville,’ replied Arabella : ‘ and I am inclined to think he spoke truth ; for Sir George has never pretended to deny it.’

‘ How !’ interrupted Sir Charles ; ‘ I am sorry to hear that. I hope you have never,’ added he, looking at the young baronet, ‘ endeavoured to corrupt my son with any of your free thinking principles : I am for every body having liberty of conscience ; but I cannot endure to hear people of your stamp endeavouring to propagate your mischievous notions ; and because you have no regard for your own future happiness, disturbing other people in the laudable pursuit of theirs.’

‘ We will not absolutely condemn Sir George,’ said Arabella, ‘ till we have heard his history from his own mouth, which he promised some time ago to relate when I desired it.’

‘ I do not imagine his history is fit to be heard by ladies,’ said Sir Charles ; ‘ for your infidels live a strange kind of life.’

‘ However that may be,’ replied Arabella, ‘ we must not dispense with Sir George from performing his promise ; I dare say there are no ladies here who will think the worse of him for freely confessing his faults.’

‘ You may answer for yourself, if you please, Madam,’ said Sir Charles ; ‘ but I hope my girl there will not say as much.’

‘ I dare say my cousin is not so rigid,’ said Arabella ; ‘ she has too much the spirit of Julia in her to find fault with a little infidelity.’

‘ I am always obliged to you for your comparisons, cousin,’ said Miss Glanville ; ‘ I suppose this is greatly to my advantage, too.’

‘ I assure you, Madam,’ said Sir George, ‘ Lady Bella has done you no injury by the comparison she has just now made ; for Julia was one of the finest princesses in the world.’

‘ Yet she was not free from the suspicion of infidelity,’ replied Arabella ; ‘ but though I do not pretend to tax my cousin with that fault, yet it is with a great deal

‘ of

‘ of reason that I say she resembles her in her volatile
‘ humour.’

‘ I was never thought to be ill-humoured in my life,
‘ Madam,’ said Miss Glanville, colouring; ‘ and I
‘ cannot imagine what reason I have given you for say-
‘ ing I am.’

‘ Nay, cousin,’ said Arabella, ‘ I am not condemning
‘ your humour; for, to say the truth, there are a great
‘ many charms in a volatile disposition; and, notwith-
‘ standing the admirable beauty of Julia, it is possible she
‘ made as many slaves by her light and airy carriage,
‘ as she did by her eyes, though they were the fairest in
‘ the world, except the divine Cleopatra’s.’

‘ Cleopatra!’ cried Sir Charles: ‘ why she was a
‘ gypsy, was she not?’

‘ I never heard her called so,’ said Arabella gravely;
‘ and I am apt to believe you are not at all acquainted
‘ with her: but pray,’ pursued she, ‘ let us wave this
‘ discourse at present, and prepare to listen to Sir George’s
‘ relation of his life; which, I dare say, is full of very
‘ extraordinary events—however, Sir,’ added she, di-
‘ recting her speech to the young baronet, ‘ I am afraid
‘ your modesty will induce you to speak with less can-
‘ dour than you ought, of those great actions, which
‘ questionless you have performed; therefore we shall
‘ hear your history, with greater satisfaction, from the
‘ mouth of your faithful squire, who will not have the
‘ same reasons that you have for suppressing what is
‘ most admirable in the adventures of your life.’

‘ Since it is your pleasure, Madam,’ replied Sir
George, ‘ to hear my adventures, I will recount them as
‘ well as I am able myself, to the end that I may have
‘ an opportunity of obliging you by doing some violence
‘ to my natural modesty, which will not suffer me to
‘ relate things the world have been pleased to speak of to
‘ my advantage, without some little confusion.’

Then, casting down his eyes, he seemed to be recol-
lecting the most material passages in his life. Mr. Glan-
ville, though he could have wished he had not indulged

Arabella in her ridiculous request, was not able to deny himself the diversion of hearing what kind of history he would invent; and therefore resolved to stay and listen to him.

Miss Glanville was highly delighted with the proposal; but Sir Charles, who could not conceive there could be any thing worth listening to, in a young rake's account of himself, got up with an intention to walk in the garden; when, perceiving it rained, he changed his resolution, and resuming his seat, prepared to listen, as every one else did, to the expected story.

When Sir George, after having paused a quarter of an hour longer, during which all the company observed a profound silence, began his relation in this manner, addressing himself to Arabella.

END OF THE FIFTH BOOK.

BOOK VI.

CHAP. I.

Containing the Beginning of Sir George's History; in which the Ingenious Relator has exactly copied the Style of Romance.

THOUGH at present, Madam, you behold me in the quality of a private gentleman, in the possession only of a tolerable estate, yet my birth is illustrious enough; my ancestors having formerly won a crown; which, as they won by their valour, so they lost by their misfortune only.

'How,' interrupted Sir Charles, 'are you descended from kings? Why, I never heard you say so before: pray, Sir, how far are you removed from royal blood? and which of your forefathers was it that wore a crown?'

'Sir,' replied Sir George, 'it is not much more than eight hundred years since my ancestors, who were Saxons, swayed the sceptre of Kent; and from the first monarch

‘ monarch of that mighty kingdom am I lineally descended.’

‘ Pray, where may that kingdom of Kent lie ?’ said Sir Charles.

‘ Sir,’ replied Sir George, ‘ it is bounded by Suffex on the south-west ; Surry on the west ; the English Channel on the south ; Dover Straights on the south-east ; and the Downs on the east ; and it is divided from Middlesex and Essex on the north by the Thames.’

‘ A mighty kingdom, indeed !’ said Sir Charles : ‘ why, it makes but a very small part of the kingdom of Britain now : well, if your ancestors were kings of that country, as it is now called, it must be confessed their dominions were very small.’

‘ However that may be,’ said Arabella, ‘ it raises Sir George greatly in my esteem, to hear he is descended from kings ; for, truly, a royal extraction does infinitely set off noble and valiant actions, and inspires only lofty and generous sentiments—therefore, illustrious prince, (for in that light I shall always consider you) be assured, though fortune has despoiled you of your dominions, yet since she cannot deprive you of your courage and virtue, Providence will one day assist your noble endeavours to recover your rights, and place you upon the throne of your ancestors, from whence you have been so inhumanly driven ; or haply, to repair that loss, your valour may procure you other kingdoms, no less considerable than that to which you was born.’

‘ For Heaven’s sake, niece,’ said Sir Charles, ‘ how come such improbable things into your head ? Is it such an easy matter, think you, to conquer kingdoms, that you can flatter a young man, who has neither fleets nor armies, with such strange hopes ?’

‘ The great Artaban, Sir,’ resumed Arabella, ‘ had neither fleets nor armies, and was master only of a single sword ; yet he soon saw himself greater than any king, disposing the destinies of monarchs by his will, and deciding the fates of empires by a single word : but pray

‘let this dispute rest where it is, and permit Sir George, to continue his relation.’

‘It is not necessary, Madam,’ resumed Sir George, ‘to acquaint you with the misfortunes of my family, or relate the several progressions it made towards the private condition in which it now is; for, besides that reciting the events of so many hundred years may haply, in some measure, try your patience, I should be glad if you would dispense with me from entering into a detail of accidents that would sensibly afflict me: it shall suffice, therefore, to inform you, that my father, being a peaceable man, fond of retirement and tranquillity, made no attempts to recover the sovereignty from which his ancestors had been unjustly expelled; but quietly beheld the kingdom of Kent in the possession of other masters, while he contended himself with the improvement of that small pittance of ground, which was all that the unhappy Prince Veridomer, my grandfather, was able to bequeath to him.’

‘Hey-day!’ cried Sir Charles, ‘will you new-christen your grandfather, when he has been in his grave these forty years? I knew honest Sir Edward Bellmour very well, though I was but a youth when he died; but I believe no person in Kent ever gave him the title of Prince Veridomer: Fie! fie! these are idle brags.’

Sir George, without taking notice of the old baronet’s heat, went on with his narration in this manner—

‘Things were in this state, Madam, when I was born. I will not trouble you with the relation of what I did in my infancy.’

‘No, pray skip over all that,’ interrupted Sir Charles; ‘I suppose your infancy was like other people’s; what can there be worth hearing in that?’

‘You are deceived, Sir,’ said Arabella; ‘the infancy of illustrious personages has always something very extraordinary in it; and from their childish words and actions there have been often presages drawn of their future greatness and glory.’

‘Not

‘Not to disoblige Sir Charles, however,’ said the young Prince of Kent, ‘I will not repeat many things which I said and did in the first years of my life, that those about me thought very surprising; and from them prognosticated that very strange accidents would befall me.’

‘I have been a witness of some very unfavourable prognostics of you,’ said Sir Charles, smiling; ‘for you was the most unlucky bold spark that ever I knew in my life.’

‘It is very certain,’ pursued Sir George, ‘that the forwardness of my spirit gave great uneasiness to my father; who being, as I said before, inclinable to a peaceable and sedentary life, endeavoured as much as possible to repress that vivacity in my disposition, which he feared might involve me in dangerous enterprises. The pains he took in my education, I recompensed by a more than ordinary docility; and before I was thirteen, performed all my exercises with a marvellous grace, and, if I may dare say so, was, at those early years, the admiration and wonder of all that saw me.’

‘Lady Bella had some reason to fear your modesty I find,’ said Sir Charles, smiling; ‘for, methinks you really speak too slightly of your excellencies.’

‘However that may be,’ resumed Sir George; ‘my father saw these early instances of a towering genius in me, with a pleasure, chastened by his fears, that the grandeur of my courage would lead me to attempt something for the recovery of that kingdom, which was my due, and which might haply occasion his losing me.’

‘Possessed with these thoughts, he carefully avoided saying any thing to me concerning the glorious pretences to which my birth gave me a right; and often wished it had been possible for him to conceal from me, that I was the true and lawful heir of the kingdom of Kent; a circumstance he never chose to mention to

‘any person, and would have been glad if it had always remained a secret.’

‘And so it was a secret,’ interrupted Sir Charles; ‘for, till this day, I never heard of it; and it might still have been a secret if you had pleased; for nobody, I dare say, would suspect such a thing; and very few, I believe, will be inclined to think there is any thing in such an improbable tale.’

‘Notwithstanding all my father’s endeavours to the contrary, Madam,’ pursued Sir George, ‘I cherished those towering sentiments the knowledge of my birth inspired me with; and it was not without the utmost impatience that I brooked the private condition to which I found myself reduced.’

“Cruel fate!” would I sometimes cry; “was it not enough to deprive me of that kingdom, which is my due, and subject me to a mean and inglorious state; but to make that condition infinitely more grievous, must thou give me a soul towering above my abject fortune? A soul, that cannot but disdain the base submission I must pay to those who triumph in the spoils of my ruined house? A soul, which sees nothing above its hopes and expectations? And, in fine, a soul, that excites me daily to attempt things worthy of my birth, and those noble sentiments I inherit from my great forefathers? Ah!” pursued I, unhappy Bellmour; what hinders thee from making thyself known and acknowledged for what thou art? What hinders thee from boldly asserting thy just and natural rights; and from defying the usurper, who detains them from thee? What hinders thee, I say?”

‘What?’ interrupted Sir Charles; why the fear of a halter, I suppose: there is nothing more easy than to answer that question.’

‘Such, Madam,’ said Sir George, were the thoughts which continually disturbed my imagination; and, doubtless, they had not failed to push me on to some hazardous enterprise, had not a fatal passion interposed; and by its sweet, but dangerous allurements, stilled for a while

‘ while that flame which ambition, and the love of glory,
 ‘ kindled in my soul.’

Sir George here pausing, and fixing his eyes with a melancholy air on the ground, as if prest with a tender remembrance.

Mr. Glanville asked him, smiling, if the thoughts of poor Dolly disturbed him? ‘ Pray,’ added he, ‘ give
 ‘ us the history of your first love, without any mixture
 ‘ of fable; or shall I take the trouble off you? For you
 ‘ know, I am very well acquainted with your affair with
 ‘ the pretty milk-maid, and can tell it very succinctly.’

‘ It is true, Sir,’ said Sir George, sighing, ‘ I cannot recal the idea of Dorothea into my remembrance
 ‘ without some pain; that fair but unfaithful shepherdess,
 ‘ who first taught me to sigh, and repaid my tenderness
 ‘ with the blackest infidelity; yet I will endeavour to
 ‘ compose myself, and go on with my narration.

‘ Be pleased to know, then, Madam,’ pursued Sir
 ‘ George, ‘ that having my thoughts, in this manner,
 ‘ wholly employed with the disasters of my family, I had
 ‘ arrived to my seventeenth year, without being sensible
 ‘ of the power of love; but the moment now arrived,
 ‘ which was to prove fatal to my liberty. Following
 ‘ the chace one day with my father, and some other gentlemen, I happened to lag a little behind them; and,
 ‘ being taken up with my ordinary reflections, I lost my
 ‘ way, and wandered a long time, without knowing or
 ‘ considering whither I was going. Chance at last conducted me to a pleasant valley, surrounded with trees;
 ‘ and, being tired with riding, I alighted, and tying
 ‘ my horse to a tree, walked forward, with an intention
 ‘ to repose myself a few moments under the shade of one
 ‘ of those trees, that had attracted my observation: but
 ‘ while I was looking for the most convenient place, I
 ‘ spied, at the distance of some few yards from me a woman lying a sleep upon the grass. Curiosity tempted
 ‘ me to go nearer this person; and, advancing softly,
 ‘ that I might not disturb her, I got near enough to
 ‘ have a view of her person; but, ah! Heavens!
 ‘ what

‘ what wonders did my eyes encounter in this view!—
‘ The age of this fair sleeper seemed not to exceed sixteen ;
‘ her shape was formed with the exactest symmetry ; one
‘ of her hands supported her head ; the other, as it lay
‘ carelessly stretched at her side, gave me an opportunity
‘ of admiring its admirable colour and proportion. The
‘ thin covering upon her neck discovered part of its ini-
‘ mitable beauty to my eyes ; but her face, her lovely
‘ face, fixed all my attention.

‘ Certain it is, Madam, that, out of this company,
‘ it would be hard to find any thing so perfect as what
‘ I now viewed. Her complexion was the purest white
‘ imaginable, heightened by the enchanting glow, which
‘ dyed her fair cheeks with a colour like that of a new-
‘ blown rose : her lips, formed with the greatest per-
‘ fections, and of a deeper red, seemed to receive new
‘ beauties from the fragrance of that breath that parted
‘ from them. Her auburn hair fell in loose ringlets over
‘ her neck ; and some straggling curls, that played up-
‘ on her fair forehead, set off by a charming contrast the
‘ whiteness of that skin it partly hid : her eyes indeed
‘ were closed ; and though I knew not whether their
‘ colour and beauty were equal to those other miracles
‘ in her face, yet their proportion seemed to be large ;
‘ and the snowy lids, which covered them, were ad-
‘ mirably set off by those long and sable lashes that
‘ adorned them.

‘ For some moments I gazed upon this lovely sleeper,
‘ wholly lost in wonder and admiration.

“ Where,” whispered I, “ where has this miracle
“ been concealed, that my eyes were never blessed with
“ the sight of her before ?” These words, though I
‘ uttered them softly, and with the utmost caution,
‘ yet by the murmuring noise they made, caused an emo-
‘ tion in the beauteous sleeper, that she started, and pre-
‘ sently after opened her eyes : but what words shall I
‘ find to express the wonder, the astonishment, and rap-
‘ ture, which the sight of those bright stars inspired me
‘ with ? The flames which darted from those glorious
‘ orbs,

‘orbs, cast such a dazzling splendor upon a sight too weak to bear a radiance so unusual, that stepping back a few paces, I contemplated at a distance that brightness which began already to kindle a consuming fire in my soul.’

‘Bless me!’ interrupted Sir Charles, confounded at so pompous a description; ‘who could this be?’

‘The pretty milk-maid, Dolly Acorn,’ replied Mr. Glanville, gravely: ‘did you never see her, Sir, when you was at your seat, at——? She used often to bring cream to my lady.’

‘Aye, aye,’ replied Sir Charles, ‘I remember her; she was a very pretty girl. And so it was from her eyes that all those splendors and flames came, that had like to have burnt you up, Sir George? Well, well, I guess how the story will end: pray let us hear it out.’

‘I have already told you, Madam,’ resumed Sir George, ‘the marvellous effects the sight of those bright eyes produced upon my spirit: I remained fixed in a posture of astonishment and delight; and all the faculties of my soul were so absorbed in the contemplation of the miracles before me, that I believe, had she still continued before my eyes, I should never have moved from the place where I then stood; but the fair virgin, who had spied me at the small distance to which I was retired, turned hastily about, and flew away with extraordinary swiftness.’

‘When love, now lending me wings, whom admiration had before made motionless, I pursued her so eagerly, that at last I overtook her; and, throwing myself upon my knees before her.’

“Stay, I conjure you,” cried I; “and if you be a divinity, as your celestial beauty makes me believe, do not refuse the adoration I offer you: but if, as I most ardently wish, you are a mortal, though sure the fairest that ever graced the earth; stop a moment, to look upon a man, whose respects for you as a mortal fall little short of those adorations he offers you as a goddess.”

‘I can’t

‘I can’t but think,’ cried Sir Charles, laughing, ‘how poor Dolly must be surpris’d at such a rhodomontade speech!’

‘Oh, Sir!’ replied Mr. Glanville, ‘you will find she will make as good a one.’

‘Will she, by my troth?’ said Sir Charles: ‘I don’t know how to believe it.’

‘This action,’ pursued Sir George, ‘and the words I uttered, a little surpris’d the fair maid, and brought a blush into her lovely cheeks; but recovering herself, she replied with an admirable grace—

“I am no divinity,” said she; “and therefore your adorations are misplaced: but if, as you say, my countenance moves you to any respect for me, give me a proof of it, by not endeavouring to hold any farther discourse with me, which is not permitted me from one of your sex and appearance.”

‘A very wise answer, indeed!’ interrupted Sir Charles again. ‘Very few town ladies would have disclaimed the title of goddess, if their lovers had thought proper to bestow it upon them. I am mightily pleas’d with the girl for her ingenuity.’

‘The discretion of so young a damsel,’ resumed Sir George, ‘charmed me no less than her beauty; and I besought her, with the utmost earnestness, to permit me a longer conversation with her.’

“Fear not, lovely virgin,” said I, “to listen to the vows of a man, who, till he saw you, never learnt to sigh: my heart, which defended its liberty against the charms of many admirable ladies, yields, without reluctance, to the pleasing violence your beauties lay upon me. Yes, too charming and dangerous stranger, I am no longer my own master; it is in your power to dispose of my destiny; consider therefore, I beseech you, whether you can consent to see me die? For I swear to you, by the most sacred oaths, unless you promise to have some compassion on me, I will no longer behold the light of day.”

‘You may easily conceive, Madam, that, consider-
ing

‘ing this lovely maid in the character of a shepherdess,
‘in which she appeared, I made her a declaration of my
‘passion, without thinking myself obliged to observe
‘those respects, which, to a person of equal rank with
‘myself, decorum would not have permitted me to for-
‘get.’

‘However, she repelled my boldness with so charming
‘a modesty, that I began to believe she might be a per-
‘son of illustrious birth, disguised under the mean habit
‘she wore: but, having requested her to inform me who
‘she was, she told me her name was Dorothea; and
‘that she was daughter to a farmer that lived in the
‘neighbouring valley. This knowledge increasing my
‘confidence, I talked to her of my passion, without be-
‘ing the least afraid of offending her.’

‘And therein you was greatly to blame,’ said Ara-
bella: ‘for, truly, though the fair Dorothea told you
‘she was daughter to a farmer, yet, in all probabi-
‘lity, she was of a much higher extraction, if the pic-
‘ture you have drawn of her be true.’

‘The fair Arsinoe, Princess of Armenia, was con-
‘strained for a while to conceal her true name and
‘quality, and pass for a simple country-woman, under
‘the name of Delia: yet, the generous Philadelph,
‘Prince of Cilicia, who saw and loved her under that
‘disguise, treated her with all the respect he would have
‘done, had he known she was the daughter of a king. In
‘like manner, Prince Philoxipes, who fell in love with
‘the beautiful Policrete, before he knew she was the
‘daughter of the great Solon, and while he looked upon
‘her as a poor stranger, born of mean parents; never-
‘theless, his love supplying the want of those advantages
‘of birth and fortune, he wooed her with a passion as
‘full of awe and delicacy, as if her extraction had been
‘equal to his own. And therefore those admirable
‘qualities the fair Dorothea possessed, might also have
‘convinced you she was not what she seemed, but, haply,
‘some great princess in disguise.’

‘To tell you the truth, Madam,’ replied Sir George,
notwithstanding

‘ notwithstanding the fair Dorothea informed me she was
‘ of a mean descent, I could not easily forego the opini-
‘ on that she was of an illustrious birth; and the histories
‘ of those fair princesses you have mentioned, coming
‘ into my mind, I also thought it very possible, that this
‘ divine person might either be the daughter of a great
‘ king, or law-giver, like them; but, being wholly
‘ engrossed by the violence of my new born affection,
‘ I listened to nothing but what most flattered my hopes;
‘ and, addressing my lovely shepherdess with all the
‘ freedom of a person who thinks his birth much supe-
‘ rior to hers; she listened to my protestations, without
‘ any seeming reluctance, and condescended to assure me
‘ before we parted, that she did not hate me. So fair
‘ a beginning, seemed to promise me the most favoura-
‘ ble fortune I could with reason expect. I parted from
‘ my fair shepherdess with a thousand vows of fidelity;
‘ exacting a promise from her, that she would meet me
‘ as often as she conveniently could, and have the good-
‘ ness to listen to those assurances of inviolable tenderness
‘ my passion prompted me to offer her. When she left
‘ me, it seemed as if my soul had forsaken my body to
‘ go after her; my eyes pursued her steps as long as she
‘ was in sight; I envied the ground she prest as she went
‘ along, and the breezes that kissed that celestial counte-
‘ nance in their flight.’

‘ For some hours I stood in the same posture in which
‘ she had left me; contemplating the sudden change I
‘ had experienced in my heart, and the beauty of that
‘ divine image, which was now engraved in it. Night
‘ drawing on, I began to think of going home; and,
‘ untying my horse, I returned the way I had come: and
‘ at last struck into a road, which brought me to the
‘ place where I parted from the company; from whence
‘ I easily found my way home, so changed both in my
‘ looks and carriage, that my father, and all my friends,
‘ observed the alteration with some surprise.’

CHAP.

CHAP. II.

In which Sir George, continuing his surprising history, relates a most stupendous instance of a valour only to be paralleled by that of the great Oroondates, Cæsareo, &c. &c. &c.

‘FOR some months,’ continued Sir George, ‘I prosecuted my addresses to the admirable Dorothea; and I flattered myself with a hope that I had made some progress in her heart: but, alas! this deceitful fair-one, who only laughed at the torments she made me endure at the time she vowed eternal constancy to me, gave her hand to a lover of her father’s providing, and abandoned me, without remorse, to the most cruel despair.’

‘I will not trouble you, Madam, with the repetition of those complaints which this perfidious action drew from me for a long time. At length, my courage enabling me to overcome the violence of my grief, I resolved to think of the ungrateful Dorothea no more; and the sight of another beauty completing my cure, I no longer remembered the unfaithful shepherdes but with indifference.’

‘Thus, Madam, have I faithfully related one of those infidelities wherewith my enemies slander me; who can support their assertion with no better proof than that I did not die when Dorothea abandoned me: but I submit it to your candour, whether an unfaithful mistress deserved such an instance of affection from a lover she had betrayed?’

‘Why, really,’ replied Arabella, after a little pause, ‘you had some excuse to plead for your failure in this point: and though you cannot be called the most perfect amongst lovers, seeing you neither died, nor was in danger of dying; yet neither ought you to be ranked among those who are most culpable. But pray proceed in your story; I shall be better able to form a right judgment of your merit as a lover, when I have heard all your adventures.’

‘My passion for Dorothea,’ resumed Sir George,
 VOL. II E being

‘ being cured by her treachery towards me, the love of
‘ glory began again to revive in my soul. I panted
‘ after some occasion to signalise my valour, which yet I
‘ had met with no opportunity of doing ; but hearing
‘ that a mighty army was preparing to march upon a
‘ secret expedition, I privately quitted my father’s seat ;
‘ and attended only by my faithful squire, I took the
‘ same rout the army had taken, and arrived the day be-
‘ fore the terrible battle of ———— was fought, where,
‘ without making myself known, I performed such pro-
‘ digies of valour as astonished all who beheld me.
‘ Without doubt I should have been highly caressed by
‘ the commander, who certainly would have given me
‘ the honour of a victory my sword alone had procured
‘ for him ; but having unwittingly engaged myself too
‘ far in pursuit of the flying enemy, I found myself alone,
‘ encompassed with a party of about five hundred men,
‘ who, seeing they were pursued only by a single man,
‘ faced about, and prepared to kill or take me pri-
‘ soner.’

‘ Pray, Sir,’ interrupted Sir Charles, ‘ when did all
‘ this happen ? and how came it to pass that your friends
‘ have been ignorant to this moment of those prodigies
‘ of valour you performed at that battle ? I never heard
‘ you was ever in a battle. Fame has done you great
‘ injustice by concealing the part you had in that famous
‘ victory.’

‘ The great care I took to conceal myself,’ replied
Sir George, ‘ was one reason why my friends did not
‘ attribute to me the exploits which the knight in black
‘ armour, who was no other than myself, performed ;
‘ and the accident I am going to relate prevented my be-
‘ ing discovered, while the memory of those great exploits
‘ were yet fresh in the minds of those I had so greatly
‘ obliged.

‘ Be please to know, therefore, Madam, that see-
‘ ing myself about to be encompassed by this party of the
‘ enemy, I disdained to fly ; and, though I was alone,
‘ resolved to sustain their attack, and sell my life as dear
‘ as possible.’

‘ Why

‘Why if you did so, you was a madman,’ cried Sir Charles, in a heat: ‘the bravest man that ever lived would not have presumed to fight with so great a number of enemies. What could you expect but to be cut in pieces? Pooh! pooh! don’t think any body will credit such a ridiculous tale; I never knew you was so addicted to—’

Lying, perhaps, the good knight would have said; but Sir George, who was concerned he was present at his legend, and could not blame him for doubting his veracity, prevented his utterance of a word he would be obliged to take ill, by abruptly going on with his story.

‘Placing my back therefore against a tree,’ pursued he, ‘to prevent my being assaulted behind, I presented my shield to the boldest of these assailants; who, having struck an impotent blow upon it, as he was lifting up his arm to renew his attack, I cut it off with one stroke of my sword, and the same instant plunged it to the hilt in the breast of another, and clove the skull of a third, who was making at me, in two parts.’

Sir Charles, at this relation, burst into a loud fit of laughter; and being more inclined to divert himself, than be offended at the folly and vanity of the young baronet, he permitted him to go on with his surprising story without giving him any other interruption.

‘These three executions, Madam,’ pursued Sir George, ‘were the effects only of so many blows, which raised such indignation in my enemies, that they prest forward in great numbers to destroy me; but having, as I before said, posted myself so advantageously, that I could only be assaulted before, not more than three or four could attack me at one time. The desire of lengthening out my life, till happily some succour might come to my relief, so invigorated my arm, and added to my ordinary strength an almost irresistible force, that I dealt death at every blow; and in less than a quarter of an hour, saw more than fifty of my enemies at my feet, whose bodies served for a bulwark against their fellows swords.’

‘The

‘ The commander of this little body not having generosity enough to be moved with these prodigious effects of valour in my favour, was transported with rage at my resistance ; and the sight of so many of his men slain before his face, served only to increase his fury ; and that moment, seeing that, with two more blows, I had sent two of his most valiant soldiers to the shades, and that the rest, fearing to come within the length of my sword, had given me a few moments respite—

“ Ah ! cowards ! ” cried he, “ are you afraid of a single man ? And will you suffer him to escape from your vengeance, who has slain so many of your brave comrades before your eyes ? ”

‘ These words inspiring them with a fierceness, such as he desired, they advanced towards me with more fury than before. By this time I had received several large wounds, and my blood ran down from many parts of my body ; yet was I not sensible of any decay of strength, nor did the settled designs of my enemies to destroy me, daunt me in the least. I still relied upon the assistance I expected providence would send to my relief, and determined, if possible, to preserve my life till it arrived.

‘ I fought, therefore, with a resolution which astonished my enemies, but did not move them to any regard for my safety : and observing their brutal commander a few paces from me encouraging his men, both with his cries and gestures, indignation against this inhuman wretch so transported me out of my discretion, that I quitted my post, in order to sacrifice him to my revenge.

‘ Seeing me advance furiously towards him, he turned pale with fear, and endeavoured to shelter himself in the midst of his men, who, more valiant than himself, opposed themselves to my rage to favour his retreat ; but quickly clearing myself a way with my sword, I pressed towards the barbarous coward, and, ere he could avoid the blow I aimed at him, it struck him senseless at my feet. ‘ My

‘ My particular revenge thus satisfied, I was sensible
 ‘ of the fault I had committed in quitting my post, by
 ‘ which I exposed myself to be surrounded by the enemy.
 ‘ I endeavoured to regain it, but in vain; I was beset
 ‘ on all sides, and now dispaired of any safety; and
 ‘ therefore only sought to die courageously, and make as
 ‘ many of my enemies as I could attend my fall.

‘ Exasperated by the misfortunes of their commander,
 ‘ they pressed upon me with redoubled fury. Faint as I
 ‘ was with the loss of blood, and so fatigued with the
 ‘ past action, and the obstinate fight I had maintained so
 ‘ long with such a considerable number, I could hardly any
 ‘ longer lift up my arm; and, to complete my misfor-
 ‘ tune, having thrust my sword into the body of one of
 ‘ the forwardest of my enemies, in my endeavouring to
 ‘ regain it, it broke in pieces, and the hilt only re-
 ‘ mained in my hand.

‘ This accident compleated my defeat: deprived of
 ‘ my sword, I was no longer capable of making any de-
 ‘ fence; several of them pressed upon me at once, and
 ‘ throwing me down, tied my hands together behind
 ‘ me. Shame and rage at this indignity worked so
 ‘ forcibly upon my spirits, weakened as I then was,
 ‘ that I fell into a swoon. What happened till my re-
 ‘ covery I am not able to tell; but at the return of my
 ‘ senses, I found myself laid on a bed in a tolerable
 ‘ chamber, and some persons with me, who kept a
 ‘ profound silence.’

CHAP. III.

A love Adventure, after the romantic Taste.

‘ **R**ECOLLECTING in a few moments all that
 ‘ happened to me, I could not chuse but be sur-
 ‘ prised at finding myself treated with so little severity,
 ‘ considering I was prisoner to persons who had been
 ‘ witnesses of the great quantity of blood I had shed in
 ‘ my own defence. My wounds had been dressed while
 ‘ I continued in my swoon; and the faces of those per-
 ‘ sons

‘ sons who were about me expressed nothing of un-
‘ kindness.

‘ After reflecting some time longer on my situation,
‘ I called to a young man, who sat near my bed-side,
‘ and entreated him to inform me where I was, and to
‘ whom I was a prisoner; but could get no other answer
‘ to those questions than a most civil entreaty to compose
‘ myself, and not protract the cure of my wounds by
‘ talking, which the surgeons had declared would be of
‘ a bad consequence; and had therefore ordered me to be
‘ as little disturbed as possible.

‘ Notwithstanding this remonstrance, I repeated my
‘ request, promising to be entirely governed by them for
‘ the future in what regarded my health, provided they
‘ would satisfy me in those particulars: but my attend-
‘ ant did not so much as reply to those importunities;
‘ but, to prevent the continuance of them, rose from his
‘ seat, and retired to the other end of the chamber.

‘ I passed that day and several others without being
‘ able to learn the truth of my condition. All this time
‘ I was diligently waited on by the two persons I had
‘ first seen, neither of whom I could prevail upon to in-
‘ form me of what I desired to know; and judging by
‘ this obstinate reserve, and the manner of my treatment,
‘ that there was some mystery in the case, I forbore to
‘ ask them any more questions, conceiving they had par-
‘ ticular orders not to answer them.’

‘ The care that was taken to forward my cure, in
‘ three weeks entirely restored me to health. I longed
‘ impatiently to know what was to be my destiny, and
‘ busied myself in conjecturing it in vain: when one
‘ morning an elderly lady entered my chamber, at whose
‘ appearance my two attendants retired.

‘ After she had saluted me very civilly, and enquired
‘ after my health, she seated herself in a chair near my
‘ bed-side, and spoke to me in this manner—

“ I make no question, Sir, but you are surpris’d at
“ the manner in which you have been treated, and the
“ care there has been taken to prevent discovering to you
“ the

“ the place where you now are, but you will doubtless
“ be more surpris’d to hear you are in the fortrefs of
“ ———, and in the house of Prince Marcomire, whose
“ party you fought against alone, and whom you so dan-
“ gerously wounded before you was taken prisoner by
“ his men.”

“ Is it possible, Madam,” said I, who from the first
‘ moment of her appearance had been, in a strange per-
‘ plexity, “ is it possible I am in the house of a man
“ whose life I endeavoured so eagerly to destroy? And
“ is it to him, who oppress’d me so basely with num-
“ bers, that I am oblig’d for the succour I have re-
“ ceived?”

“ It is not to him,” replied the lady, “ that you are
“ oblig’d for the favourable treatment you have had;
“ but listen to me patiently, and I will disclose the
“ truth of your adventure.

“ Prince Marcomire, who was the person that headed
“ that party against which you so valiantly defended
“ yourself, after the loss of the battle, was hastening to
“ throw himself into this place, where his sister, and
“ many ladies of quality, had come for security: your
“ indiscreet pursuit engaged you in the most unequal
“ combat that ever was fought; and—”

‘ Nay, Sir,’ interrupted Arabella, though I do not
‘ refuse to give you all the praises your gallant defence
‘ of yourself against five hundred men deserves; yet I
‘ cannot agree with that lady, in saying, it was the
‘ most unequal combat that ever was fought: for, do
‘ but reflect, I beseech you, upon that which the brave
‘ prince of Mauritania sustained against twice that num-
‘ ber of men, with no other arms than his sword; and,
‘ you having been in battle that day, was, as I con-
‘ ceive, compleatly armed. The young prince of Egypt,
‘ accompanied only by the valiant, but indiscreet, Cepio
‘ his friend, engaged all the king of Armenia’s guards,
‘ and put them all to flight. The courageous Arioba-
‘ sanes scorned to turn his back upon a whole army;
‘ not

‘not to mention the invincible Artiban, whom a thousand armies together could not have made to turn.’

‘Be pleased to observe, Madam,’ said Sir George, ‘that to the end I may faithfully recount my history, I am under the necessity of repeating things, which, haply, may seem too advantageous for a man to say of himself: therefore I, indeed, greatly approve of the custom, which, no doubt, this inconveniency introduced, of a squire, who is thoroughly instructed with the secrets of his master’s heart, relating his adventures, and giving a proper eulogium of his rare valour, without being in danger of offending the modesty of the renowned knight; who, as you know, Madam, upon those occasions, commodiously slips away.’

‘It being, however, this lady’s opinion, that no man ever undertook a more hazardous combat, or with greater odds against him, she did not fail to express her admiration of it in very high terms.

“The noise of this accident,” pursued she, “was soon spread over the whole town; and the beautiful Sydimiris, Marcomire’s sister, hearing that her brother was wounded, as it was thought, to death, and that the person who killed him, was taken prisoner; she flew out to meet her wounded brother, distracted with grief, and vowing to have the severest tortures executed on him, who had thus barbarously murdered her brother. Those who bore that unhappy prince, having brought him into the house, his wounds were searched; and the surgeons declared they were very dangerous.

“Sydimiris, hearing this, redoubled her complaints and vows of vengeance against you: her brother having then the chief authority in the place, she commanded, in his name, to have you brought hither, and to be most strictly guarded; determined, if her brother died, to sacrifice you to his ghost.

“Full of these sanguinary resolutions, she left his chamber, having seen him laid in bed, and his wounds dressed; but passing along the gallery, to her own apartment,

“apartment, she met the persons who were bringing you
“to the room that was to be your prison: you was not,”
pursued the lady, “yet recovered from your swoon, so
“that they carried you like one that was dead;
“they had taken off your helmet to give you air, by
“which means your face, being quite uncovered, pale,
“languishing, and your eyes closed, as if in death,
“presented the most moving, and, at the same time,
“most pleasing object in the world.

“Sydimiris, who stopt, and for a moment eagerly
“gazed upon you, lost all of a sudden the fierceness which
“before had animated her against you; and lifting up
“her eyes to view those men that carried you—

“Are you sure,” said she to them, “that this is
“the person who wounded my brother?”

“Yes, Madam,” replied one of them; “this must
“be he, since there was no other in his company; and
“he alone sustained the attack of five hundred men;
“and would probably not have left one of them alive,
“had not his sword, by breaking, put it into our
“power to take him prisoner.”

“Carry him away,” said Sydimiris; “but let his
“wounds be dressed, and let him be carefully looked to,
“that, if my brother dies, he may be punished as he
“deserves.”

“Pronouncing these words in a low and faltering
“voice, she turned her eyes a second time upon you;
“then, hastily averting her looks, she hurried to her
“own chamber, and threw herself into a chair, with all
“the marks of a very great disturbance.

“The affection I have for her, being the person who
“had brought her up, and most favoured with her confi-
“dence, made me behold her in this condition with
“great concern; and supposing it was her brother that
“disquieted her, I besought her not to give way to the
“violence of her grief, but to hope that Heaven would
“restore him to her prayers.

“Alas! my dear Urinoe,” said she, “I am more cul-
“pable than you can imagine; and I grieve less for the
“condition

“ condition to which I see Marcomire reduced, than for
 “ that moderation wherewith I am constrained, spite of
 “ myself, to behold his enemy.

“ Yes, dear Urinoe,” pursued she, blushing, and
 casting down her eyes, “ the actions of this unknown
 “ appear to me in quite another light since I have seen
 “ him ; and, instead of looking upon him as the mur-
 “ derer of my brother, I cannot help admiring that rare
 “ valour with which he defended himself against so great
 “ a number of his enemies ; and am even ready to con-
 “ demn the furious Marcomire for oppressing so brave a
 “ man.

“ As I had never approved of those violent transports
 “ of grief and rage, which she had expressed upon the
 “ first news of her brother’s misfortune ; and as I look-
 “ ed upon your glorious defence with the utmost ad-
 “ miration ; so, far from condemning the change of her
 “ thoughts, I confirmed her in the favourable opinion
 “ she began to entertain of you ; and, continuing to
 “ make remarks upon all the particulars of the combat,
 “ which had come to our knowledge, we found nothing
 “ in your behaviour but what increased our admiration.

“ Sydimiris therefore, following the dictates of her
 “ own generosity, as well as my advice, placed two
 “ persons about you, whose fidelity we could rely on,
 “ and gave them orders to treat you with all imaginable
 “ care and respect, but not to inform you of the place
 “ in which you was, or to whom you was prisoner.

“ In the mean time Marcomire, whose wounds had
 “ been again examined, was declared out of danger by
 “ the surgeons ; and he having understood the excess of
 “ his sister’s grief, and the revenge she had vowed
 “ against you, gave her thanks for those expressions of
 “ her tenderness ; and also uttered some threats, which
 “ intimated a violent hatred against you, and a design
 “ of prosecuting his revenge upon you, as soon as he
 “ was in a condition to leave his chamber.

“ Sydimiris, who heard him, could with difficulty
 “ dissemble her concern.

“ Ah !

“ Ah ! Urinoe,” said she to me, when we were alone;
“ it is now, that I more than ever repent of that excess
“ of rage which transported me against the brave un-
“ known. I have thereby put him entirely into my
“ brother’s power, and shall be haply accessory to that
“ death he is meditating for him, or else a perpetual
“ imprisonment.”

“ This reflection gave her so much pain, that I
“ could not chuse but pity her; and considering that
“ the only way to preserve you, was for her to dissemble
“ a rage equal to Marcomire’s against you, in order to
“ prevent being suspected of any design in your favour,
“ I persuaded her to join with him in every thing he
“ said; while, in the mean time, we would endeavour
“ to get you cured of your wounds, that you might at
“ least be in a condition once more to defend yourself
“ with that miraculous valour Heaven has bestowed on
“ you.

“ Sydimiris perceiving her brother would soon be in
“ a condition to execute his threats, resolved to hazard
“ every thing, rather than to expose you to his rage:
“ she therefore communicated to me her design of giv-
“ ing you liberty, and, by presenting a sufficient re-
“ ward to your guard, induce them to favour your
“ escape.

“ I undertook to manage this business in her name,
“ and have done it so effectually, that you will this
“ night be at liberty, and may depart the town imme-
“ diately; in which it will be dangerous to stay any
“ time, for fear of being discovered.

“ Sydimiris forbade me to let you know the person to
“ whom you would be obliged for your freedom; but I
“ could not endure that you should unjustly involve the
“ sister of Marcomire in that resentment you will ques-
“ tionless always preserve against *him*; and to keep you
“ from being innocently guilty of ingratitude, I re-
“ solved to acquaint you with the nature of those obli-
“ gations you owe to her.”

CHAP. IV.

The Adventure continued.

“**A**H, Madam!” said I, observing she had finished her discourse, “doubt not but I shall most gratefully preserve the remembrance of what the generous Sydimiris has done for me; and shall always be ready to lose that life in her defence, which she has had the superlative goodness to take so much care of. But, Madam,” pursued I, with an earnest look, “do not, I beseech you, refuse me one favour, without which I shall depart with inconceivable sorrow.”

“Depend upon it, valiant Sir,” replied she, “that if what you will require of me, be in my power, and fit for me to grant, I shall very willingly oblige you.”

“It is then,” resumed I, trembling at the boldness of my request, “that you would condescend to entertain the most generous Sydimiris to favour me with an interview, and give me an opportunity of throwing myself at her feet, to thank her for all those favours I have received from her compassion.”

“I cannot promise you,” replied the lady, rising, “to prevail upon Sydimiris to grant you an audience; but I assure you, that I will endeavour to dispose her to do you this favour; and it shall not be my fault if you are not satisfied.”

Saying this, she went out of my chamber, I having followed her to the door, with protestations that I would never forget her kindness upon this occasion.

I past the rest of that day in an anxious impatience for night, divided between fear and hope, and more taken up with the thoughts of seeing Sydimiris, than with my expected liberty.

Night came at last, and the door of my apartment opening, I saw the lady who had been with me in the morning enter.

“I have prevailed upon Sydimiris to see you,” said she,

she; “and she is willing, at my entreaty, to give that
“favour to a person who, she with reason thinks, has
“been inhumanly treated by her brother.”

‘Then giving me her hand, she conducted me along a
‘large gallery, to a stately apartment; and after tra-
‘versing several rooms, she led me into one where Sydi-
‘miris herself was; who, as soon as she perceived me,
‘rose from her seat, and received me with great civility.

‘In the transport I then was, I know not how I re-
‘turned the graceful salute the incomparable Sydimiris
‘gave me; for most certain it is, that I was so lost in
‘wonder, at the sight of the many charms I beheld in
‘her person, that I could not unlock my tongue, or re-
‘move my eyes from her enchanting face; but remained
‘fixed in a posture which at once expressed my admira-
‘tion and delight.

‘To give you a description of that beauty which I
‘then contemplated, I must inform you, Madam, that
‘Sydimiris is tall, of a handsome stature, and admira-
‘bly proportioned; her hair was of the finest black in
‘the world; her complexion marvellously fair; all the
‘lineaments of her visage were perfectly beautiful; and her
‘eyes, which were large and black, sparkled with so quick
‘and piercing a fire, that no heart was able to resist
‘their powerful glances: moreover, Sydimiris is admi-
‘rably shaped; her port is high and noble; and her air
‘so free, yet so commanding, that there are few persons
‘in the world with whom she may not dispute the pri-
‘ority of beauty. In fine, Madam, Sydimiris ap-
‘peared with so many advantages to a spirit prepos-
‘sessed already with the most grateful sense of her fa-
‘vours, that I could not resist the sweet violence where-
‘with her charms took possession of my heart: I yield-
‘ed, therefore, without reluctance, to my destiny, and
‘resigned myself, in an instant, to those fetters, which
‘the sight of the divine Sydimiris prepared for me: re-
‘covering therefore a little from that admiration which
‘had so totally engrossed all my faculties, I threw my-

‘ self at her feet with an action wholly composed of
‘ transport.

“ Divine Sydimiris !” said I, beholding her with
‘ eyes in which the letters of my new-born passion might
‘ very plainly be read, “ see at your feet a man devoted
“ to your service by all the ties of gratitude and respect.
“ I come, Madam, to declare to you, that from the
“ first moment you gave me liberty, I had devoted that
“ and my life to you ; and at your feet I confirm the
“ gift, protesting by all that is most dear and sacred to
“ me, that since I hold my life from the divine Sydi-
“ miris, she alone shall have the absolute disposal of it
“ for the future ; and should she please again to demand
“ it, either to appease her brother’s fury, or to sacrifice
“ it to her own security, I will most faithfully perform
“ her will, and shed the last drop of that blood at her
“ command which I would with transport lose in her
“ defence !”

‘ A fine high-flown speech, indeed !’ said Sir Charles,
laughing. ‘ But I hope you did not intend to keep your
‘ word.’

‘ Sure, Sir,’ replied Arabella, ‘ you do not imagine
‘ that Sir George would have failed in executing all he
‘ had promised to the beautiful and generous Sydimiris :
‘ what could he possibly have said less ? And indeed
‘ what less could she have expected from a man, whom,
‘ at the hazard of her own life and happiness, she had
‘ given freedom to ?’

‘ I accompanied these words, Madam,’ pursued Sir
George, ‘ with so passionate a look and accent, that the
‘ fair Sydimiris blushed, and for a moment cast down
‘ her eyes with a visible confusion. At last—

“ Sir,” replied she, “ I am too well satisfied with
“ what I have done with respect to your safety, to require
“ any proofs of your gratitude that might be dangerous
“ to it ; and shall remain extremely well satisfied, if the
“ obligations you think you owe me may induce you
“ to moderate your resentment against my brother, for
“ the cruel treatment you received from him,”

“ Doubt

“Doubt not, Madam,” interrupted I, eagerly, “but
 “I shall, in the person of Marcomire, regard the bro-
 “ther of the divine Sydimiris; and that consideration
 “will be sufficient not only to make me forget all the
 “violences he committed against me, but even to de-
 “fend his life, if need be, with the hazard of my
 “own.”

‘Excessively generous indeed!’ said Sir Charles: ‘I
 ‘never heard any thing like it.’

‘Oh! dear Sir,’ replied Arabella, ‘there are number-
 ‘less instances of equal and even superior generosity to
 ‘be met with in the lives of the heroes of antiquity: you
 ‘will there see a lover, whose mistress has been taken
 ‘from him either by treachery or force, venture his life
 ‘in defence of the injurious husband who possesses her;
 ‘and though all his felicity depends upon his death, yet
 ‘he will rescue him from it at the expence of the greater
 ‘part of his blood.

‘Another, who after a long and bloody war, has, by
 ‘taking his enemy prisoner, an opportunity of termi-
 ‘nating it honourably; yet, through an heroic prin-
 ‘ciple of generosity, he gives his captive liberty with-
 ‘out making any conditions, and has all his work to
 ‘do over again.

‘A third, having contracted a violent friendship for
 ‘the enemies of his country, through the same generous
 ‘sentiments, draws his sword in their defence, and
 ‘makes no scruple to fight against an army where the
 ‘king his father is in person.

‘I must confess,’ said Sir Charles, ‘that generosity
 ‘seems to me very peculiar that will make a man fight
 ‘for his enemies against his own father.’

‘It is in that peculiarity, Sir,’ said Arabella, ‘that
 ‘his generosity consists; for certainly there is nothing
 ‘extraordinary in fighting for one’s father and one’s
 ‘country; but when a man has arrived to such a pitch
 ‘of greatness of soul as to neglect those mean and selfish
 ‘considerations, and, loving virtue in the persons of his
 ‘enemies, can prefer their glory before his own par-

‘ ticular interest, he is then a perfect hero indeed: such
 ‘ an one was Oroondates, Artaxerxes, and many others
 ‘ I could name, who all gave eminent proofs of their
 ‘ disinterestedness and greatness of soul upon the like oc-
 ‘ casions; therefore, not to detract from Sir George’s
 ‘ merit, I must still insist, that in the resolutions he had
 ‘ taken to defend his enemy’s life at the expence of his
 ‘ own, he did no more than what any man of ordinary
 ‘ generosity ought to do, and what he was particularly
 ‘ obliged to, by what the amiable Sydimiris had done
 ‘ for him.’

‘ I was happy, however, Madam,’ continued Sir
 George, ‘ to find that those expressions of my gratitude
 ‘ wrought somewhat upon the heart of the lovely Sydi-
 ‘ miris in my favour: her words discovered as much,
 ‘ and her eyes spoke yet more intelligibly; but our con-
 ‘ versation was interrupted by the discreet Urinoe, who,
 ‘ fearing the consequence of so long a stay in her cham-
 ‘ ber, represented to me that it was time to take my
 ‘ leave.

‘ I turned pale at this cruel sound; and beholding
 ‘ Sydimiris with a languishing look—

“ Would to Heaven, Madam,” said I, “ that instead
 “ of giving me liberty, you would keep me eternally
 “ your prisoner; for though a dungeon was to be the
 “ place of my confinement, yet, if it was near you, it
 “ would seem a palace to me; for indeed I am no longer
 “ in a condition to relish that freedom you bestow upon
 “ me, since it must remove me farther from you. But
 “ I beseech you, Madam, to believe, that in delivering
 “ me from your brother’s fetters, you have cast me
 “ into your own, and that I am more a prisoner than
 “ ever, but a prisoner to so lovely a conqueror, that I
 “ do not wish to break my chains, and prefer the sweet
 “ and glorious captivity I am in to all the crowns in the
 “ world.”

“ You are very bold,” said Sydimiris, blushing,
 “ to entertain me with such discourse; yet I pardon this
 “ offence, in consideration of what you have suffered
 “ from

“from my brother, and on condition that you will depart immediately without speaking another word.”

‘Sydimiris spoke this so earnestly, that I durst not disobey her; and kissing the hem of her robe with a passionate air, I left her chamber, conducted by Urinoe, who having brought me to a private door, which carried us into the street, I there found a man waiting for me, whom I knew to be the same that had attended me during my stay in that house.

‘Urinoe having recommended to him to see me safe out of the town, I took leave of her with the most grateful acknowledgments for her kindness, and followed my conductor so oppressed with grief at the thoughts of leaving the place where Sydimiris was, that I had hardly strength to walk.’

CHAP. V.

An extraordinary Instance of Generosity in a Lover, somewhat resembling that of the great Artaxerxes in Cassandra.

‘THE farther I went,’ continued Sir George, ‘the more my regret increased; and finding it would be impossible to live and quit the divine Sydimiris, I all at once took a resolution to remain in the town concealed; and, communicating my design to my guide, I engaged him to assist me in it by a present of a considerable sum, which he could not resist: accordingly, he left me in a remote part of the town, and went to find out a convenient lodging for me; which he soon procured, and also a suit of cloaths to disguise me, my own being very rich and magnificent.

‘Having recommended me as a relation of his, who was newly arrived, I was received very civilly by the people with whom he placed me; and finding this young man to be very witty and discreet, and also very capable of serving me, I communicated to him my intentions by staying, which were only to be near the

‘ divine Sydimiris, and to have the happiness of some-
‘ times seeing her when she went abroad.

‘ This man entering into my meaning, assured me he
‘ would faithfully keep my secret, and that he would
‘ not fail to bring me intelligence of all that passed in
‘ the palace of Marcomire.

‘ I could with difficulty keep myself from falling at
‘ his feet to express my sense of his kind and generous
‘ offers; but I contented myself with presenting him
‘ with another sum of money larger than the first, and
‘ assured him of my future gratitude.

‘ He then took leave, and left me to my reflections,
‘ which were wholly upon the image of the divine Sydi-
‘ miris, and the happiness of being so near the object I
‘ adored.

‘ My confidant came to me the next day, but brought me
‘ no other news than that my escape was not yet known
‘ to Marcomire. I enquired if he had seen Sydimiris;
‘ but he replied he had not, and that Urinoe had only
‘ asked if he had conducted me safe out of town; to
‘ which he had answered as we had agreed, that I had
‘ got out safe and undiscovered.

‘ A day or two after he brought me news more pleas-
‘ ing: for he told me that Sydimiris had sent for him
‘ into her chamber, and asked him several questions con-
‘ cerning me; that she appeared very melancholy, and
‘ even blushed whenever she mentioned my name.

‘ This account gave sufficient matter for my thoughts
‘ to work upon for several days. I interpreted Sydi-
‘ miris’s blush a thousand different ways; I reflected
‘ upon all the different causes to which it might be ow-
‘ ing, and busied myself with all those innumerable con-
‘ jectures, which, as you know, Madam, such an in-
‘ cident always gives rise to in a lover’s imagination.
‘ At length I explained it to my own advantage, and
‘ felt thereby a considerable increase of my affection.

‘ A whole week having elapsed without another sight
‘ of my confidant, I began to be greatly alarmed; when
‘ on the eighth day of this cruel suspense, I saw him
‘ appear,

‘ appear, but with so many marks of disturbance in his
‘ face, that I trembled to hear what he had to acquaint
‘ me with.’

“ Oh! Sir,” said he, as soon as his concern suffered him to speak, “ Marcomire has discovered your escape, and the means by which it was procured. One of those in whom Urinoe confided, has betrayed it to him, and the beauteous Sydimiris is likely to feel the most terrible effects of his displeasure: he has confined her to her chamber, and vows to sacrifice her life to the honour of his family, which he says she has stained; and he loads that admirable lady with so many reproaches, that it is thought her grief for such undeserved calumnies will occasion her death.”

‘ Scarce had he finished these cruel words, when I, who all the time he had been speaking beheld him with a dying eye, sunk down at his feet in a swoon, which continued so long, that he began to think me quite dead: however, I at last opened my eyes; but it was only to pour forth a river of tears, and to utter complaints which might have moved the most obdurate heart. After having a long time tormented myself in weeping and complaining, I at last took a resolution which offered me some alleviation of my grief; and the faithful Toxares, seeing me a little composed, left me to myself, with a promise to return soon, and acquaint me with what passed farther in the palace of Marcomire.

‘ As soon as he was gone, I rose from my bed; and, dressing myself in those cloaths I wore when I was taken prisoner, I went to the palace of Marcomire, and, demanding to see him, I was told he was in the apartment of Sydimiris, and at my earnest desire they conducted me thither.

‘ When I entered the room, I beheld that incomparable beauty stretched upon a couch dissolved in tears, and Urinoe upon her knees before her, accompanying with her own those precious drops which fell from the bright eyes of her mistress.

‘ Marcomire,

‘ Marcomire, who was walking furiously about the
‘ room, exclaiming with the utmost violence against that
‘ fair sufferer, did not observe my entrance; so that I
‘ had an opportunity of going towards Sydimiris, who
‘ lifting up her eyes to look upon me, gave a loud
‘ shriek, and, by a look of extreme anguish, let me un-
‘ derstand how great her apprehensions were upon my
‘ account.

“ I am come, Madam,” said I, “ to perform part of
“ the promise I made you, and, by dying, to prove your
“ innocence; and freeing you from the reproaches you
“ suffer on my account, I shall have the happiness to
“ convince you that my life is infinitely less dear to me
“ than your tranquillity.” Sydimiris, who hearkened
‘ to me with great emotion, was going to make some
‘ answer, when Marcomire, alarmed by his sister’s shriek,
‘ came towards us, and, viewing me at first with asto-
‘ nishment, and then with a smile of cruelty and revenge
———“ Is it possible,” said he, “ that I behold my
“ designed murderer again in my power?”

“ I am in thy power,” said I, “ because I am wil-
“ ling to be so, and come voluntarily to put myself into
“ your hands, to free that excellent lady from the impu-
“ tation you have laid on her. Know, Marcomire,
“ that it is to myself alone I owed my liberty, which I
“ would still preserve against all the forces thou couldst
“ bring to deprive me of it; and this sword, which left
“ thee life enough to threaten mine, would haply once
“ more put yours in danger, were I not restrained by a
“ powerful consideration which leaves me not the li-
“ berty of even wishing you ill.”

“ Ah, dissembler!” said Marcomire, in a rage,
“ think not to impose upon me by thy counterfeit mild-
“ ness; thou art my prisoner once more, and I shall
“ take care to prevent your escaping a second time.”

“ I am not your prisoner,” replied I, “ while I pos-
“ sess this sword, which has already defended me against
“ greater numbers than you have here to oppose me.
“ But,” continued I, throwing down my sword at Sy-
‘ dimiris’s

‘ dimiris’s feet, “ I resign my liberty to restore that lady
 “ to your good opinion, and to free her from those base
 “ aspersions thou hast unjustly loaded her with upon my
 “ account.”

“ It matters not,” said the brutal brother, taking up
 ‘ my sword, “ whether thou hast resigned, or I have de-
 “ prived thee of liberty ; but since thou art in my power,
 “ thou shalt feel all the effects of my resentment—Take
 “ him away,” pursued he, to some of his people ; “ put
 “ him into the worst dungeon you can find ; and let him
 “ be guarded carefully, upon pain of death if he again
 “ escapes.”

‘ With these words several men offered to lead me out
 ‘ of the room, but I repulsed them with disdain ; and
 ‘ making a low reverence, to Sydimiris, whose counte-
 ‘ nance expressed the extremes of fear and anguish, I fol-
 ‘ lowed my conductors to the prison allotted for me,
 ‘ which, hideous as it was, I contemplated with a secret
 ‘ pleasure, since I had, by that action which had brought
 ‘ me into it, given a testimony of my love for the a-
 ‘ dorable Sydimiris.’

CHAP. VI.

*In which it will be seen, that the Lady is as generous as
 her Lover.*

‘ I Passed some days in this confinement, melancholy
 ‘ enough: my ignorance of the destiny of Sydi-
 ‘ miris gave me more pain than the sense of my own mis-
 ‘ fortunes ; and one evening, when I was more than
 ‘ usually disquieted, one of my guard entered my prison,
 ‘ and giving me a letter, retired without speaking a
 ‘ word. I opened this letter with precipitation, and, by
 ‘ the light of a lamp which was allowed me, I read the
 ‘ following words—

“ Sydimiris, to the most generous Bellmour.

“ IT is not enough to tell you that the method yo^u
 “ took to free me from my brother’s severity, has
 “ filled me with the utmost esteem and admiration. So
 “ generous an action merits a greater acknowledgment,
 “ and

“and I wil make no scruple to confess that my heart is
 “most sensibly touched by it. Yes, Bellmour, I have
 “received this glorious testimony of your affection with
 “such a gratitude as you yourself could have wished to
 “inspire me with; and it shall not be long before you
 “will have a convincing proof of the effect it has had
 “upon the spirit of

“SYDIMIRIS.”

‘This letter, Madam,’ pursued Sir George, ‘being
 ‘wholly calculated to make me hope that I was not hated
 ‘by the divine Sydimiris, and that she meditated some-
 ‘thing in my favour, I resigned myself up to the most
 ‘delightful expectations:

“What!” cried I, transported with the excess of my
 ‘joy, “does the most admirable Sydimiris condescend
 “to assure me that I have touched her heart? And does
 “she promise me that I shall receive some convincing
 “proof of her acknowledgment!

“Ah! too happy and too fortunate Bellmour, to what
 “a glorious destiny hast thou been reserved! And how
 “oughtest thou to adore these fetters that have procured
 “thee the esteem of the divine Sydimiris!”

‘Such, Madam, were the apprehensions which the billet
 ‘I had received inspired me with. I continually flat-
 ‘tered myself with the most pleasing hopes; and during
 ‘three weeks longer, in which I heard no more from
 ‘Sydimiris, my imagination was wholly filled with those
 ‘sweet thoughts which her letter had made me entertain.

‘At length, on the evening of a day which I had wholly
 ‘spent in reading over Sydimiris’s letter, and interpret-
 ‘ing the sense of it a thousand different ways, but all
 ‘agreeable to my ardent wishes; I saw the sage Urinoe
 ‘enter my prison, accompanied by Toxares, whom I had
 ‘not seen during my last confinement. Wholly trans-
 ‘ported at the sight of these two friends, and not doubt-
 ‘ing but they had brought me the most agreeable news,
 ‘I ran towards them; and throwing myself at Urinoe’s
 ‘feet, I begged her, in an ecstasy of joy, to acquaint me
 ‘with Sydimiris’s commands.

‘Urinoe,

‘ Urinoe, in some confusion at this action, entreated me to rise. “ It is fit,” cried I, in a transport I could not master, “ that in this posture I should receive the knowledge of that felicity Sydimiris has had the goodness to promise me.” Urinoe sighed at these words ; and beholding me with a look of compassion and tenderness—

“ Would to God,” said she, “ that all I have to say, were as agreeable as the first news I have to tell you ; which is, that you are free, and at liberty to leave the town this moment ! Sydimiris,” continued she, “ has bought your freedom, at the expence of her own ; and, to deliver you from her brother’s chains, she has put on others, haply more cruel than those you have worn : in fine, she has married a man whom she detested, to procure your liberty ; her brother having granted it to her upon that condition alone.”

‘ Scarce had Urinoe finished these words, when I fell without sense or motion at her feet. Toxares and she, who had foreseen what might happen, having provided themselves with cordials necessary to restore me, brought me to myself with infinite trouble.

“ Cruel !” said I to them, with a tone and look which witnessed the excess of my despair, “ why have you hindered me from dying, at once to prevent the thousand deaths I shall suffer from my grief ? Is this the confirmation of those glorious hopes Sydimiris had permitted me to entertain ? Is this that proof of the acknowledgments I was to expect ? And is it by throwing herself into the arms of my rival, that she repays those obligations she thinks, she owes me ?

“ Ah, inhuman Sydimiris ! was it to make my despair more poignant, that thou flatteredst me with such a prospect of happiness ? And was it necessary to the grandeur of thy nuptials, that my life should be the sacrifice ?

“ But how unjust am I,” cried I, repenting in an instant of those injurious suspicions ; “ how unjust am I, to accuse the divine Sydimiris of inhumanity ? Was
“ it

“ it not to give me freedom, that she bestowed herself on
 “ a man she hates ? And has she not made herself mis-
 “ rable for ever, to procure me a fancied happiness ?

“ Ah ! if it be so, what a wretch am I ! I, who have
 “ been the only cause of that misery, to which she has
 “ doomed herself ? Ah, liberty !” pursued I, “ how I
 “ detest thee, since purchased by the misfortune of Sy-
 “ dimiris ! And how far more sweet and glorious were
 “ those chains which I wore for her sake !”

“ My sighs and tears leaving me no longer the power
 “ of speech, I sunk down on my bed, oppressed with a
 “ mortal grief.

“ Urinoe and Toxares drew near to comfort me, and
 “ said all that sensible and discreet persons could think
 “ of to alleviate my despair.

“ Though I have heard that Sydimiris is married,”
 “ replied I, “ without dying immediately ; yet do not
 “ imagine that I will suffer this odious life to continue
 “ long. If sorrow do not quickly dispatch me, I will
 “ seek death by other means ; for since Sydimiris is lost,
 “ I have no more business in the world.”

“ The charitable Urinoe and Toxares endeavoured in
 “ vain to divert me from this sad resolution, when Uri-
 “ noe, finding all their reasonings ineffectual, drew a
 “ letter out of her pocket, and presenting it to me, “ I
 “ had orders,” said she, “ not to let this letter be deli-
 “ vered to you, till you had left the town ; but the de-
 “ spair to which I see you reduced, does, I conceive,
 “ dispense with my rigorous observation of those direc-
 “ tions.” While Urinoe was speaking, I opened this
 “ letter, trembling, and found it as follows.”

CHAP. VII.

*Containing an Incident full as probable as any in Scu-
 dery's Romances.*

“ Sydimiris to Bellmour.

“ IF that proof of my gratitude, which I promised to
 “ give you, fall short of your expectations, blame
 “ not the defect of my will, but the rigour of my def-
 “ tiny ;

“ tiny ; it was by this only way I could give you li-
 “ berty ; nor is it too dearly bought by the loss of all
 “ my happiness, if you receive it as you ought : had I
 “ been allowed to follow my own inclinations, there is
 “ no man in the world I would have preferred to your-
 “ self. I owe this confession to the remembrance of your
 “ affection, of which you gave me so generous an in-
 “ stance ; and the use I expect you will make of it, is
 “ to console you under a misfortune, which is common
 “ to us both ; though I haply have most reason to com-
 “ plain, since I could not be just to you, without being
 “ cruel at the same time, or confer a benefit, without
 “ loading you with a misfortune. If the sacrifice I
 “ have made of myself for your sake, gives me any claim
 “ to the continuance of your love, I command you, by
 “ the power it gives me over you, to live, and not
 “ add to the miseries of my condition, the grief of be-
 “ ing the cause of your death. Remember, I will look
 “ upon your disobedience as an act of the most cruel in-
 “ gratitude ; and your compliance with this request
 “ shall ever be esteemed as the dearest mark you can
 “ give of that passion you have borne to the unfor-
 “ tunate

“ SYDIMIRIS.”

“ Ah, Sydimiris !” cried I, having read this letter,
 “ more cruel in your kindness than severity ! After hav-
 “ ing deprived me of yourself, do you forbid me to die ;
 “ and expose me by so rigorous a command to ills infi-
 “ nitely more hard and painful than death ?

“ Yes,” pursued I, after a little pause ; “ yes Sydi-
 “ miris, thou shalt be obeyed ; we will not die, since
 “ thou hast commanded us to live ; and, notwithstanding
 “ the tortures to which thou condemnest us, we will
 “ obey this command, and give thee a glorious proof of
 “ our present submission, by enduring that life which the
 “ loss of thee has rendered truly wretched.”

‘ Urinoe and Toxares, somewhat re-assured by the
 ‘ resolution I had taken, exhorted me by all the persua-
 ‘ sions friendship could put in their mouths, to persevere
 ‘ in it ; and, Urinoe bidding me farewell, I endeavoured

‘ to prevail upon her to procure me a sight of Sydimiris
‘ once more, or at least to bear a letter from me to her ;
‘ but she refused both these requests so obstinately, tel-
‘ ling me, Sydimiris would neither consent to the one nor
‘ the other, that I was obliged to be contented with the
‘ promise she made me, to represent my affliction in a
‘ true light to her mistress ; and to assure her, that noth-
‘ ing but her absolute commands could have hindered
‘ me from dying. Then, taking leave of me with much
‘ tenderness, she went out of the prison, leaving Tox-
‘ ares with me, who assisted me to dress, and conducted
‘ me out of that miserable place, where I had passed so
‘ many sad, and also joyful hours. At a gate to which
‘ he brought me, I found a horse waiting : and having
‘ embraced this faithful confidant, with many expres-
‘ sions of gratitude, I bestowed a ring of some value upon
‘ him to remember me by ; and, mounting my horse,
‘ with a breaking heart, I took the first road which
‘ presented itself to my eyes, and galloped away, with-
‘ out knowing whither I went. I rode the whole night,
‘ so totally engrossed by my despair, that I did not per-
‘ ceive my horse was so tired, it could hardly carry me a
‘ step farther : at last the poor beast fell down under me,
‘ so that I was obliged to dismount ; and, looking about
‘ me, perceived I was in a forest, without seeing the least
‘ appearance of any habitation.

‘ The wildness and solitude of the place flattered my
‘ despair, and while my horse was feeding upon what
‘ grass he could find, I wandered about : the morning
‘ just breaking, gave me light enough to direct my steps.
‘ Chance at last conducted me to a cave, which seemed
‘ to have been the residence of some hermit, or unfortu-
‘ nate lover like myself. It was dug at the side of a rock,
‘ the entrance to it thick set with bushes, which hid it
‘ from view. I descended by a few steps cut rudely
‘ enough, and was convinced it had formerly served for
‘ a habitation for some religious or melancholy person ;
‘ for there were seats of turf raised on each side of it, a
‘ kind

‘ kind of bed composed of dried leaves and rushes, and
 ‘ a hole made artificially at the top, to admit the light.

‘ While I considered this place attentively, I all at
 ‘ once took up a resolution, inspired by my despair :
 ‘ which was, to continue there, and indulge my melan-
 ‘ choly in a retirement so fitted for my purpose.

‘ Giving my horse, therefore, liberty to go where he
 ‘ pleased, and hanging up my arms upon a tree near
 ‘ my cave, I took possession of this solitary mansion,
 ‘ with a gloomy-kind of satisfaction, and devoted all
 ‘ my hours to the contemplation of my misfortunes.

‘ I lived in this manner, Madam, for ten months,
 ‘ without feeling the least desire to change my habita-
 ‘ tion ; and, during all that time, no mortal approached
 ‘ my solitude, so that I lived perfectly secure and undis-
 ‘ covered.’ Sir George pausing here to take breath, the old
 baronet said what will be found in the following chapter.

CHAP. VIII.

*A single Combat fought with prodigious Valour, and de-
 scribed with amazing Accuracy.*

‘ GIVE me leave, Sir,’ said Sir Charles, ‘ to ask if
 ‘ you eat in all this time?’

‘ Alas, Sir,’ replied Sir George, ‘ sighs and tears were
 ‘ all my sustenance.’

Sir Charles, Mr. Glanville, and Miss, laughing at
 this answer, Arabella seemed greatly confused.

‘ It is not to be imagined,’ said she, ‘ that Sir George,
 ‘ or, to say better, Prince Viridomer, lived ten months
 ‘ without eating any thing to support nature ; but such
 ‘ trifling circumstances are always left out in the rela-
 ‘ tions of histories ; and truly an audience must be very
 ‘ dull and unapprehensive, that cannot conceive, with-
 ‘ out being told, that a man must necessarily eat in the
 ‘ space of ten months.’

‘ But the food Sir George lived on,’ replied the baro-
 net, ‘ was very unsubstantial, and would not afford him
 ‘ much nourishment.’

‘ I suppose,’ resumed Arabella, ‘ he lived much upon

‘ such provisions as the forest afforded him ; such as wild
 ‘ fruit, herbs, bitter sallads, and the like ; which, con-
 ‘ sidering the melancholy that possessed him, would ap-
 ‘ pear a voluptuous repast ; and which the unfortunate
 ‘ Orontes, when he was in the same situation, thought
 ‘ infinitely too good for him.’

Sir Charles, finding Arabella took no notice of the
 historian’s hyperbole of living upon his sighs and tears,
 passed it over, for fear of offending her ; and Sir George,
 who had been in some anxiety how to bring himself off,
 when he perceived Arabella was reasonable enough to
 suppose he must have eat during his abode in the forest,
 went on with his relation in this manner.

‘ I lived, as I before observed to you, Madam, in this
 ‘ cave for ten months ; and truly I was so reconciled to
 ‘ that solitary way of life, and found so much sweetness
 ‘ in it, that I believe I should have remained there till
 ‘ this day, but for the adventure which I am going to
 ‘ recount.

‘ It being my custom to walk out every evening in the
 ‘ forest, returning to my cave, something later than usual,
 ‘ I heard the cries of a woman at some distance, who
 ‘ seemed to be in distress : I stopped to listen from what
 ‘ side those cries proceeded ; and, perceiving they seemed
 ‘ to approach nearer to me, I took down my armour from
 ‘ the tree where I had hung it ; and hastily arming my-
 ‘ self, shaped my course towards the place from whence
 ‘ those complaints seemed to come, resolving to assist that
 ‘ unknown person with all the strength that was left me.

‘ Having gone some paces, I spied through the bran-
 ‘ ches of the trees a man on horseback, with a lady, who
 ‘ struggled to get loose, and at times calling aloud for
 ‘ succour.

‘ This sight inflaming me with rage against that im-
 ‘ pious ravisher, I flew towards him ; and when I came
 ‘ within hearing—

“ Hold, wretch !” cried I, “ and cease to offer vio-
 “ lence to that lady, whom thou bearest away by force ;
 “ or prepare to defend thyself against one who will die
 “ before

“before he will suffer thee to prosecute thy unjust designs.”

‘The man, without answering me, clapped spurs to his horse; and it would have been impossible to have overtaken him, had not my own horse, which had never quitted the forest, appeared in my view: I quickly mounted him, and followed the track the ravisher had taken, with such speed, that I came up with him in a moment.

“Caitiff!” said I, “release the lady, and defend thyself.” These words, which I accompanied with a thundering blow upon his head-piece, obliged him to set down the lady, who implored heaven, with the utmost ardour, to grant me the victory; and, recoiling back a few paces, to take a view of me—

“I know not,” said he, “for what reason thou settest thyself to oppose my designs; but I well know, that thou shalt dearly repent of thy temerity.”

‘Saying this, he advanced furiously towards me, and aimed so heavy a blow at my head, that, had I not received it on my shield, I might haply have no longer been in a condition to defend the distressed lady: but having, with the greatest dexterity imaginable, avoided this blow, I made at him with so much fierceness, and directed my aims so well, that in a few moments I wounded him in several places; and his arms were all dyed with his blood.

‘This good success redoubled my vigour; and having, by a lucky stroke of my sword, cut the strings of his head-piece, it fell off; and his head being bare, I was going to let fall a dreadful blow upon it, which doubtless would have shivered it in a thousand pieces, when he cried out for quarter, and, letting fall his sword, by that action assured me my victory was entire.

“Live, wretch,” cried I, “since thou art base enough to value life after being vanquished: but swear upon my sword, that thou wilt never more attempt the liberty of that lady.”

‘While

‘ While I was speaking, I perceived he was no longer able to sit his horse ; but, staggering a moment, he fell off, and lay extended without motion upon the ground. Touched with compassion at this sight, I alighted, and supposing him to be in a swoon, was preparing to give him some assistance ; but upon my nearer approach, I found he was quite dead.

‘ Leaving therefore this mournful object, I turned about, with an intention to go and offer the distressed lady my farther help ; but I perceived her already at my feet. — “ Valiant knight,” said she, with a tone of voice so bewitching, that all my faculties were suspended, as by enchantment, “ suffer me, on my knees, to thank you for the deliverance you have procured me from that base man ; since to your admirable valour I owe not only the preservation of my life, but, what is infinitely dearer to me, my honour.”

‘ The astonishment wherewith I beheld the miraculous beauty that appeared before me, kept me a moment in such an attentive gaze, that I forgot she was at my feet : recollecting myself, however, with some confusion at my neglect—

“ Oh, rise, Madam !” cried I, helping her up with infinite respect, “ and debase not such perfection to a posture, in which all the monarchs on the earth might glory to appear before it.”

‘ That you may the better conceive the alteration which the sight of this fair unknown produced in my soul, I will endeavour to give you a description of her beauty, which was altogether miraculous.’

CHAP. IX.

In which the Reader will find a description of a Beauty, in a Style truly sublime.

‘ THE new fallen snow,’ pursued Sir George, was tanned, in comparison of the refined purity of that white which made up the ground of her complexion ; and though fear had a little gathered the carnations of her cheeks, yet her joy at being delivered seemed

‘ seemed to plant them there with such fresh advantages,
‘ that any eye might shrink at the brightness of that
‘ mingled lustre ; her mouth, as well for shape as colour,
‘ might shame the imitation of the best pencils, and the
‘ liveliest tints ; and though through some petty intervals
‘ of joy, it wanted the smiles which grief and terror se-
‘ questered, yet she never opened it, but, like the east, at
‘ the birth of a beautiful day, and then discovered trea-
‘ sures, whose excelling whiteness made the price inesti-
‘ mable : all the features of her face had so near a kin-
‘ dred to proportion and symmetry, as the several mas-
‘ ters of Apelles’s art might have called it his glory to
‘ have copied beauties from her, as the best of models ;
‘ the circumference of her visage shewed the extremes of
‘ an imperfect circle, and almost formed it to a perfect
‘ oval ; and this abridgment of marvels was tapered by
‘ a pair of the brightest stars that ever were lighted up
‘ by the hand of nature ; as their colour was the same
‘ with the heavens, there was a spherical harmony in
‘ their motion, and that mingled with a vivacity so pe-
‘ netrating, as neither the firmest eye, nor the strongest
‘ soul, could arm themselves with a resistance of proof
‘ against those pointed glories ; her head was crowned
‘ with a prodigious quantity of fair long hair, which co-
‘ lour as fitly suited the beauty of her eyes, as imagina-
‘ tion could make it : to these marvels of face were join-
‘ ed the rest of her neck, hands, and shape ; and there
‘ seemed a contest between the form and whiteness of the
‘ two former, which had the largest commission from na-
‘ ture to work wonders.

‘ In fine, her beauty was miraculous, and could not
‘ fail of producing a sudden effect upon a heart like
‘ mine.

‘ Having passed in an instant from the extreme ad-
‘ miration to something yet more tender, I reiterated my
‘ offers of service to the fair unknown ; who told me she
‘ feared her father had occasion for some assistance, her
‘ ravisher having left his men to engage him, and keep
‘ off his pursuit, while he rode off with his prize ; here-
‘ upon

‘ upon I begged her to direct me to the place where she
‘ left her father, assuring her I would gladly venture my
‘ life a second time, to preserve his; and she desiring to
‘ go with me, I placed her before me on my horse, and
‘ had the exquisite pleasure of supporting with my arms
‘ the fairest and most admirable creature in the world.

‘ In less than half an hour, which had appeared to me
‘ but a moment, we got to the place where she had been
‘ torn from her father; whom we beheld with three of his
‘ servants, maintaining a fight against twice as many
‘ of their enemies.

‘ Having gently set down the beauteous unknown upon
‘ the grass, I flew to the relief of her father; and, throw-
‘ ing myself furiously among his assailants, dispatched
‘ two of them with so many blows: the others seeing so
‘ unexpected an assistance, gave back a little, and I took
‘ advantage of their consternation, to redouble my blows,
‘ and brought two more of them at my feet.

‘ There remained now but four to overcome; and my
‘ arrival having given new vigour to those whose part I
‘ had taken, they seconded me so well, that we soon had
‘ nothing more left to do; for the rest, seeing their com-
‘ rades slain, sought their safety in flight: we were too
‘ generous to pursue them, the blood of such wretches
‘ being unworthy to be shed by our swords.

‘ The fair unknown, seeing us conquerors, flew to
‘ embrace her father; who, holding her pressed between
‘ his arms, turned his eyes upon me; then quitting her,
‘ came towards me, and in the most obliging terms ima-
‘ ginable, returned me thanks for the assistance I had
‘ brought him; and being informed, by his daughter,
‘ of what I had done for her preservation, this old gen-
‘ tleman renewed his acknowledgments, calling me the
‘ preserver of his life, the valiant defender of his daugh-
‘ ter’s honour, his tutelary angel, and the guardian of
‘ his house.

‘ In fine, he loaded me with so many thanks and
‘ praises, that I could not chuse but be in some confu-

‘ sion; and to put an end to them, I begged he would
‘ inform me by what means he came into that misfortune.

‘ He told me, that, residing in a castle at the extre-
‘ mity of this forest, the charms of his daughter had
‘ captivated a neighbouring lord, whose character and
‘ person being disagreeable both to her and himself, he
‘ had absolutely refused to give her to him: [thereupon
‘ he had set upon them as they were going to visit a re-
‘ lation at some distance, and dragging Philonice out of
‘ the coach, put her before him on his horse, and car-
‘ ried her away, leaving eight of his men to engage him
‘ and his servants; who, being but four in number,
‘ must inevitably have perished, had I not come to his
‘ relief, and by my miraculous valour, vanquished all
‘ his enemies.

‘ Saying this, he desired me to go home with him to
‘ the castle; and having led his daughter to the coach,
‘ insisted upon my placing myself next her; and getting
‘ in himself, ordered them to return home.

‘ This accident having altered his design of making
‘ the visit which [had been the occasion of this journey—

‘ The baron, for that I found was his title, enter-
‘ tained me all the way with repeated expressions of ac-
‘ knowledgments and tenderness; and the incomparable
‘ Philonice condescended also to assure me of her grati-
‘ tude for the service I had done her.

‘ At our arrival at the castle, I perceived it was very
‘ large and magnificent; the baron conducted me to one
‘ of the best apartments, and would stay in the room till
‘ my armour was taken off, that he might be assured I
‘ had received no hurts; having rendered him the like
‘ civility in his own chamber, and satisfied myself he was
‘ not wounded, we returned to the beautiful Philonice;
‘ and this second sight having finished my defeat, I re-
‘ mained so absolutely her slave, that neither Dorothea
‘ nor Sydimiris were more passionately beloved.

‘ At the earnest entreaty of the baron, I staid some
‘ weeks in the castle; during which, the daily sight of
‘ Philonice so augmented my flames, that I was no longer
‘ in

' in a condition to conceal them; but, fearing to dis-
 ' please that divine beauty by a confession of my passion,
 ' I languished in secret; and the constraint I laid upon
 ' myself gave me such torments, that I fell into a pro-
 ' found melancholy, and looked so pale and dejected,
 ' that the baron was sensible of the alteration, and con-
 ' jured me, in the most pressing terms, to acquaint him
 ' with the cause of my uneasiness: but though I conti-
 ' nued obstinately silent with my tongue, yet my eyes
 ' spoke intelligibly enough; and the blushes which ap-
 ' peared in the fair cheeks of Philonice, whenever she
 ' spoke to me on the subject of my grief, convinced me
 ' she was not ignorant of my passion.

' At length the agitation of my mind throwing me
 ' into a fever, the baron, who was firmly persuaded that
 ' my illness proceeded from some concealed vexation,
 ' pressed me continually to declare myself; and, finding
 ' all his entreaties ineffectual, he commanded his daugh-
 ' ter to endeavour to find out the cause of that grief
 ' which had put me into such a condition.

' For that purpose, therefore, having brought the fair
 ' Philonice into my chamber, he staid a few minutes;
 ' and leaving the room under pretence of business, Phi-
 ' lonice remained alone by my bed-side, her women, out
 ' of respect, staying at the other end of the chamber.

' This divine person seeing herself alone with me, and
 ' remembering her father's command, blushed, and cast
 ' down her eyes in such apparent confusion, that I could
 ' not help observing it: and interpreting it to the dis-
 ' pleasure she took in being so near me——

" Whatever joy I take in the honour your visit does
 " me, Madam," said I, in a weak voice; " yet, since
 " nothing is so dear to me as your satisfaction, I would
 " rather dispense with this mark of your goodness to an
 " unfortunate wretch, than see you in the least constraint."

" And why," replied she, with a tone full of sweet-
 ' ness, " do you suppose that I am here by constraint,
 " when it would be more just to believe, that in visiting
 " the

“ the valiant defender of my honour, and the life of my
“ father, I only follow my own inclinations ?”

“ Ah, Madam !” said I, transported with joy at so
“ favourable a speech, the little service I had the happi-
“ ness to do you, does not merit so infinite a favour ; and
“ though I had lost the best part of my blood in your de-
“ fence, I should have been well rewarded with your
“ safety.”

“ Since you do not repent of what you have done,”
“ replied she, “ I am willing to be obliged to you for
“ another favour ; and ask it with the greater hope of
“ obtaining it, as I must acquaint you, it is by my fa-
“ ther’s command I take that liberty, who is much in-
“ terested in my success.”

“ There is no occasion, Madam,” returned I, “ to
“ make use of any interest but your own, to engage me
“ to obey you, since that is, and ever will be, all-power-
“ ful with me : speak then, Madam, and let me know
“ what it is you desire of me, that I may, once in my
“ life, have the glory of obeying you.”

“ It is,” said she, blushing still more than before,
“ that you will acquaint us with the cause of that melan-
“ choly, which has, as we imagine, occasioned your
“ present illness.”

“ At these words I trembled, turned pale ; and, not
“ daring to discover the true cause of my affliction, I re-
“ mained in a profound silence.”

“ I see,” said the beautiful Philonice, “ that you
“ have no inclination to obey me ; and since my request
“ has, as I perceive, given you some disturbance, I will
“ prevail upon my father to press you no farther upon this
“ subject.”

“ No, Madam,” said I, eagerly ; “ the baron shall
“ be satisfied, and you shall be obeyed ; though, after
“ the knowledge of my crime, you doom me to that
“ death I so justly merit.”

“ Yes, Madam, this unfortunate man, who has had
“ the glory to acquire your esteem by the little service he
“ did you, has cancelled the merit of that service by dar-
“ ing to adore you. “ I love

“ I love you, divine Philonice; and not being able
 “ either to repent, or cease to be guilty of loving you, I
 “ am resolved to die, and spare you the trouble of pro-
 “ nouncing my sentence. I beseech you therefore to be-
 “ lieve, that I would have died in silence, but for your
 “ command to declare myself; and you should never
 “ have known the excess of my love and despair, had not
 “ my obedience to your will obliged me to confess it.”

‘ I finished these words with so much fear and confu-
 ‘ sion, that I durst not lift my eyes up to the fair face of
 ‘ Philonice, to observe how she received this discourse:
 ‘ I waited therefore, trembling, for her answer; but find-
 ‘ ing that in several minutes she spoke not a word, I ven-
 ‘ tured at last to cast a languishing glance upon the vi-
 ‘ sage I adored, and saw so many marks of disorder
 ‘ upon it, that I was almost dead with the apprehensions
 ‘ of having offended her beyond even the hope of pro-
 ‘ curing her pardon by my death.’

CHAP. X.

*Wherein Sir George concludes his History; which produces
 an unexpected Effect.*

‘ **T**HE silence of Philonice,’ continued Sir George,
 ‘ pierced me to the heart; and when I saw her rise
 ‘ from her seat, and prepare to go away without speaking,
 ‘ grief took such possession of my spirits, that, uttering
 ‘ a cry, I fell into a swoon, which, as I afterwards was
 ‘ informed, greatly alarmed the beautiful Philonice; who,
 ‘ resuming her seat, had the goodness to assist her women
 ‘ in bringing me to myself; and, when I opened my eyes,
 ‘ I had the satisfaction to behold her still by me, and all
 ‘ the signs of compassion in her face.

‘ This sight a little re-assuring me, “ I ask your par-
 “ don, Madam,” said I, “ for the condition in which I
 “ have appeared before you, and also for that I am not
 “ yet dead, as is doubtless your wish. But I will make
 “ haste,” pursued I, sighing, “ to fulfil your desires;
 “ and you shall soon be freed from the sight of a misera-
 “ ble wretch, who to his last moment will not cease to
 “ adore you.”

“ It



FEMALE QUIXOTE.
Arabella concealing herself behind the trees
to listen to the complainings of the Princess
of Gaul, for the desertion of her lover.
Vide Vol. II. Book 9. Chap. 3. Page 186.

Drawn by R. Corbould. Ornamented by B. W. Satchwell. Engraved by C. Warren for C. Cooke Aug^r 1799.

“It is not your death that I desire,” said the fair Philonice; “and after having preserved both my father and me from death, it is not reasonable that we should suffer you to die if we can help it.”

“Live, therefore, Bellmour,” pursued she, blushing; “and live, if possible, without continuing in that weakness I cannot chuse but condemn: yet, whatever are your thoughts for the future, remember that your death will be a fault I cannot resolve to pardon.”

“Speaking these words without giving me time to answer, she left my chamber; and I found something so sweet and favourable in them, that I resolved to obey her, and forward my cure as much as I was able: however, the agitation of spirits increased my fever so much, that my life was despaired of.

“The baron hardly ever left my bed-side. Philonice came every day to see me, and seemed extremely moved at the danger I was in. One day, when I was worse than usual, she came close to the bed side, and, opening the curtain—

“What, Bellmour!” said she, “do you pay so little obedience to my commands that you resolve to die?”

“Heaven is my witness, Madam,” said I, faintly, “that nothing is so dear and sacred to me as your commands! and since, out of your superlative goodness, you are pleased to have some care for my life, I would preserve it to obey you, were it in my power; but, alas! Madam, I strive in vain to repel the violence of my distemper.”

“In a few days more I was reduced to the last extremity; it was then that the fair Philonice discovered that she did not hate me; for she made no scruple to weep before me; and those tears she so liberally shed had so powerful an effect upon my mind, that the contentment I felt communicated itself to my body, and gave such a turn to my distemper, that my recovery was not only hoped, but expected. The baron expressed his satisfaction at this alteration, by the most affectionate expressions; and though the fair Philonice said very little, yet I perceived, by the joy that appeared in her fair eyes,

‘ eyes, that she was not less interested in my recovery
‘ than her father.

‘ The physicians having declared me out of danger, the
‘ baron, who had taken his resolutions long before, came
‘ one day into my chamber, and ordering those who at-
‘ tended me to leave us alone—“ Prince,” said he, for
‘ in recounting my history to him I had disclosed my true
‘ quality, “ I am not ignorant of that affection you bear
‘ my daughter, and am sensible it has occasioned the ex-
‘ tremity to which we have seen you reduced: had you
‘ been pleased to acquaint me with your sentiments, you
‘ would have avoided those displeasures you have suffered;
‘ for though your birth were not so illustrious as it is, yet,
‘ preferring virtue to all other advantages, I should have
‘ esteemed my daughter honoured by your love, and have
‘ freely bestowed her on you; but since to those rare qua-
‘ lities wherewith heaven has so liberally endowed you,
‘ you add also that of a birth so noble, doubt not but I
‘ shall think myself highly favoured by your alliance. If,
‘ therefore, your thoughts of my daughter be not changed,
‘ and you esteem her worthy to be your bride, I here so-
‘ lemnly promise you to bestow her upon you as soon as
‘ you are perfectly recovered.”

‘ I leave you to guess, Madam, the joy which I felt at
‘ this discourse; it was so great, that it would not permit
‘ me to thank him, as I should have done, for the inesti-
‘ mable blessing he bestowed on me. I saw Philonice a
‘ few minutes after; and, being commanded by her father
‘ to give me her hand, she did so without any marks of re-
‘ luctance; and having respectfully kissed it, I vowed to be
‘ her slave for ever.

‘ Who would have imagined,’ continued Sir George,
with a profound sigh, ‘ that fortune, while she thus seemed
‘ to flatter me, was preparing to make me suffer the sever-
‘ est torments? I began now to leave my bed, and was able
‘ to walk about my chamber. The baron was making
‘ great preparations for our nuptials; when one night I
‘ was alarmed with the cries of Philonice’s women, and a
‘ few moments after the baron came into my chamber with
‘ a distracted air. “ O son!” cried he, for so he always
‘ called me, “ now Philonice is lost both to you and me;
‘ she

“ she is carried off by force, and I am preparing to follow and rescue her, if possible; but I fear my endeavours will be fruitless, since I know not which way her ravishers have taken.”

“ Oh, Sir!” cried I, transported both with grief and rage, “ you shall not go alone: her rescue belongs to me; and I will effect it, or perish in the attempt!”

‘ The baron having earnestly conjured me not to expose myself to the danger of a relapse by so imprudent a resolution, was obliged to quit me, word being brought him that his horse was ready; and as soon as he was gone out of the room, in spite of all that could be said to prevent me, by my attendants, I made them put on my armour; and mounting a horse I had caused to be made ready, sallied furiously out of the castle, breathing out vows of vengeance against the wretch who had robbed me of Philonice.—I rode the whole night without stopping. Day appeared, when I found myself near a small village. I entered it, and made strict enquiry after the ravisher of Philonice, describing that fair creature, and offering vast rewards to any who could bring me the least intelligence of her: but all was in vain; I could make no discovery.

‘ After travelling several days, to no purpose, I returned to the castle, in order to know if the baron had been more successful in his pursuit than myself; but I found him oppressed with grief: he had heard no tidings of his daughter, and had suffered no small apprehensions upon my account. Having assured him I found myself very able to travel, I took an affectionate leave of him, promising him never to give over my search, till I had found the divine Philonice; but Heaven has not permitted me that happiness; and though I have spent several years in search for her, I have never been able to discover where she is: time has not cured me of my grief for her loss; and, though by an effect of my destiny, another object possesses my soul, yet I do not cease to deplore her misfortune, and to offer up vows for her happiness.’

‘ And

‘And is this all you have to say?’ said Arabella, whom the latter part of his history had extremely surpris-
ed; ‘or are we to expect a continuance of your adven-
‘tures?’—‘I have faithfully related all my adventures
‘that are worth your hearing, Madam,’ returned Sir
George: ‘and I flatter myself, you will do me the jus-
‘tice to own, that I have been rather unfortunate than
‘faithless; and that Mr. Glanville had little reason to
‘tax me with inconstancy.’

‘In my opinion,’ resumed Arabella, ‘Mr. Glanville
‘spoke too favourably of you, when he called you only
‘inconstant; and if he had added the epithet of ungrate-
‘ful and unjust, he would have marked your character
‘better. For, in fine, Sir,’ pursued she, ‘you will
‘never persuade any reasonable person, that your being
‘able to lose the remembrance of the fair and generous
‘Sydimiris, in your new passion for Philonice, was not
‘an excess of levity; but your suffering so tamely the
‘loss of this last beauty, and allowing her to remain in the
‘hands of her ravisher, while you permit another affec-
‘tion to take possession of your soul, is such an outrage to
‘all truth and constancy, that you deserve to be ranked
‘among the falsest of mankind.’

‘Alas! Madam,’ replied Sir George, (who had not foreseen the inference Arabella would draw from this last adventure) ‘what would you have an unfortunate
‘man, whose hopes have been so often and so cruelly
‘disappointed, do? I have bewailed the loss of Philo-
‘nice, with a deluge of tears; I have taken infinite
‘pains to find her, but to no purpose; and when Heaven,
‘compassionating my sufferings, presented to my eyes an
‘object to whom the whole world ought to pay adoration,
‘how could I resist that powerful impulse, which forced
‘me to love what appeared so worthy of my affection?’

‘Call not,’ interrupted Arabella, ‘that an irresisti-
‘ble impulse, which was only the effect of thy own
‘changing humour: the same excuse might be plead d
‘for all the faults we see committed in the world; and
‘men would no longer be answerable for their own
‘crimes.’

‘ crimes. Had you imitated the illustrious heroes of an-
‘ tiquity, as well in the constancy of their affections, as,
‘ it must be confessed, you have done in their admirable
‘ valour, you would now be either fighting in your cave
‘ for the loss of the generous Sydimiris, or wandering
‘ through the world in search of the beautiful Philonice.
‘ Had you persevered in your affection, and continued
‘ your pursuit of that fair-one, you would, perhaps, ere
‘ this, have found her sleeping under the shade of a tree
‘ in some lone forest, as Philodaspes did his admirable
‘ Delia, or disguised in a slave’s habit, as Ariobarhanes
‘ saw his divine Olympia; or bound haply in a chariot,
‘ and have had the glory of freeing her, as Ambriomer
‘ did the beautiful Agione; or in a ship in the hands of
‘ pirates, like the incomparable Eliza; or—’

‘ Enough, dear niece,’ interrupted Sir Charles; ‘ you
‘ have quoted examples sufficient, if this inconstant man
‘ would have the grace to follow them.’

‘ True, Sir,’ replied Arabella; ‘ and I would recom-
‘ mend to his consideration the conduct of those illustrious
‘ persons I have named, to the end, that pursuing their
‘ steps, he may arrive at their glory and happiness, that
‘ is the reputation of being perfectly constant, and the
‘ possession of his mistress—and be assured, Sir,’ pursued
Arabella, looking at Sir George, ‘ that Heaven will
‘ never restore you the crown of your ancestors, and place
‘ you upon the throne to which you pretend, while you
‘ make yourself unworthy of its protection, by so shame-
‘ ful an inconstancy.—I perhaps speak with too much
‘ freedom to a great prince; whom though fortune has
‘ despoiled of his dominions, is entitled to a certain de-
‘ gree of respect: but, I conceive, it belongs to me, in
‘ a particular manner, to resent the baseness of that
‘ crime to which you are pleased to make me the excuse,
‘ and, looking upon myself as dishonoured by those
‘ often prostituted vows you have offered me, I am to tell
‘ you, that I am highly disobliged; and forbid you to
‘ appear in my presence again, till you have resumed
‘ those thoughts, which are worthy your noble extrac-

‘tion; and are capable of treating me with that respect which is my due.’ Saying this, she rose from her seat, and walked very majestically out of the room, leaving Sir George overwhelmed with shame and vexation at having conducted the latter part of his narration so ill; and drawn upon himself a sentence which deprived him of all his hopes.

CHAP. XI.

Containing only a few Inferences, drawn from the foregoing Chapters.

MR. Glanville, excessively delighted with this event, could not help laughing at the unfortunate baronet; who seemed, by his silence, and down-cast looks, to expect it.

‘Who would have imagined,’ said he, ‘that so renowned a hero would have tarnished the glory of his laurels, as my cousin says, by so base an ingratitude? Indeed, prince,’ pursued he, laughing, ‘you must resolve to recover your reputation, either by retiring again to your cave, and living upon bitter herbs, for the generous Sydimiris; or else wander through the world in search of the divine Philonice.’

‘Don’t triumph, dear Charles,’ replied Sir George, laughing in his turn; ‘have a little compassion upon me, and confess, that nothing could be more unfortunate than that damn’d slip I made at the latter end of my history: but for that, my reputation for courage and constancy had been as high as the great Oroondates or Juba.’—‘Since you have so fertile an invention,’ said Sir Charles, ‘you may easily repair this mistake. Ods-heart! it is pity you are not poor enough to be an author; you would occupy a garret in Grub-Street, with great fame to yourself, and diversion to the public.’

‘Oh! Sir,’ cried Sir George, ‘I have stock enough by me to set up for an author to-morrow, if I please: I have no less than five tragedies, some quite, others almost, finished; three or four essays on virtue, happiness,

‘ piness, &c. three thousand lines of an epic poem; half
 ‘ a dozen epitaphs; a few acrostics; and a long string
 ‘ of puns, that would serve to embellish a daily paper,
 ‘ if I was disposed to write one.’

‘ Nay, then,’ interrupted Mr. Glanville, ‘ you are
 ‘ qualified for a critic at the Bedford Coffee House;
 ‘ where, with the rest of your brothers, demi-wits,
 ‘ you may sit in judgment upon the productions of a
 ‘ Young, a Richardson, or a Johnson; rail with pre-
 ‘ meditated malice at the Rambler; and, for the want
 ‘ of faults, turn even its inimitable beauties into ridi-
 ‘ cule: the language, because it reaches to perfection,
 ‘ may be called stiff, laboured, and pedantic; the criti-
 ‘ cisms, when they let in more light than your weak
 ‘ judgment can bear, superficial and ostentatious glitter:
 ‘ and because those papers contain the finest system of
 ‘ ethics, yet extant, damn the queer fellow, for over
 ‘ propping virtue; an excellent new phrase! which those
 ‘ who can find no meaning in, may accommodate with
 ‘ one of their own; then give shrewd hints, that some
 ‘ persons, though they do not publish their performances,
 ‘ may have more merit than those that do.’

‘ Upon my soul, Charles,’ said Sir George, ‘ thou
 ‘ art such an ill-natured fellow, that I am afraid thou
 ‘ wilt be sneering at me when I am gone; and wilt en-
 ‘ deavour to persuade Lady Bella, that not a syllable of
 ‘ my story is true. Speak,’ pursued he, ‘ wilt thou
 ‘ have the cruelty to deprive me of my lawful claim to
 ‘ the great kingdom of Kent; and rob me of the glory
 ‘ of fighting singly against five hundred men?’

‘ I do not know,’ said Sir Charles, ‘ whether my niece
 ‘ be really imposed upon, by the gravity with which
 ‘ you told your surprising history; but I protest I
 ‘ thought you were in earnest at first, and that you meant
 ‘ to make us believe it all to be fact.’

‘ You are so fitly punished,’ said Mr. Glanville, ‘ for
 ‘ that ill-judged adventure you related last, by the bad
 ‘ opinion Lady Bella entertains of you, that I need not
 ‘ add to your misfortune; and, therefore, you shall be
 ‘ Prince

‘ Prince Veridomer, if you please ; since, under that
 ‘ character, you are obliged not to pretend to any lady,
 ‘ but the incomparable Philonice.’

Sir George, who understood his meaning, went home to think of some means by which he might draw himself out of the embarrassment he was in ; and Mr. Glanville, as he had promised, did not endeavour to undeceive Lady Bella with regard to the history he had feigned, being very well satisfied with his having put it out of his power to make his addresses to her, since she now looked upon him as the lover of Philonice.

As for Sir Charles, he did not penetrate into the meaning of Sir George’s story ; and only imagined, that, by relating such a heap of adventures, he had a design to entertain the company, and give a proof of the facility of his invention ; and Miss Glanville, who supposed he had been ridiculing her cousin’s strange notions, was better pleased with him than ever.

Arabella, however, was less satisfied than any of them ; she could not endure to see so brave a knight, who drew his birth from a race of kings, tarnish the glory of his gallant actions by so base a perfidy.

‘ Alas !’ said she to herself, ‘ how much reason has
 ‘ the beautiful Philonice to accuse me for all the anguish
 ‘ she suffers ! since I am the cause that the ungrateful
 ‘ prince, on whom she bestows her affections, suffers
 ‘ her to remain quietly in the hands of her ravisher,
 ‘ without endeavouring to rescue her.—But, oh ! too
 ‘ lovely and unfortunate fair-one,’ said she, as if she
 had been present, and listening to her, ‘ distinguish, I
 ‘ beseech you, between those faults which the will and
 ‘ those which necessity makes us commit. I am the
 ‘ cause, it is true, of thy lover’s infidelity ; but I am
 ‘ the innocent cause, and would repair the evils my fatal
 ‘ beauty gives rise to, by any sacrifice in my power to
 ‘ make.’—While Arabella, by her romantic generosity, bewailed the imaginary afflictions of the full as imaginary Philonice, Mr. Glanville, who thought the solitude
 ‘ she

she lived in, confirmed her in her absurd and ridiculous notions, desired his father to press her to go to London.

Sir Charles complied with his request, and earnestly entreated her to leave the castle, and spend a few months in town. Her year of mourning being now expired, she consented to go; but Sir Charles, who did not think his son's health absolutely confirmed, proposed to spend a few weeks at Bath; which was readily complied with by Arabella.

END OF THE SIXTH BOOK.

BOOK VII.

CHAP. I.

For the Shortness of which the Length of the next shall make some Amends.

SIR George, to gratify Arabella's humour, had not presumed to come to the castle for several days; but hearing that they were preparing to leave the country, he wrote a short billet to her; and, in the style of romance, most humbly entreated her to grant him a moment's audience.—Arabella being informed by Lucy, to whom Sir George's gentleman had addressed himself, that he had brought a letter from his master, she ordered her to bring him to her apartment, and as soon as he appeared—

‘How comes it,’ said she, ‘that the prince, your master, has had the presumption to importune me again, after my absolute commands to the contrary?’

‘The prince my master, Madam!’ said the man, excessively surprised.

‘Aye!’ said Arabella, ‘are you not Sir George’s squire? And does he not trust you with his most secret thoughts?’

‘I belong to Sir George Bellmour, Madam,’ replied the man, who did not understand what she meant. ‘I have not the honour to be a squire.’

‘No!’ interrupted Arabella; ‘it is strange then that
‘he

‘ he should have honoured you with his commission.—

‘ Pray, what is it you come to request for him?’

‘ My master, Madam,’ said he, ‘ ordered me to get
‘ this letter delivered to your ladyship, and to stay for
‘ your commands.’

‘ You would persuade me,’ said she, sternly, being
provoked that he did not deliver the letter upon his
knees, as was the custom in romances, ‘ that you are
‘ not acquainted with the purport of this audacious bil-
‘ let, since you express so little fear of my displeasure;
‘ but know, presumptuous, that I am mortally offended
‘ with your master, for his daring to suppose I would
‘ read this proof at once of his insolence and infidelity;
‘ and were you worth my resentment, I would haply
‘ make you suffer for your want of respect to me.’

The poor man, surprised and confounded at her anger,
and puzzled extremely to understand what she meant,
was opening his mouth to say something, it is probable,
in his own defence, when Arabella preventing him—

‘ I know what thou wouldst say,’ said she: ‘ thou
‘ wouldst abuse my patience by a false detail of thy
‘ master’s sighs, tears, exclamations, and despair.’

‘ Indeed, Madam, I don’t intend to say any such
‘ thing,’ replied the man.

‘ No!’ repeated Arabella, a little disappointed, ‘ Bear
‘ back this presumptuous billet, then, which I suppose
‘ contains the melancholy account; and tell him, he
‘ that could so soon forget the generous Sydimiris for
‘ Philonice, and could afterwards be false to that incom-
‘ parable beauty, is not a person worthy to adore Ara-
‘ bella.’—The man, who could not tell what to make of
this message, and feared he should forget these too hard
names, humbly entreated her to be pleased to acquaint
his master by a line with her intentions. Arabella, sup-
posing he meant to importune her still more, made a sign
with her hand, very majestically, for him to be gone;
but he, not able to comprehend her meaning, stood still
with an air of perplexity, not daring to beg her to ex-
plain

plain herself, supposing she, by that sign, required something of him.

‘Why dost thou not obey my commands?’ said Arabella, finding he did not go.

‘I will, to be sure, Madam,’ replied he; wishing at the same time secretly she would let him know what they were.

‘And yet,’ said she, hastily, ‘thou art disobeying me this moment: did I not bid you get out of my presence, and to speak no more of your inconstant master, whose crimes have rendered him the detestation of all generous persons whatever?’

Sir George’s messenger, extremely surprised at so harsh a character of his master, and the rage with which the lady seemed to be actuated, made haste to get out of her apartment; and, at his return, informed his master, very exactly, of the reception he had met with, repeating all Lady Bella’s words; which, notwithstanding the blunders he made in the names of Sydimiris and Philonice, Sir George understood well enough; and found new occasion of wondering at the excess of Arabella’s extravagance, who he never imagined would have explained herself in that manner to his servant.

Without endeavouring, therefore, to see Arabella, he went to pay his compliments to Sir Charles, Mr. Glanville, and Miss Glanville; to the last of whom he said some soft things, that made her extremely regret his staying behind them in the country.

CHAP. II.

Not so long as was first intended; but contains, however, a surprising Adventure on the Road.

THE day of their departure being come, they set out in a coach and six, attended by several servants on horse-back. The first days journey passed off without any accident worthy relating; but, towards the close of the second, they were alarmed by the appearance of three highwaymen, well mounted, at a small distance.

One

One of the servants, who had first spied them, immediately rode up to the coach; and, for fear of alarming the ladies, whispered Mr. Glanville in the ear.

Sir Charles, who was sitting next his son, and had heard it, cried out, with too little caution, ‘How’s this? Are we in any danger of being attacked, say you?’

Mr. Glanville, without replying, jumped out of the coach; at which Miss Glanville screamed out; and, lest her father should follow, sprung into her brother’s seat, and held him fast by the coat.

Arabella, being in a strange consternation at all this, put her head out of the coach, to see what was the matter; and, observing three or four men of a genteel appearance, on horseback, who seemed to halt, and gaze on them, without offering to advance—

‘Sir,’ said she to her uncle, ‘are yonder knights the persons whom you suppose will attack us?’

‘Aye, aye,’ said Sir Charles, ‘they are knights of the road indeed: I suppose we shall have a bout with them; for it will be scandalous to deliver, since we have the odds of our side, and are more than a match for them.’

Arabella, interpreting these words in her own way, looked out again; and, seeing the robbers, who had by this time taken their resolution, galloping towards them, her cousin and the servants ranging themselves of each side of the coach, as if to defend them—

‘Hold, hold, valiant men,’ said she, as loud as she could speak, addressing herself to the highwaymen; ‘do not, by a mistaken generosity, hazard your lives in a combat, to which the laws of honour do not oblige you: we are not violently carried away, as you falsely suppose; we go willingly along with these persons, who are our friends and relations.’

‘Hey-day!’ cried Sir Charles, staring at her with great surprise; ‘what’s the meaning of all this? Do you think these fellows will mind your fine speeches, niece?’—‘I hope they will, Sir,’ said she: then, pulling her cousin—‘Shew yourself, for heaven’s sake, Miss,’ pur-

sued she, 'and second my assurances, that we are not forced away: these generous men come to fight for our deliverance.'

The highwaymen, who were near enough to hear Arabella's voice, though they could not distinguish her words, gazed on her with great surprise; and, finding they would be very well received, thought fit to abandon their enterprize, and galloped away as fast as they were able. Some of the servants made a motion to pursue them; but Mr. Glanville forbade it; and, entering again into the coach, congratulated the ladies upon the escape they had had.

'Since these men,' said Arabella, 'did not come to deliver us, out of a mistaken notion, that we were carried away by force, it must necessarily follow, they had some bad design; and I protest I know not who to suspect is the author of it, unless the person you vanquished,' said she to Mr. Glanville, 'the other day in a single combat; for the disguised Edward, you assured me, was dead. But, perhaps,' continued she, 'it was some lover of Miss Glanville's who designed to make an attempt to carry her away: methinks he was too slenderly attended for such an hazardous undertaking.'

'I'll assure you, Madam,' said Miss Glanville, 'I have no lovers among highwaymen.'

'Highwaymen?' repeated Arabella.

'Why, aye, to be sure, Madam,' rejoined Sir Charles: 'what do you take them for?'

'For persons of quality, Sir,' resumed Arabella; 'and though they came, questionless, either upon a good or bad design, yet it cannot be doubted, but that their birth is illustrious; otherwise they would never pretend either to fight in our defence, or to carry us away.'—'I vow, niece,' said Sir Charles, 'I can't possibly understand you.'

'My cousin, Sir,' interrupted Mr. Glanville, 'has been mistaken in these persons: and has not yet, possibly, believed them to be highwaymen who came to rob us.'

I

'There

‘There is no question, Sir,’ said Arabella, smiling, ‘that if they did not come to defend us, they came to rob you: but it is hard to guess, which of us it was of whom they designed to deprive you; for it may very possibly be for my cousin’s sake, as well as mine, that this enterprize was undertaken.’

‘Pardon me, Madam,’ said Mr. Glanville, who was willing to prevent his father from answering her absurdities; ‘these men had no other design than to rob us of our money.’

‘How!’ said Arabella: ‘were these cavaliers, who appeared to be in so handsome a garb, that I took them for persons of prime quality, were they robbers? I have been strangely mistaken it seems: however, I apprehend there is no certainty that your suspicions are true; and it may still be as I say, that they either came to rescue or carry us away.’

Mr. Glanville to avoid a longer dispute, changed the discourse; having observed, with confusion, that Sir Charles and his sister seemed to look upon his beloved cousin as one that was out of her senses.

CHAP. III.

Which concludes with an authentic Piece of History.

ARABELLA, during the rest of this journey, was so wholly taken up in contemplating upon the last adventure, that she mixed but little in the conversation. Upon their drawing near Bath, the situation of that city afforded her the means of making a comparison between the valley in which it was placed, (with the amphitheatrical view of the hills around it) and the valley of Tempe.

‘It was in such a place as this,’ said she, pursuing her comparison, that the fair Andronice delivered the valiant Hortensius: and really I could wish our entrance into that city might be preceded by an act of equal humanity with that of that fair princess.’

‘For the gratification of that wish, Madam,’ said Mr.

Mr. Glanville, 'it is necessary some person should meet with a misfortune, out of which you might be able to relieve him; but I suppose the benevolence of your disposition may be equally satisfied with not finding any occasion, of exercising it when it is found.'

'Though it be not my fortune to meet with those occasions,' replied Arabella, 'there is no reason to doubt but others do, who possibly have less inclination to afford their assistance than myself: and it is possible, if any other than the princess of Messina had happened to pass by when Hortensius was in the hands of the Thessalians, he would not have been rescued from the ignominious death he was destined to, merely for killing a stork.'

'How!' interrupted Sir Charles, 'put a man to death for killing a stork! Ridiculous! Pray in what part of the world did that happen? Among the Indians of America, I suppose.'—'No, Sir,' said Arabella, 'in Thessaly; the fairest part in all Macedonia, famous for the beautiful valley of Tempe, which excited the curiosity of all travellers whatever.'

'No, not all, Madam,' returned Sir Charles; 'for I am acquainted with several travellers, who never saw it, nor even mentioned it; and if it is so famous as you say, I am surprised I never heard of it before.'

'I don't know,' said Arabella, 'what those travellers thought worthy of their notice; but I am certain, that if any chance should conduct me into Macedonia, I would not leave it till I saw the valley of Tempe, so celebrated by all the poets and historians.'

'Dear cousin,' cried Glanville, who could hardly forbear smiling, 'what chance, in the name of wonder, should take you into Turkey, at so great a distance from your own country?'—'And so,' said Sir Charles, 'this famous valley of Tempe is in Turkey. Why, you must be very fond of travelling, indeed, Lady Bella, if you would go into the Great Mogul's country, where the people are all Pagans, they say, and worship the devil.'

‘The country my cousin speaks of,’ said Mr. Glanville, ‘is in the Grand Signior’s dominions: the Great Mogul, you know, Sir’—‘Well,’ interrupted Sir Charles, ‘the Great Mogul, or the Grand Signior, I know not what you call him: but I hope my niece does not propose to go thither.’

‘Not unless I am forcibly carried thither,’ said Arabella; ‘but I do determine, if that misfortune should ever happen to me, that I would, if possible, visit the valley of Tempe, which is in that part of Greece they call Macedonia.’—‘Then I am persuaded,’ replied Sir Charles, ‘you’ll never see that famous vale you talk of; for it is not very likely you should be forcibly carried away into Turkey.’—‘And why do you think it unlikely that I should be carried thither?’ interrupted Arabella. ‘Do not the same things happen now, that did formerly? And is any thing more common, than ladies being carried, by their ravishers, into countries far distant from their own? May not the same accidents happen to me, that have happened to so many illustrious ladies before me? And may I not be carried into Macedonia by a similitude of destiny with that of a great many beautiful princesses, who, though born in the most distant quarters of the world, chanced to meet at one time in the city of Alexandria, and related their miraculous adventures to each other.’

‘And it was for that very purpose they met, Madam,’ said Mr. Glanville, smiling.—‘Why, truly,’ said Arabella, ‘it happened very luckily for each of them, that they were brought into a place where they found so many illustrious companions in misfortune, to whom they might freely communicate their adventures, which otherwise might, haply, have been concealed, or, at least, have been imperfectly delivered down to us: however,’ added she, smiling, ‘if I am carried into Macedonia, and by that means have an opportunity of visiting the famous vale of Tempe, I shall take care not to draw the resentment of the Thessalians upon me, by an indiscretion like that of Hortensius.’

‘For

‘For be pleased to know, Sir,’ said she, addressing herself to her uncle, ‘that his killing a stork, however inconsiderable a matter it may appear to us, was yet looked upon as a crime of a very atrocious nature among the Thessalians; for they have a law, which forbids, upon pain of death, the killing of storks; the reason for which is, that Thessaly being subject to be infested with a prodigious multitude of serpents, which are a delightful food to these sort of fowls, they look upon them as sacred birds sent by the gods to deliver them from these serpents and vipers: and though Hortensius, being a stranger, was pardoned through the intercession of the prince’s Andronice, they made him promise to send another stork into Thessaly, to the end that he might be reputed innocent.’

CHAP. IV.

In which one of our Heroine’s Whims is justified, by some others full as whimsical.

THIS piece of history, with Sir Charles’s remarks upon it, brought them into Bath. Their lodgings being provided before hand, the ladies retired to their different chambers, to repose themselves after the fatigue of their journey, and did not meet again till supper was on table; when Miss Glanville, who had eagerly enquired what company was then in the place, and heard there were a great many persons of fashion just arrived, prest Arabella to go to the pump-room the next morning, assuring her she would find a very agreeable amusement.

Arabella accordingly consented to accompany her; and being told the ladies went in an undress of a morning, she accommodated herself to the custom, and went in a negligent dress; but instead of a capuchin, she wore something like a veil, of black gauze, which covered almost all her face, and part of her waist, and gave her a very singular appearance.

Miss Glanville was too envious of her cousin’s superiority

riority in point of beauty, to inform her of any oddity in her dress, which she thought might expose her to the ridicule of those that saw her; and Mr. Gianville was too little a critic in ladies apparel, to be sensible that Arabella was not in the fashion; and since every thing she wore became her extremely, he could not chuse but think she drest admirably well: he handed her, therefore, with a great deal of satisfaction, into the Pump-room, which happened to be greatly crowded that morning.

The attention of most part of the company was immediately engaged by the appearance Lady Bella made. Strangers are here most strictly criticised, and every new object affords a delicious feast of raillery and scandal.

The ladies, alarmed at the singularity of her dress, crowded together in parties; and the words, 'Who can she be! Strange creature! Ridiculous!' and other exclamations of the same kind, were whispered very intelligibly.—The men were struck with her figure, veiled as she was. Her fine stature, the beautiful turn of her person, the grace and elegance of her motion, attracted all their notice: the phænomenon of the veil, however, gave them great disturbance. So lovely a person seemed to promise the owner had a face not unworthy of it; but that was totally hid from their view: for Arabella, at her entrance into the room, had pulled the gauze quite over her face, following therein the custom of the ladies in Clelia, and the Grand Cyrus, who, in mixed companies, always hid their faces with great care.

The wits and pretty fellows, railed at the envious covering, and compared her to the sun obscured by a cloud; while the beaux *dem'd* the horrid innovation, and expressed a fear, lest it should grow into a fashion.

Some of the wiser sort took her for a foreigner; others, of still more sagacity, supposed her a Scotch lady, covered with her plaid; and a third sort, infinitely wiser than either, concluded she was a Spanish nun, that had escaped from a convent, and had not yet quitted her veil.—Arabella, ignorant of the diversity of opinions to which her appearance gave rise, was taken up in discouraging

courting with Mr. Glanville upon the medicinal virtue of the springs, the œconomy of the baths, the nature of the diversions, and such other topics as the objects around them furnished her with.—In the mean time, Miss Glanville was got amidst a crowd of her acquaintance, who had hardly paid the civilities of a first meeting, before they eagerly enquired, who that lady she brought with her was.—Miss Glanville informed them, that she was her cousin, and daughter to the deceased Marquis of——, adding, with a sneer, that she had been brought up in the country; knew nothing of the world; and had some very peculiar notions, ‘As you may see,’ said she, ‘by that odd kind of covering she wears.’

Her name and quality were presently whispered all over the room; the men, hearing she was a great heiress, found greater beauties to admire in her person; the ladies, awed by the sanction of quality, dropt their ridicule on her dress, and began to quote examples of whims full as inexcusable.—One remembered that Lady J—F— always wore her ruffles reversed; that the Countess of——went to court in a farthingale; that the Duchess of——sat astride upon a horse; and a certain lady of great fortune, and nearly allied to quality, because she was not dignified with a title, invented a new one for herself; and directed her servants to say, in speaking to her, ‘*Your honouress*,’ which afterwards became a custom among all her acquaintance; who mortally offended her if they omitted that instance of respect.

CHAP. V.

Containing some historical Anecdotes, the Truth of which may possibly be doubted, as they are not to be found in any of the Historians.

AFTER a short stay in the room, Arabella expressing a desire to return home, Mr. Glanville conducted her out. Two gentlemen of his acquaintance attending Miss Glanville, Sir Charles detained them to breakfast, by which means they had an opportunity of satisfying their curiosity; and beheld Arabella divested of that

that veil, which had, as they said, (and it is probable they said no more than they thought) concealed one of the finest faces in the world.

Miss Glanville had the mortification to see both the gentlemen so charmed with the sight of her cousin's face, that for a long time she sat wholly neglected; but the seriousness of her behaviour giving some little disgust to the youngest of them, who was what the ladies call a pretty fellow, a dear creature, and the most diverting man in the world; he applied himself wholly to Miss Glanville, and soon engaged her in a particular conversation.—Mr. Selvin, so was the other gentleman called, was of a much graver cast; he affected to be thought deep-read in history, and never failed to take all opportunities of displaying his knowledge of antiquity, which was indeed but very superficial: but having some few anecdotes by heart, which he would take occasion to introduce as often as he could, he passed among many persons for one who, by application and study, had acquired an universal knowledge of ancient history.—Speaking of any particular circumstance, he would fix the time, by computing the year with the number of the Olympiads. ‘It happened,’ he would say, ‘in the 141st Olympiad.’

Such an amazing exactness had a suitable effect on his audience, and always procured him a great degree of attention.—This gentleman hitherto had no opportunity of displaying his knowledge of history, the discourse having wholly turned upon news, and other trifles; when Arabella, after some more inquiries concerning the place, remarked, that there was a very great difference between the medicinal waters at Bath, and the fine springs at the foot of the mountain Thermopylæ, in Greece, as well in their qualities, as manner of using them: ‘And I am of opinion,’ added she, ‘that Bath, famous as it is for restoring health, is less frequented by infirm persons, than the famous springs of Thermopylæ were by the beauties of Greece, to whom those waters have the reputation of giving new lustre.’—Mr. Selvin, who, with all his reading, had never met with any account of these celebrated

celebrated Grecian springs, was extremely disconcerted at not being able to continue a conversation, which the silence of the rest of the company made him imagine was directed wholly to him.

The shame he conceived at seeing himself opposed by a girl, in a matter which so immediately belonged to him, made him resolve to draw himself out of this dilemma at any rate; and, though he was far from being convinced, that there was no such springs at Thermopylæ as Arabella mentioned, yet he resolutely maintained that she must be mistaken in their situation; for, to his certain knowledge there were no medicinal waters at the foot of that mountain. Arabella, who could not endure to be contradicted in what she took to be so incontestable a fact, reddened with vexation at his unexpected denial.—‘It should seem,’ said she, ‘by your discourse, that you are unacquainted with many material passages that passed among very illustrious persons there; and if you knew any thing of Pisistratus the Athenian, you would know, that an adventure he had at those baths, laid the foundation of all those great designs, which he afterwards effected, to the total subversion of the Athenian government.’

Mr. Selvin, surprised that this piece of history had likewise escaped his observation, resolved, however, not to give up his point.—‘I think, Madam,’ replied he, with great self-sufficiency, ‘that I am pretty well acquainted with every thing which relates to the affairs of the Athenian common-wealth; and know by what steps Pisistratus advanced himself to the sovereignty.—It was, indeed, a great stroke of policy in him,’ said he, turning to Mr. Glanville, ‘to wound himself, in order to get a guard assigned him.’

‘You are mistaken, Sir,’ said Arabella, ‘if you believe there was any truth in the report of his having wounded himself; it was done either by his rival Lycurgus, or Theocritus; who believing him still to be in love with the fair Cerinthe, whom he courted, took that way to get rid of him: neither is it true, that
ambition

‘ambition alone inspired Pisistratus with a design of
 ‘enslaving his country; those authors who say so, must
 ‘know little of the springs and motives of his conduct.
 ‘It was neither ambition nor revenge that made him
 ‘act as he did; it was the violent affection he con-
 ‘ceived for the beautiful Cleorante, whom he first saw
 ‘at the famous baths of Thermopylæ, which put him
 ‘upon those designs; for, seeing that Lycurgus, who
 ‘was not his rival in ambition, but love, would cer-
 ‘tainly become the possessor of Cleorante, unless he
 ‘made himself tyrant of Athens, he had recourse to that
 ‘violent method, in order to preserve her for himself.’

‘I protest, Madam,’ said Mr. Selvin, casting down
 his eyes, in great confusion, at her superior know-
 ledge in history, ‘these particulars have all escaped my
 ‘notice; and this is the first time I ever understood that
 ‘Pisistratus was violently in love; and that it was not
 ‘ambition which made him aspire to sovereignty.’

‘I do not remember any mention of this in Plutarch,’
 continued he, rubbing his forehead, ‘or any of the au-
 ‘thors who have treated on the affairs of Greece.’

‘Very likely, Sir,’ replied Arabella; ‘but you
 ‘will see the whole story of Pisistratus’s love for Cleo-
 ‘rante, with the effects it produced, related at large in
 ‘Scudery.’—‘Scudery, Madam!’ said the sage Mr.
 Selvin, ‘I never read that historian.’—‘No, Sir!’ re-
 plied Arabella; ‘then your reading has been very con-
 ‘fined.’—‘I know, Madam,’ said he, ‘that Herodotus,
 ‘Thucydides, and Plutarch, have indeed quoted him
 ‘frequently.’—‘I am surprised, Sir,’ said Mr. Glan-
 ville, who was excessively diverted at this discovery of
 his great ignorance and affectation, ‘that you have
 ‘not read that famous historian; especially as the wri-
 ‘ters you have mentioned quote him so often.’

‘Why, to tell you the truth, Sir,’ said he, ‘though he
 ‘was a Roman, yet it is objected to him, that he wrote
 ‘but indifferent Latin; with no purity or elegance;
 ‘and’——‘You are quite mistaken, Sir,’ interrupted
 Arabella, ‘the great Scudery was a Frenchman; and
 both

‘both his Clelia and Artamanes were written in French.’
—‘A Frenchman was he?’ said Mr. Selvin, with a
lofty air: ‘Oh, then! it is not surprising that I have
‘not read him; I read no authors but the ancients,
‘Madam,’ added he, with a look of self-applause; ‘I
‘cannot relish the moderns at all; I have no taste for
‘their way of writing.’—‘But Scudery must needs be
‘more ancient than Thucydides, and the rest of those
‘Greek historians you mentioned,’ said Mr. Glanville:
‘how else could they quote him?’

Mr. Selvin was here so utterly at a loss, that he could not conceal his confusion; he held down his head, and continued silent; while the beau, who had listened to the latter part of their discourse, exerted his supposed talent of raillery against the unhappy admirer of the ancient authors; and increased his confusion by a thousand farcasms, which gave more diversion to himself than any body else.

CHAP. VI.

Which contains some excellent Rules for Raillery.

MR. Glanville, who had too much politeness and good-nature to insist too long upon the ridicule in the character of his acquaintance, changed the discourse; and Arabella, who had observed, with some concern, the ill judged raillery of the young beau, took occasion to decry that species of wit; and gave it, as her opinion, that it was very dangerous and unpleasing.

‘For, truly,’ said she, ‘it is almost impossible to use
‘it without being hated or feared; and whoever gets a
‘habit of it, is in danger of wronging all the laws of
‘friendship and humanity.

‘Certainly,’ pursued she, looking at the beau, ‘it is
‘extremely unjust to rally one’s friends and particular
‘acquaintance: first, chuse them well, and be as nice as
‘you please in the choice; but when you have chosen
‘them, by no means play upon them; it is cruel and
‘malicious to divert one’s self at the expence of one’s
‘friend.’

‘However

‘ However, Madam,’ said Mr. Glanville, who was charmed to hear her talk so rationally, ‘ you may give people leave to rally their enemies.’

‘ Truly,’ resumed Arabella, ‘ I cannot allow that, any more than upon friends; for raillery is the poorest kind of revenge that can be taken: methinks it is mean to rally persons who have a small share of merit; since, haply, their defects were born with them, and not of their own acquiring; and it is great injustice to decant upon one slight fault in men of parts, to the prejudice of a thousand good qualities.’

‘ For ought I see, Madam,’ said the beau, ‘ you will not allow one to rally any body.’

‘ I am of opinion, Sir,’ said Arabella, ‘ that there are very few proper objects for raillery; and still fewer who can rally well: the talent of raillery ought to be born with the person; no art can infuse it; and those who endeavour to rally in spite of nature, will be so far from diverting others, they will become the objects of ridicule themselves. Many other pleasing qualities of wit may be acquired by pains and study, but raillery must be the gift of nature: it is not enough to have many lively and agreeable thoughts; but there must be such an expression, as must convey their full force and meaning; the air, the aspect, the tone of the voice, and every part in general, must contribute to its perfection. There ought also to be a great distance between raillery and satire, so that one may never be mistaken for the other: raillery ought indeed to surprise, and sensibly touch, those to whom it is directed; but I would not have the wounds it makes either deep or lasting: let those who feel it, be hurt like persons who, gathering roses, are pricked by the thorns, and find a sweet smell to make amends.’

‘ I would have raillery raise the fancy, and quicken the imagination; the fire of its wit should only enable us to trace its original, and shine as the stars do, but not burn. Yet, after all, I cannot greatly approve of raillery, or cease to think it dangerous; and, to pursue
‘ my

‘ my comparisons,’ said she, with an enchanting smile, ‘ persons who possess the true talent of raillery, are like comets; they are seldom seen, and are at once admired and feared.’

‘ I protest, Lady Bella,’ said Sir Charles, who had listened to her with many signs of admiration, ‘ you speak like an orator.’

‘ One would not imagine,’ interrupted Mr. Glanville, who saw Arabella in some confusion at the coarse praise her uncle gave her, ‘ that my cousin could speak so accurately of a quality she never practises: and it is easy to judge, by what she has said, that no body can rally finer than herself, if she pleases.’

Mr. Selvin, though he bore her a grudge for knowing more history than he did, yet assured her that she had given the best rules imaginable for rallying well. But the beau, whom she had silenced by her reproof, was extremely angry; and supposing it would mortify her to see him pay court to her cousin, he redoubled his assiduities to Miss Glanville, who was highly delighted at seeing Arabella less taken notice of by this gay gentleman than herself.

CHAP. VII.

In which the Author condescends to be very minute in the Description of our Heroine's Dress.

THE indifference of Mr. Tinsel, convincing Miss Glanville that Arabella was less to be dreaded than she imagined, she had no reluctance at seeing her prepare for her public appearance the next ball-night.

Having consulted her fancy in a rich silver stuff she had bought for that purpose, a person was sent for to make it; and Arabella, who followed no fashion but her own taste, which was formed on the manners of the heroines, ordered the woman to make her a robe after the same model as the Princess Julia's.

The mantua-maker, who thought it might do her great prejudice with her new customer, to acknowledge she knew nothing of the princess Julia, or the fashion of

her gown, replied at random, and with great pertness—
That that taste was quite out, and she would advise
her ladyship to have her cloaths made in the present
mode, which was far more becoming.

‘You can never persuade me,’ said Arabella, ‘that
‘any fashion can be more becoming than that of the prin-
‘cess Julia’s, who was the most gallant princess upon
‘earth, and knew better than any other how to set off
‘her charms. It may indeed be a little obsolete now,’
pursued she, ‘for the fashion could not but alter a little
‘in the compass of near two thousand years.’

‘Two thousand years, Madam!’ said the woman, in
a great surprise: ‘Lord help us trades-people, if they did
‘not alter a thousand times in as many days! I thought
‘your ladyship was speaking of the last month’s taste,
‘which, as I said before, is quite out now.’—‘Well,’
replied Arabella, ‘let the present mode be what it will,
‘I insist upon having my cloaths made after the pattern of
‘the beautiful daughter of Augustus; being convinc-
‘ed that none other can be half so becoming.’—‘What
‘fashion was that, pray Madam?’ said the woman; ‘I
‘never saw it.’—‘How!’ replied Arabella, ‘have you
‘already forgot the fashion of the princess Julia’s robe,
‘which you said was wore but last month? Or, are you
‘ignorant that the princess Julia and the daughter of
‘Augustus is the same person?’—‘I protest, Madam,’
said the woman extremely confused, ‘I had forgot that
‘till you called it to my mind.’—‘Well,’ said Arabella,
‘make me a robe in the same taste.’

The mantua-maker was now wholly at a loss in what
manner to behave; for, being conscious that she knew
nothing of the princess Julia’s fashion, she could not un-
dertake to make it without directions, and she was afraid
of discovering her ignorance by asking for any; so that
her silence and embarrassment persuading Arabella she
knew nothing of the matter, she dismissed her with a
small present for the trouble she had given her, and had
recourse to her usual expedient, which was to make one
of her women, who understood a little of the mantua-
making

making business, make a robe for her after her own directions. Miss Glanville, who imagined she had sent for work-women in order to have clothes made in the modern taste, was surprised, at her entrance into her chamber, to see her dressing for the ball in a habit singular to the last degree.

She wore no hoop, and the blue and silver stuff of her robe was only kept by its own richness from hanging close about her. It was quite open round her breast, which was shaded with a rich border of lace; and clasping close to her waist by small knots of diamonds, descended in a sweeping train on the ground. The sleeves were short, wide, and flared, fastened in different places with diamonds, and her arms were partly hid by half a dozen falls of ruffles. Her hair, which fell in very easy ringlets on her neck, was placed with great care and exactness round her lovely face; and the jewels and ribbands, which were all her head dress, disposed to the greatest advantage. Upon the whole, nothing could be more singularly becoming than her dress; or set off with greater advantage the striking beauties of her person.

Miss Glanville, though she was not displeased to see her persist in her singularity of dress, yet could not behold her look so lovely in it, without feeling a secret uneasiness; but consoling herself with the hopes of the ridicule she would occasion, she assumed a cheerful air, approved her taste in the choice of her colours, and went with her at the usual hour to the rooms, attended by Mr. Glanville, Mr. Selvin, and the young beau we have formerly mentioned.

The surprise Arabella's unusual appearance gave to the whole company, was very visible to every one but herself. The moment she entered the room, every one whispered the person next to them; and for some moments nothing was heard but the words, 'The Princess Julia;' which was echoed at every corner, and at last attracted her observation.

Mr. Glanville, and the rest of the company with her, were in some confusion at the universal exclamation,

which they imagined was occasioned by the singularity of her habit; though they could not conceive why they gave her that title. Had they known the adventure of the mantua-maker, it would doubtless have easily occurred to them; for the woman had no sooner left Arabella, than she related the conference she had with a lady newly arrived, who had required her to make a robe in the manner of the princess Julia's, and dismissed her because she did not understand the fashions that prevailed two thousand years ago.

This story was quickly dispersed, and, for its novelty, afforded a great deal of diversion; every one longed to see a fashion of such antiquity, and expected the appearance of the princess Julia with great impatience. It is not to be doubted but much mirth was treasured up for her appearance; and the occasional humorist had already prepared his accustomed jest, when the sight of the devoted fair one repelled his vivacity, and the designed ridicule of the whole assembly.—Scarce had the tumultuous whisper escaped the lips of each individual, when they found themselves awed to respect by that irresistible charm in the person of Arabella, which commanded reverence and love from all who beheld her.

Her noble air, the native dignity in her looks, the inexpressible grace which accompanied all her motions, and the consummate loveliness of her form, drew the admiration of the whole assembly.—A respectful silence succeeded; and the astonishment her beauty occasioned, left them no room to descant on the absurdity of her dress.

Miss Glanville, who felt a malicious joy at the sneers she expected would be cast on her cousin, was greatly disappointed at the deference which seemed to be paid her; and, to vent some part of her spleen, took occasion to mention her surprise at the behaviour of the company on their entrance, wondering what they could mean by whispering, 'The Princess Julia,' to one another.

'I assure you,' said Arabella, smiling, 'I am not less surprised than you at it; and since they directed their looks to me at the same time, I fancy they either took
me

‘ me for some princess of the name of Julia, who
 ‘ is expected here to-night, or else flatter me with some
 ‘ resemblance to the beautiful daughter of Augustus.’

‘ The comparison, Madam,’ said Mr. Selvin, who
 took all occasions to shew his reading, ‘ is too injurious
 ‘ to you; for I am of opinion you as much excel that li-
 ‘ centious lady in the beauties of your person, as you do
 ‘ in the qualities of your mind.’

‘ I never heard licentiousness imputed to the daughter
 ‘ of Augustus Cæsar,’ said Arabella; ‘ and the most
 ‘ her enemies can say of her, is, that she loved admira-
 ‘ tion, and would permit herself to be beloved, and to be
 ‘ told so, without shewing any signs of displeasure.’—
 ‘ Bless me, Madam!’ interrupted Mr. Selvin, ‘ how
 ‘ strangely do you mistake the character of Julia: though
 ‘ the daughter of an emperor, she was (pardon the expres-
 ‘ sion) the most abandoned prostitute in Rome; many of
 ‘ her intrigues are recorded in history; but, to mention
 ‘ only one, was not her infamous commerce with Ovid
 ‘ the cause of his banishment?’

CHAP. VIII.

*Some Reflections very fit, and others very unfit, for an
 Assembly-Room.*

‘ **Y**OU speak in strange terms,’ replied Arabella,
 blushing, ‘ of a princess, who, if she was not
 ‘ the most reserved and severe person in the world, was
 ‘ yet, nevertheless, absolutely chaste.—I know there
 ‘ were people who represented her partiality for Ovid in
 ‘ a very unfavourable light; but that ingenious poet,
 ‘ when he related his history to the great Agrippa, told
 ‘ him in confidence all that had passed between him and
 ‘ the princess Julia, than which nothing could be more
 ‘ innocent, though a little indiscreet. For it is certain
 ‘ that she permitted him to love her, and did not con-
 ‘ demn him to any rigorous punishment for daring to tell
 ‘ her so; yet, for all this, as I said before, though she
 ‘ was not altogether so austere as she ought to have been,
 ‘ yet she was, nevertheless, a most virtuous princess.’

Mr. Selvin, not daring to contradict a lady, whose ex-

tensive reading had furnished her with anecdotes unknown almost to any body else, by his silence confessed her superiority; but Mr. Glanville, who knew all these anecdotes were drawn from romances, which he found contradicted the known facts in history, and assigned the most ridiculous causes for things of the greatest importance, could not help smiling at the facility with which Mr. Selvin gave into those idle absurdities. For notwithstanding his affectation of great reading, his superficial knowledge of history made it extremely easy to deceive him; and as it was his custom to mark in his pocket-book all the scraps of history he heard introduced into conversation, and retail them again in other company, he did not doubt but he would make a figure with the curious circumstances Arabella had furnished him with.

Arabella observing Mr. Tinsel, by his familiar bows, significant smiles, and easy salutations, was acquainted with the greatest part of the assembly, told him, that she did not doubt but he knew the adventures of many persons whom they were viewing; and that he would do her a pleasure, if he would relate some of them.—Mr. Tinsel was charmed with a request which afforded him an opportunity of gratifying a favourite inclination; and seating himself near her immediately, was beginning to obey her injunctions, when she gracefully entreated him to stay a moment; and calling to Mr. Glanville, and his sister, who were talking to Mr. Selvin, asked them if they chose to partake of a more rational amusement than dancing, and listen to the adventures of some illustrious persons, which Mr. Tinsel had promised to relate.

‘I assure you, Madam,’ said Mr. Glanville, smiling, ‘you will find that a less innocent amusement than dancing,’—‘Why so, Sir,’ replied Arabella, ‘since it is not an indiscreet curiosity which prompts me to a desire of hearing the histories Mr. Tinsel has promised to entertain me with; but rather a hope of hearing something which may at once improve and delight me; something which may excite my admiration, engage my esteem, or influence my practice?’ ‘It

‘ It was, doubtless, with such motives as these, that
‘ we find princesses and ladies of the most illustrious rank,
‘ in Clelia and the Grand Cyrus, listening to the adven-
‘ tures of persons, in whom they were probably as little in-
‘ terested, as we are in these around us. Kings, princes, and
‘ commanders of armies, thought it was no waste of their
‘ time, in the midst of the hurry and clamour of a camp,
‘ to listen many hours to the relation of one single history,
‘ and not filled with any extraordinary events, but haply
‘ a simple recital of common occurrences : the great
‘ Cyrus, while he was busy in reducing all Asia to his
‘ yoke, heard, nevertheless, the histories of all the consi-
‘ derable persons in the camp, besides those of strangers,
‘ and even his enemies. If there was, therefore, any
‘ thing either criminal or mean in hearing the adventures
‘ of others, do you imagine so many great and illustrious
‘ persons would have given in to such an amusement ?’

After this Arabella turned gravely about to Mr. Tinsel and told him, he was at liberty to begin his recital.

The beau, a little disconcerted by the solemnity with which she requested his information, knew not how to begin with the formality that he saw was required of him ; and therefore sat silent for a few moments ; which Arabella supposed was to recal to his memory all the passages he proposed to relate. His perplexity would probably have increased instead of lessening by the profound silence which she observed, had not Miss Glanville seated herself with a sprightly air on the other side of him, and directing his eyes to a tall handsome woman that had just entered, asked him, pleasantly, to tell her history, if he knew it. Mr. Tinsel, brought into his usual track by this question, answered, smiling, that the history of that lady was yet a secret, or known but to a very few ; ‘ but
‘ my intelligence,’ added he, ‘ is generally the earliest,
‘ and may always be depended on.’

‘ Perhaps,’ said Arabella, ‘ the lady is one of your
‘ acquaintances, and favoured you with the recital of
‘ her adventures from her own mouth.’—‘ No, really,
‘ Madam,’ answered Mr. Tinsel, surprised at the great
simplicity

simplicity of Arabella, for so he understood it ; ‘ the lady, I believe, is not so communicative : and, to say the truth, I should not chuse to hear her adventures from herself, since she certainly would suppress the most material circumstances.

‘ In a word,’ said he, lowering his voice, ‘ that lady was for many years the mistress of a young military nobleman, whom she was so complaisant to follow in all his campaigns, marches, sieges, and every inconvenience of war : he married her in Gibraltar, from whence he is lately arrived, and introduced his new lady to his noble brother, by whom she was not unfavourably received. It is worth remarking, that this same haughty peer thought fit to resent with implacable obstinacy the marriage of another of his brothers, with the widow of a brave officer, of considerable rank in the army. It is true, she was several years older than the young lord, and had no fortune ; but the duke assigned other reasons for his displeasure : he complained loudly, that his brother had dishonoured the nobility of his birth by this alliance, and continued his resentment till the death of the young hero, who gave many remarkable proofs of his courage and fortitude upon several occasions, and died gloriously before the walls of Carthage ; leaving his disconsolate lady a widow a second time, with the acquisition of a title indeed, but a very small addition to her fortune.

‘ Observe that gay, splendid lady, I beseech you, Madam,’ pursued he, turning to Arabella ; ‘ how affectedly she looks and talks, and throws her eyes around the room, with a haughty self-sufficiency in her aspect, and insolent contempt for every thing but herself. Her habit, her speech, her motions, are all French ; nothing in England is able to please her ; the people so dull, so awkwardly polite ; the manners so gross ; no delicacy, no elegance, no magnificence in their persons, houses, or diversions ; every thing is so distasteful, there is no living in such a place. “ One may crawl about, indeed,” she says, “ and make a shift to breathe in
“ the

“ the odious country, but one cannot be said to live ;
“ and with all the requisites to render life delight-
“ ful, here, one can only suffer, not enjoy it.”

‘ Would one not imagine,’ pursued he, ‘ this fine lady
‘ was a person of very exalted rank, who has the sanc-
‘ tion of birth, riches, and grandeur, for her extraordi-
‘ nary pride ? and yet she is no other than the daughter of
‘ an innkeeper at Spa, and had the exalted post assigned
‘ her of attending new lodgers to their apartments, ac-
‘ quainting them with all the conveniences of the place,
‘ answering an humble question or two concerning what
‘ company was in the town, what scandal was stirring,
‘ and the like.

‘ One of our great sea-commanders going thither for
‘ his health, happened to lodge at this inn ; and was so
‘ struck with her charms, that he married her in a few
‘ weeks, and soon after brought her to England.

‘ Such was the origin of this fantastic lady ; whose
‘ insupportable pride and ridiculous affectation draws
‘ contempt and aversion wherever she appears.’

‘ Did I not tell you, Madam,’ interrupted Mr. Glanville, ‘ that the amusement you had chose was not so innocent as dancing ? What a deal of scandal has Mr. Tinsel uttered in the compass of a few minutes ?’

‘ I assure you,’ replied Arabella, ‘ I know not what
‘ to make of the histories he has been relating. I think
‘ they do not deserve that name, and are rather detached
‘ pieces of satire on particular persons, than a serious relation of facts. I confess my expectations from this gentleman have not been answered.’

‘ I think, however, Madam,’ said Mr. Glanville, ‘ we
‘ may allow that there is a negative merit in the relations
‘ Mr. Tinsel has made ; for, if he has not shewn us any
‘ thing to approve, he has not at least shewn us what to
‘ condemn.’

‘ The ugliness of vice,’ replied Arabella, ‘ ought only
‘ to be represented to the vicious ; to whom satire, like
‘ a magnifying glass, may aggravate every defect, in order to make its deformity appear more hideous ; but
‘ since

‘ since its end is only to reprove and amend, it should
 ‘ never be addressed to any but those who come within
 ‘ its correction, and may be the better for it : a virtuous
 ‘ mind need not be shewn the deformity of vice, to make
 ‘ it be hated and avoided ; the more pure and uncor-
 ‘ rupted our ideas are, the less shall we be influenced by
 ‘ example. A natural propensity to virtue or vice often
 ‘ determines the choice : it is sufficient, therefore, to
 ‘ shew a good mind what it ought to pursue, though a
 ‘ bad one must be told what to avoid. In a word, one
 ‘ ought to be always incited, the other always restrained.’

‘ I vow, Lady Bella,’ said Miss Glanville, ‘ you’d
 ‘ make one think one came here to hear a sermon ; you
 ‘ are so very grave, and talk upon such high-flown sub-
 ‘ jects. What harm was there in what Mr. Tinsel was
 ‘ telling us ? It would be hard indeed if one might not
 ‘ divert one’s self with other people’s faults.’

‘ I am afraid, Miss,’ said Arabella, ‘ those who can
 ‘ divert themselves with the faults of others, are not be-
 ‘ hind in affording diversion. And that very inclina-
 ‘ tion,’ added she, smilingly, ‘ to hear other people’s
 ‘ faults, may, by those very people, be condemned as
 ‘ one, and afford them the same kind of ill-natured
 ‘ pleasure you are so desirous of.’

‘ Nay, Madam,’ returned Miss Glanville, ‘ your la-
 ‘ dyship was the first who introduced the discourse you
 ‘ condemn so much. Did not you desire Mr. Tinsel to
 ‘ tell you histories about the company ; and asked my
 ‘ brother and me to come and hear them ?’

‘ It is true,’ replied Arabella, ‘ that I did desire you
 ‘ to partake with me of a pleasing and rational amuse-
 ‘ ment, for such I imagined Mr. Tinsel’s histories might
 ‘ afford ; far from a detail of vices, follies, and irregu-
 ‘ larities, I expected to have heard the adventures of some
 ‘ illustrious personages related ; between whose actions,
 ‘ and those of the heroes and heroines of antiquity, I
 ‘ might have found some resemblance.

‘ For instance, I hoped to have heard imitated the sub-
 ‘ lime courage of a Clelia ; who, to save her honour from
 ‘ the

‘ the attempts of the impious Tarquin, leapt into the river Tyber, and swam to the other side ; or the noble resolution of the incomparable Candace, who, to escape out of the hands of her ravisher, the pirate Zenadorus, set fire to his vessel with her own hands, and committed herself to the mercy of the waves : or, the constancy and affection of a Mandana, who, for the sake of a Cyrus, refused the richest crowns in the world, and braved the terrors of death to preserve herself for him.

‘ As for the men, I hoped to have heard of some who might have almost equalled the great Oroondates, the invincible Artaban, the valiant Juba, the renowned Alcamenes, and many thousand heroes of antiquity ; whose glorious exploits in war, and unshaken constancy in love, have given them immortal fame.’

While Arabella was uttering this long speech, with great emotion, Miss Glanville, with a sly look at the beau, gave him to understand, that was her cousin’s foible.

Mr. Tinsel, however, not able to comprehend the meaning of what she said, listened to her with many signs of perplexity and wonder.

Mr. Selvin, in secret, repined at her prodigious knowledge of history ; and Mr. Glanville, with his eyes fixed on the ground, bit his lips almost through with madness.

In the mean time, several among the company, desirous of hearing what the strange lady was saying so loud, and with so much eagerness and emotion, gathered round them ; which Mr. Glanville observing, and fearing Arabella would expose herself still farther, whispered his sister to get her away, if possible.

Miss Glanville, though very unwilling, obeyed his injunctions ; and complaining of a sudden head-ach, Arabella immediately proposed retiring, which was joyfully complied with by Mr. Glanville, who with the other gentlemen attended them home.

CHAP. IX.

Being a Chapter of the satirical Kind.

AT their return, Sir Charles told his niece, that she had now had a specimen of the world, and some of the

the fashionable amusements ; and asked her how she had been entertained.

‘ Why, truly, Sir,’ replied she, smiling, ‘ I have brought away no great relish for a renewal of the amusement I have partaken of to-night. If the world, in which you seem to think I am but newly initiated, affords only these kinds of pleasures, I shall very soon regret the solitude and books I have quitted.’

‘ Why, pray ?’ said Miss Glanville ; ‘ what kind of amusements did your ladyship expect to find in the world ? And what was there disagreeable in your entertainment to-night ? I am sure there is no place in England, except London, where there is so much good company to be met with as here. The assembly was very numerous and brilliant, and one can be at no loss for amusements : the pump-room in the morning, the parade, and the rooms, in the evening, with little occasional parties of pleasure, will find one sufficient employment, and leave none of one’s time to lie useless upon one’s hand.’

‘ I am of opinion,’ replied Arabella, ‘ that one’s time is far from being well employed in the manner you portion it out : and people who spend theirs in such trifling amusements, must certainly live to very little purpose.’

‘ What room, I pray you, does a lady give for high and noble adventures, who consumes her days in dressing, dancing, listening to songs, and ranging the walks with people as thoughtless as herself ? How mean and contemptible a figure must a life spent in such idle amusements make in history ? Or rather, are not such persons always buried in oblivion ; and can any pen be found who would condescend to record such inconsiderable actions ?

‘ Nor can I persuade myself,’ added she, ‘ that any of those men whom I saw at the assembly, with figures so feminine, voices so soft, such tripping steps, and unmeaning gestures, have ever signalized either their courage or constancy ; but might be overcome by their enemy in battle, or be false to their mistress in love.’

‘ Lau !

‘Lau ! cousin,’ replied Miss Glanville, ‘you are always talking of battles and fighting. Do you expect that persons of quality and fine gentlemen will go to the wars ? What business have they to fight ? That belongs to the officers.’

‘Then every fine gentleman is an officer,’ said Arabella ; ‘and some other title ought to be found out for men who do nothing but dance and dress.’

‘I could never have imagined,’ interrupted Mr. Tinfel, surveying Arabella, ‘that a lady so elegant and gay in her own appearance, should have an aversion to pleasure and magnificence.’

‘I assure you, Sir,’ replied Arabella, ‘I have an aversion to neither : on the contrary, I am a great admirer of both. But my ideas of amusements and grandeur are probably different from yours.’

‘I will allow the ladies to be solicitous about their habits and dress with all the care and elegance they are capable of ; but such trifles are below the consideration of a man, who ought not to owe the dignity of his appearance to the embroidery on his coat, but to his high and noble air, the grandeur of his courage, the elevation of his sentiments, and the many heroic actions he has performed.’

‘Such a man will dress his person with a graceful simplicity, and lavish all his gold and embroidery upon his armour, to render him conspicuous in the day of battle. The plumes in his helmet will look more graceful in the field, than the feather in his hat at a ball ; and jewels blaze with more propriety on his shield and cuirass in battle, than glittering on his finger in a dance.’

‘Do not imagine, however,’ pursued she, ‘that I absolutely condemn dancing, and think it a diversion wholly unworthy of a hero.’

‘History has recorded some very famous balls, at which the most illustrious persons in the world have appeared. Cyrus the Great, we are informed, opened a ball with the divine Mandana at Sardis. The renowned

‘ King of Scythia danced with the Princess Cleopatra at
 ‘ Alexandria. The brave Cleomedon with the fair Can-
 ‘ dace at Ethiopia : but these diversions were taken but
 ‘ seldom, and considered indeed as an amusement, not as
 ‘ a part of the business of life.

‘ How would so many glorious battles have been fought,
 ‘ cities taken, ladies rescued, and other great and noble
 ‘ adventures been achieved, if the men, sunk in sloth
 ‘ and effeminacy, had continually followed the sound of
 ‘ a fiddle, fauntered in public walks, or tattled over a tea-
 ‘ table ?’—‘ I vow, cousin,’ said Miss Glanville, ‘ you
 ‘ are infinitely more severe in your censures than Mr.
 ‘ Tinsel was at the assembly. You had little reason,
 ‘ methinks, to be angry with him.’

‘ All I have said,’ replied Arabella, ‘ was the natural
 ‘ inference from your own account of the manner in which
 ‘ people live here. When actions are a censure upon them-
 ‘ selves, the reciter will always be considered as a satirist.

CHAP. X.

*In which our Heroine justifies her own Notions by some very
 illustrious Examples.*

MR. Selvin and Mr. Tinsel, who had listened atten-
 tively to this discourse of Arabella, took leave as
 soon as it was ended, and went away with very different
 opinions of her.

Mr. Tinsel declaring she was a fool, and had no know-
 ledge of the world ; and Mr. Selvin convinced she was a
 wit, and very learned in antiquity.

‘ Certainly,’ said Mr. Selvin, in support of his opinion,
 ‘ the lady has great judgment ; has been capable of prodig-
 ‘ gious application, as is apparent by her extensive read-
 ‘ ing : then her memory is quite miraculous. I protest,
 ‘ I am quite charmed with her ; I never met with such
 ‘ a woman in all my life.’

‘ Her cousin, in my opinion,’ replied Mr. Tinsel, ‘ is
 ‘ infinitely beyond her in every merit, but beauty. How
 ‘ sprightly and free her conversation ? What a thorough
 ‘ knowledge of the world ? So true a taste for polite
 ‘ amusements, and a fund of spirits that sets vapours and
 ‘ spleen at defiance.’

This

This speech bringing on a comparison between the ladies, the champions for each grew so warm in the dispute, that they had like to have quarrelled. However, by the interposition of some other gentlemen who were with them, they parted tolerable friends that night, and renewed their visits to Sir Charles in the morning.

They found only Miss Glanville with her father and brother. Arabella generally spent the mornings in her own chamber, where reading and the labours of the toilet employed her time till dinner: though it must be confessed, to her honour, that the latter engrossed but a very small part of it. Miss Glanville, with whom the beau had a long conversation at one of the windows, in which he recounted his dispute with Mr. Selvin, and the danger he ran of being pinked in a duel, (that was his phrase) for her sake, at last proposed a walk; to which she consented, and engaged to prevail upon Arabella to accompany them. That lady at first positively refused, alledging in excuse, that she was so extremely interested in the fate of the princess Melisinthia, whose story she was reading, that she could not stir till she had finished it.

‘That poor princess,’ continued she, ‘is at present
‘in a most terrible situation. She has just set fire to the
‘palace, in order to avoid the embraces of a king who
‘forced her to marry him. I am in pain to know how
‘she escapes the flames.’—‘Pshaw,’ interrupted Miss
Glanville, ‘let her perish there, if she will: don’t let her
‘hinder our walk.’—‘Who is it you doom with so much
‘cruelty to perish?’ said Arabella, closing the book, and
looking stedfastly on her cousin. ‘Is it the beautiful
‘Melisinthia? That princess, whose fortitude and pati-
‘ence have justly rendered her the admiration of the whole
‘world? That princess, descended from a race of heroes,
‘whose heroic virtues all glowed in her own beauteous
‘breast? That princess, who, when taken captive, with
‘the king her father, bore her imprisonment and chains
‘with a marvellous constancy; and who, when she had
‘enslaved her conqueror, and given fetters to the prince
‘who held her father and herself in bonds, nobly refused

‘ the diadem he proffered her, and devoted herself to destruction, in order to punish the enemy of her house ? I am not able to relate the rest of her history, seeing I have read no farther myself ; but if you will be pleased to sit down and listen to me while I read what remains, I am persuaded you will find new cause to love and admire this amiable princess.’

‘ Pardon me, Madam,’ said Miss Glanville ; ‘ I have heard enough ; and I could have been very well satisfied not to have heard so much. I think we waste a great deal of time talking about people we know nothing of. The morning will be quite lost, if we don’t make haste. Come,’ added she, ‘ you must go ; you have a new lover below, who waits to go with us ; he’ll die if I don’t bring you.’—‘ A new lover !’ returned Arabella, surprised. ‘ Aye, aye,’ said Miss Glanville, ‘ the learned Mr. Selvin ; I assure you, he had almost quarrelled with Mr. Tinsel last night about your ladyship.’

Arabella, at this intelligence, casting down her eyes, discovered many signs of anger and confusion ; and after a silence of some moments, during which Miss Glanville had been employed in adjusting her dress at the glass, addressing herself to her cousin with an accent somewhat less sweet than before—‘ Had any other than yourself, Miss,’ said she, ‘ acquainted me with the presumption of that unfortunate person, I should haply have discovered my resentment in other terms : but, as it is, I must inform you, that I take it extremely ill you should be accessory to giving me this offence.’—‘ Hey-day !’ said Miss Glanville, turning about hastily, ‘ how have I offended your ladyship, pray ?’—‘ I am willing to hope, cousin,’ replied Arabella, ‘ that it was only to divert yourself with the trouble and confusion in which you see me, that you have indiscreetly told things which ought to have been buried in silence.’

‘ And what is all this mighty trouble and confusion about, then, Madam ?’ said Miss Glanville, smiling. ‘ Is it because I told you Mr. Selvin was a lover of your ladyship ?’—‘ Certainly,’ said Arabella, ‘ such an information
formation

‘formation is sufficient to give one a great deal of perplexity. Is it such a little matter, think you, to be told that a man has the presumption to love one?’

‘A mere trifle,’ replied Miss Glanville, laughing; ‘a hundred lovers are not worth a moment’s thought, when one’s sure of them; for then the trouble is all over; and as for this unfortunate person, as your ladyship called him, let him die at his leisure, while we go to the parade.’—‘Your levity, cousin,’ said Arabella, ‘forces me to smile, notwithstanding the cause I have to be incensed; however, I have charity enough to make me not desire the death of Mr. Selvin, who may repair the crime he has been guilty of by repentance and discontinuation.’—‘Well, then,’ said Miss Glanville, ‘you are resolved to go to the parade: shall I reach you your odd kind of capuchin?’—‘How,’ said Arabella, ‘can I with any propriety see a man who has discovered himself to have a passion for me? Will he not construe such a favour into a permission for him to hope?’

‘Oh, no!’ interrupted Miss Glanville, ‘he does not imagine I have told your ladyship he loves you; for indeed he don’t know that I am acquainted with his passion.’—‘Then he is less culpable than I thought him,’ replied Arabella; ‘and if you think I am in no danger of hearing a confession of his fault from his own mouth, I’ll comply with your request, and go with you to the parade. But,’ added she, ‘I must first engage you to promise not to leave me alone a moment, lest he should take advantage of such an opportunity, to give some hint of his passion, that would force me to treat him very rigorously.’ Miss Glanville answered, laughing, that she would be sure to mind her directions. ‘However,’ said she, ‘your ladyship need not be apprehensive he will say any fine things to you; for I knew a young lady he was formerly in love with, and the odious creature visited her a twelvemonth before he found courage enough to tell her she was handsome.’

‘Doubtless,’ replied Arabella, ‘he was much to be commended for his respect. A lover should never have

the presumption to declare his passion to his mistress, unless in certain circumstances, which may at the same time in part disarm her anger. For instance, he must struggle with the violence of his passion, till it has cast him into a fever. His physicians must give him over, pronouncing his distemper incurable, since the cause of it being in his mind, all their art is incapable of removing it. Thus he must suffer, rejoicing at the approach of death, which will free him from all his torments, without violating the respect he owes to the divine object of his flame. At length, when he has but a few hours to live, his mistress, with many signs of compassion, conjures him to tell her the cause of his despair. The lover, conscious of his crime, evades all her enquiries; but the lady laying at last a peremptory command upon him to disclose the secret, he dares not disobey her, and acknowledges his passion with the utmost contrition for having offended her; bidding her take the small remainder of his life to expiate his crime; and finishes his discourse by falling into a swoon. The lady is touched at his condition, commands him to live, and, if necessary, permits him to hope.

This is the most common way in which such declarations are, and ought to be, brought about. However, there are others, which are as well calculated for sparing a lady's confusion, and deprecating her wrath.

The lover, for example, like the prince of the Masagetes, after having buried his passion in silence for many years, may chance to be walking with his confidant in a retired place; to whom, with a deluge of tears, he relates the excess of his passion and despair. And while he is thus unbosoming his griefs, not in the least suspecting he is overheard, his princess, who had been listening to him in much trouble and confusion, by some little rustling she makes, unawares discovers herself. The surprised lover throws himself at her feet, begs pardon for his rashness, observes that he had never presumed to discover his passion to her, and implores her leave to die before her, as a punishment for his undesigned

‘ designed offence. The method which the great Artamenes took to let the princess of Media know he adored her, was not less respectful. This valiant prince, who had long loved her, being to fight a great battle, in which he had some secret presages he should fall, which however deceived him, wrote a long letter to the divine Mandana, wherein he discovered his passion, and the resolution his respect had inspired him with, to consume in silence, and never presume to disclose his love while he lived; acquainted her that he had ordered that letter not to be delivered to her, till it was certainly known that he was dead.

‘ Accordingly, he received several wounds in the fight, which brought him to the ground; and his body not being found, they concluded it was in the enemy’s possession. His faithful squire, who had received his instructions before the battle, hastens to the princess, who, with all the court, is mightily affected at his death. He presents her the letter, which she makes no scruple to receive, since the writer is no more. She reads it, and her whole soul is melted with compassion; she bewails his fate with the most tender and affectionate marks of grief.

‘ Her confidant asks why she is so much affected, since, in all probability, she would not have pardoned him for loving her, had he been alive?

‘ She acknowledges the truth of her observation, takes notice that his death having cancelled his crime, his respectful passion alone employs her thoughts; she is resolved to bewail, as innocent and worthy of compassion when dead, him whom living she would treat as a criminal; and insinuates, that her heart had entertained an affection for him.

‘ Her confidant treasures up this hint, and endeavours to console her, but in vain, till news is brought that Artamenes, who had been carried for dead out of the field, and by a very surprising adventure concealed all this time, is returned.

‘ The

‘ The princess is covered with confusion ; and, though
 ‘ glad he is alive, resolves to banish him for his crime.

‘ Her confidant pleads his cause so well, that
 ‘ she consents to see him ; and, since he can no
 ‘ longer conceal his passion, he confirms the confession
 ‘ in his letter, humbly begging pardon for being still
 ‘ alive. The princess, who cannot plead ignorance
 ‘ of his passion, nor deny the sorrow she testified for his
 ‘ death, condescends to pardon him, and he is also per-
 ‘ mitted to hope. In like manner the great prince of
 ‘ Persia.’—‘ Does your ladyship consider how late it is ?’
 interrupted Miss Glanville, who had hitherto very im-
 patiently listened to her. ‘ Don’t let us keep the gen-
 ‘ tlemen waiting any longer for us.’

‘ I must inform you how the prince of Persia declared
 ‘ his love for the incomparable Berenice,’ said Arabella.

‘ Another time, dear cousin,’ said Miss Glanville ;
 ‘ methinks we have talked long enough upon this sub-
 ‘ ject.’—‘ I am sorry the time has seemed so tedious to
 ‘ you,’ said Arabella, smiling ; and therefore I’ll tref-
 ‘ pass no longer upon your patience.’ Then ordering
 Lucy to bring her hat and gloves, she went down stairs,
 followed by Miss Glanville, who was greatly disappoint-
 ed at her not putting on her veil.

CHAP. XI.

*In which our Heroine being mistaken herself, gives Oc-
 casion for a great many other Mistakes.*

AS soon as the ladies entered the room, Mr. Selvin,
 with more gaiety than usual, advanced towards
 Arabella, who put on so cold and severe a countenance
 at his approach, that the poor man, extremely confused,
 drew back, and remained in great perplexity, fearing
 he had offended her.

Mr. Tinsel, seeing Mr. Selvin’s reception, and awed
 by the becoming majesty in her person, notwithstanding
 all his assurance, accosted her with less confidence than
 was his custom ; but Arabella softening her looks with
 the most engaging smiles, made an apology for detain-
 ing them so long from the parade, gave her hand to the
 beau,

beau, as being not a suspected person, and permitted him to lead her out, Mr. Glanville, to whom she always allowed the preference on those occasions, being a little indisposed, and not able to attend her.

Mr. Tinsel, whose vanity was greatly flattered by the preference Arabella gave him to his companion, proceeded, according to his usual custom, to examine her looks and behaviour with more care; conceiving such a preference must proceed from a latent motive which was not unfavourable for him. His discernment on these occasions being very surprising, he soon discovered in the bright eyes of Arabella a secret approbation of his person, which he endeavoured to increase by displaying it, with all the address he was master of, and did not fail to talk her into an opinion of his wit, by ridiculing every body that passed them, and directing several studied compliments to herself.

Miss Glanville, who was not so agreeably entertained by the grave Mr. Selvin, saw these advances to a gallantry with her cousin with great disturbance: she was resolved to interrupt it, if possible; and being convinced Mr. Selvin preferred Arabella's conversation to hers, she plotted how to pair them together, and have the beau to herself. As they walked a few paces behind her cousin and Mr. Tinsel, she was in no danger of being over-heard; and taking occasion to put Mr. Selvin in mind of Arabella's behaviour to him, when he accosted her, she asked him if he was conscious of having done any thing to offend her.

‘I protest, Madam,’ replied Mr. Selvin, ‘I know not of any thing I have done to displease her. I never failed, to my knowledge, in my respects towards her ladyship, for whom indeed I have a most profound veneration.’—‘I know so much of her temper,’ resumed Miss Glanville, ‘as to be certain, if she has taken it into her head to be angry with you, she will be ten times more so at your indifference; and if you hope for her favour, you must ask her pardon with the most earnest submission imaginable.’

‘If

‘ If I knew I had offended her,’ replied Mr. Selvin, ‘ I would very willingly ask her pardon; but really, since I have not been guilty of any fault towards her ladyship, I don’t know how to acknowledge it.’

‘ Well,’ said Miss Glanville, coldly, ‘ I only took the liberty to give you some friendly advice, which you may follow, or not, as you please. I know my cousin is angry at something, and I wish you were friends again, that’s all.’—‘ I am mightily obliged to you, Madam,’ said Mr. Selvin; ‘ and since you assure me her ladyship is angry, I’ll ask her pardon, though, really, as I said before, I don’t know for what.’

‘ Well,’ interrupted Miss Glanville, ‘ we’ll join them at the end of the Parade; and to give you an opportunity of speaking to my cousin, I’ll engage Mr. Tinsel myself.’

Mr. Selvin, who thought himself greatly obliged to Miss Glanville for her good intentions, though in reality she had a view of exposing her cousin, as well as an inclination to engage Mr. Tinsel, took courage, as they turned, to get on the other side of Arabella, whom he had not dared before to approach; while Miss Glanville, addressing a whisper of no great importance to her cousin, parted her from the beau, and slackening her pace a little, fell into a particular discourse with him, which Arabella being too polite to interrupt, remained in a very perplexing situation, dreading every moment that Mr. Selvin would explain himself; alarmed at his silence, yet resolved to interrupt him if he began to speak, and afraid of beginning a conversation first, lest he should construe it to his advantage. Mr. Selvin being naturally timid in the company of ladies, the circumstance of disgrace which he was in with Arabella, her silence and reserve so added to his accustomed diffidence, that though he endeavoured several times to speak, he was not able to bring out any thing but a preluding hem; which he observed, to his extreme confusion, seemed always to increase Arabella’s constraint. Indeed, that lady, upon any suspicion that he was going to break his mysterious silence, always contracted

tracted her brow into a frown, cast down her eyes with an air of perplexity, endeavoured to hide her blushes with her fan; and to shew her inattention, directed her looks to the contrary side. The lady and gentleman being in equal confusion, no advances were made on either side towards a conversation; and they had reached almost the end of the Parade in an uninterrupted silence, when Mr. Selvin, fearing he should never again have so good an opportunity of making his peace, collected all his resolution, and with an accent trembling under the importance of the speech he was going to make, began—

‘Madam, since I have had the honour of walking with your ladyship, I have observed so many signs of constraint in your manner, that I hardly dare intreat you to grant me a moment’s hearing, while I——’

‘Sir,’ interrupted Arabella, ‘before you go any farther, I must inform you, that what you are going to say will mortally offend me. Take heed then how you commit an indiscretion which will force me to treat you very rigorously.’—‘If your ladyship will not allow me to speak in my own justification,’ said Mr. Selvin, ‘yet I hope you will not refuse to tell me my offence, since I——’—‘You are very confident, indeed,’ interrupted Arabella again, ‘to suppose I will repeat what would be infinitely grievous for me to hear.—Against my will,’ pursued she, ‘I must give you the satisfaction to know, that I am not ignorant of your crime, but I also assure you that I am highly incensed; and that not only with the thoughts you have dared to entertain of me, but likewise with your presumption in going about to disclose them.’

Mr. Selvin, whom the seeming contradictions in this speech astonished, yet imagined in general it hinted at the dispute between him and Mr. Tinsel; and supposing the story had been told to his disadvantage, which was the cause of her anger, replied in great emotion at the injustice done him——

‘Since somebody has been so officious to acquaint your ladyship with an affair which ought to have been kept from
‘from

‘from your knowledge; it is a pity they did not inform you, that Mr. Tinsel was the person that had the least respect for your ladyship, and is more worthy of your resentment.’—‘If Mr Tinsel,’ replied Arabella, ‘is guilty of an offence like yours, yet since he has concealed it better, he is less culpable than you; and you have done that for him, which haply he would never have had courage enough to do for himself as long as he lived.’ Poor Selvin, quite confounded at these intricate words, would have begged her to explain herself, had she not silenced him with a dreadful frown; and making a stop till Miss Glanville and Mr. Tinsel came up to them, she told her cousin with a peevish accent, that she had performed her promise very ill; and whispered her, that she was to blame for all the mortifications she had suffered. Mr. Tinsel, supposing the alteration in Arabella’s humour proceeded from being so long deprived of his company, endeavoured to make her amends by a profusion of compliments; which she received with such an air of displeasure, that the beau, vexed at the ill success of his gallantry, told her, he was afraid Mr. Selvin’s gravity had infected her ladyship.

‘Say rather,’ replied Arabella, ‘that his indiscretion has offended me.’ Mr. Tinsel, charmed with this beginning confidence, which confirmed his hopes of having made some impression on her heart, conjured her very earnestly to tell him how Mr. Selvin had offended her.

‘It is sufficient,’ resumed she, ‘that I tell you he has offended me, without declaring the nature of his crime; since, doubtless, it has not escaped your observation, which, if I may believe him, is not wholly disinterested. To confess yet more, it is true that he hath told me something concerning you, which—’

‘Let me perish, Madam,’ interrupted the beau, ‘if one syllable he has said be true.’—‘How,’ said Arabella, a little disconcerted, ‘will you always persist in a denial, then?’—‘Deny it Madam,’ returned Mr. Tinsel, ‘I’ll deny what he has said with my last breath; it is all a scandalous forgery; no man living is less likely

‘to

‘to think of your ladyship in that manner. If you knew my thoughts, Madam, you would be convinced nothing is more impossible, and——’

‘Sir,’ interrupted Arabella, extremely mortified, ‘methinks you are very eager in your justification. I promise you, I do not think you guilty of the offence he charged you with; if I did, you would haply experience my resentment in such a manner as would make you repent of your presumption.’ Arabella, in finishing these words, interrupted Miss Glanville’s discourse with Mr. Selvin, to tell her she desired to return home; to which that young lady, who had not been at all pleased with the morning’s walk, consented.

CHAP. XII.

In which our Heroine reconciles herself to a mortifying Incident, by recollecting an Adventure in a Romance, similar to her own.

AS soon as the ladies were come to their lodgings, Arabella went up to her own apartment to meditate upon what had passed, and Miss Glanville retired to dress for dinner; while the two gentlemen, who thought they had great reason to be dissatisfied with each other, on account of Lady Bella’s behaviour, went to a coffee-house, in order to come to some explanation about it.

‘Well, Sir,’ said the beau, with a sarcastic air, ‘I am greatly obliged to you for the endeavours you have used to ruin me in Lady Bella’s opinion. Rat me, if it is not the greatest misfortune in the world to give occasion for envy.’—‘Envy, Sir,’ interrupted Mr. Selvin; ‘I protest I do really admire your great skill in stratagems, but I do not envy you the possession of it. You have, indeed, very wittily contrived to put your own sentiments of that lady, which you delivered so freely the other night, into my mouth. It was a masterpiece of cunning, indeed; and, as I said before, I admire your skill prodigiously.’—‘I don’t know what you mean,’ replied Tinsel; ‘you talk in riddles.—Did you not yourself acquaint Lady Bella with the preference, I gave Miss Glanville to her? What would you

'propose by such a piece of treachery? You have ruined
 'all my hopes by it: the lady resents it excessively; and
 'it is no wonder, faith; it must certainly mortify her.
 'Upon my soul, I can never forgive thee for so *mal a pro-*
 '*pos* a discovery.'—'Forgive me, Sir!' replied Selvin,
 in a rage, 'I don't want your forgiveness. I have done
 'nothing unbecoming a man of honour. The lady was
 'so prejudiced by your insinuations, that she would not
 'give me leave to speak; otherwise I would have fully
 'informed her of her mistake, that she might have known
 'how much she was obliged to you.'—'So she would not
 'hear thee?' interrupted Tinsel, laughing; 'dear soul!
 'how very kind was that!—'Faith, I don't know how
 'it is, but I am very lucky without deserving to be so.—
 'Thou art a witness for me, Frank, I took no great
 'pains to gain this fine creature's heart; but it was
 'damn'd malicious though to attempt to make discove-
 'ries. I see she is a little piqued; but I'll set all to
 'rights again with a *billet-doux*. I've an excellent hand,
 'though I say it, at a *billet-doux*. I never knew one
 'of mine fail in my life.'—'Harkee, Sir,' said Selvin,
 whispering; 'any more attempts to shift your sentiments
 'upon me, and you shall hear of it. In the mean time,
 'be assured, I'll clear myself, and put the saddle upon the
 'right horse?'—'Demme, if thou art not a queer fel-
 'low,' said Tinsel, endeavouring to hide his discompo-
 'sure at this threat under a forced laugh. Selvin, with-
 'out making any reply, retired to write to Arabella;
 'which Tinsel suspecting, resolved to be before-hand with
 'him; and, without leaving the coffee-house, called for
 'paper, and wrote a billet to her, which he dispatched
 'away immediately. The messenger had just got admit-
 'tance to Lucy, when another arrived from Selvin.

They both presented their letters; but Lucy refused
 'them, saying, her lady would turn her away, if she re-
 'ceived such sort of letters.—'Such sort of letters,' re-
 'turned Tinsel's man. 'Why, do you know what they
 'contain, then?'—'To be sure I do,' replied Lucy;
 'they are love letters; and my lady has charged me ne-
 'ver

‘ver to receive any more.’—‘Well,’ replied Selvin’s servant, ‘you may take my letter; for my master desired me to tell you it was about business of consequence, which your lady must be acquainted with.’

‘Since you assure me it is not a love letter, I’ll take it,’ said Lucy.—‘And pray take mine too,’ said Tinsil’s Mercury; ‘for, I assure you, it is not a love-letter neither; it is only a *billet-doux*.’—‘Are you sure of that?’ replied Lucy: ‘because I may venture to take it, I fancy, if it is what you say.’—‘I’ll swear it,’ said the man, delivering it to her.—‘Well,’ said she, receiving it, ‘I’ll take them both up. But what did you call this?’ pursued she. ‘I must not forget it, or else my lady will think it a love letter.’

‘A *billet-doux*,’ said the man. Lucy, for fear she should forget it, repeated the words *billet-doux* several times as she went up stairs; but entering her lady’s apartment, she perceiving the letters in her hand, asked her so sternly how she durst presume to bring them into her presence, that the poor girl in her fright forgot the lesson she had been conning; and endeavouring to recal it into her memory, took no notice of her lady’s question, which [she repeated several times, but to no purpose.

Arabella, surprised at her inattention, reiterated her commands in a tone somewhat louder than usual; asking her, at the same time, why she did not obey her immediately. ‘Indeed, Madam,’ replied Lucy, ‘your ladyship would not order me to take back the letters, if you knew what they were: they are not love letters; I was resolved to be sure of that before I took them.—This, Madam, is a letter about business of consequence; and the other—Oh dear, I can’t think what the man called it; but it is not a love letter, indeed, Madam.’

‘You are a simple wench,’ said Arabella, smiling. ‘You may depend upon it, all letters directed to me must contain matters of love and gallantry; and those I am not permitted to receive. Take them away then immediately.—But stay,’ pursued she, seeing she was about to obey her, ‘one of them, you say, was delivered

‘to you as a letter of consequence ; perhaps it is so : indeed it may contain an advertisement of some design to carry me away. How do I know but Mr. Selvin, incited by his love and despair, may intend to make such an attempt?—Give me that letter, Lucy ; I am resolved to open it. As for the other——yet, who knows but the other may also bring me warning of the same danger from another quarter ? The pains Mr. Tinsel took to conceal his passion, nay, almost, as I think, to deny it, amounts to a proof that he is meditating some way to make sure of me. ’Tis certainly so. Give me that letter, Lucy : I should be accessory to their intended violence, if I neglected this timely discovery.

‘Well,’ cried she, taking one of the letters, ‘this is exactly like what happened to the beautiful princess of Cappadocia, who, like me, in one and the same day, received advice that two of her lovers intended to carry her off.’—As she pronounced these words, Miss Glanville entered the room, to whom Arabella immediately recounted the adventure of the letters ; telling her she did not doubt but they contained a discovery of some conspiracy to carry her away.—‘And whom does your ladyship suspect of such a strange design, pray ?’ said Miss Glanville, smiling—‘At present,’ replied Arabella, ‘the two cavaliers who walked with us to-day, are the persons who seem the most likely to attempt that violence.’

‘I dare answer for Mr. Tinsel,’ replied Miss Glanville ; ‘he thinks of no such thing.’—‘Well,’ said Arabella, ‘to convince you of your mistake, I must inform you that Mr. Selvin, having the presumption to begin a declaration of love to me on the Parade this morning, I reprov’d him severely for his want of respect, and threatened him with my displeasure. In the rage of his jealousy, at seeing me treat Mr. Tinsel well, he discovered to me that he also was as criminal as himself, in order to oblige me to a severer usage of him.’

‘So he told you Mr. Tinsel was in love with you ?’ interrupted Miss Glanville.—‘He told it me in other words,’ replied Arabella ; for he said Mr. Tinsel was
‘guilty

‘ guilty of that offence which I resented so severely to
 ‘ him.’—Miss Glanville beginning to comprehend the
 mystery, with great difficulty forbore laughing at her
 cousin’s mistake; for she well knew the offence of
 Mr. Selvin hinted at, and desirous of knowing what
 those letters contained, she begged her to delay opening
 them no longer.—Arabella, pleased at her solicitude,
 opened one of the letters; but glancing her eye to the
 bottom, and seeing the name of Selvin, she threw it
 hastily upon the table, and averting her eyes, ‘ What a
 ‘ mortification have I avoided!’ said she; ‘ that letter is
 ‘ from Selvin, and, questionless, contains an avowal of
 ‘ his crime.’—‘ Nay, you must read it,’ cried Miss
 Glanville, taking it up: ‘ since you have opened it, it
 ‘ is the same thing. You can never persuade him but
 ‘ you have seen it. However, to spare your nicety, I’ll
 ‘ read it to you.’ Which accordingly she did, and found
 it as follows—

‘ MADAM,

‘ I know not what insinuations have been made use
 ‘ of to persuade you I was guilty of the offence which,
 ‘ with justice, occasioned your resentment this morning;
 ‘ but I assure you, nothing was ever more false. My
 ‘ thoughts of your ladyship are very different, and full
 ‘ of the profoundest respect and veneration. I have rea-
 ‘ son to suspect Mr. Tinsel is the person who has thus en-
 ‘ deavoured to prejudice me with your ladyship; therefore
 ‘ I am excusable if I tell you, that those very sentiments,
 ‘ too disrespectful to be named, which he would per-
 ‘ suade you are mine, he discovered himself. He then,
 ‘ Madam, is the person guilty of that offence he so
 ‘ falsely lays to the charge of him, who is, with the
 ‘ utmost respect and esteem, Madam, your ladyship’s
 ‘ most obedient, and most humble servant,

‘ F. SELVIN.’

‘ How’s this?’ cried Miss Glanville. ‘ Why, Ma-
 ‘ dam, you are certainly mistaken. You see Mr. Selvin
 ‘ utterly denies the crime of loving you. He has suffered
 ‘ very innocently in your opinion. Indeed, your lady-
 ship

‘ship was too hasty in condemning him.’—‘If what he
‘says be true,’ replied Arabella, who had been in ex-
treme confusion while a letter so different from what she
expected was reading, ‘I have indeed unjustly condemned
‘him: Nevertheless, I am still inclined to believe this
‘is all artifice; and that he is really guilty of entertain-
‘ing a passion for me.’—‘But why should he take so
‘much pains to deny it, Madam?’ said Miss Glanville.
‘Methinks that looks very odd.’—‘Not at all,’ inter-
rupted Arabella, whose spirits were raised by recollecting
an adventure in her romance similar to this; ‘Mr. Selvin
‘has fallen upon the same stratagem with Seramenes,
‘who, being in love with the beautiful Cleobuline, prin-
‘cess of Corinth, took all imaginable pains to conceal
‘his passion, in order to be near that fair princess, who
‘would have banished him from her presence, had she
‘known he was in love with her. Nay, he went so far
‘in his dissimulation, as to pretend love to one of the
‘ladies of her court, that his passion for the princess
‘might be the less taken notice of. In these cases,
‘therefore, the more resolutely a man denies his passion,
‘the more pure and violent it is.’—‘Then Mr. Selvin’s
‘passion is certainly very violent,’ replied Miss Glan-
ville, ‘for he denies it very resolutely; and I believe
‘none but your ladyship would have discovered his arti-
‘fice. But shall we not open the other letter? I have
‘a strong notion it comes from Tinsel.’

‘For that very reason I would not be acquainted with
‘the contents,’ replied Arabella. ‘You see Mr. Selvin
‘accuses him of being guilty of that offence which he
‘denies. I shall doubtless meet with a confirmation of
‘his love in that letter.—Do not, I beseech you,’ added
she, seeing her cousin preparing to open the letter, ‘ex-
‘pose me to the pain of hearing a presumptuous declara-
‘tion of love. Nay,’ pursued she, rising in great
emotion, ‘if you are resolved to persecute me by reading
‘it, I’ll endeavour to get out of the hearing of it.’

‘You shan’t, I declare,’ said Miss Glanville, laugh-
ing, and holding her; ‘I’ll oblige you to hear it.’

‘I vow,

‘I vow, cousin,’ said Arabella, smiling, ‘you use me just as the princess Cleopatra did the fair and wise Antonia. However, if by this you mean to do any kindness to the unfortunate person who wrote that billet, you are greatly mistaken; since, if you oblige me to listen to a declaration of his crime, you will lay me under a necessity to banish him. A sentence he would have avoided, while I remained ignorant of it.’

To this Miss Glanville made no other reply than by opening the billet, the contents of which may be found in the following chapter.

CHAP. XIII.

In which our Heroine's Extravagance will be thought, perhaps, to be carried to an extravagant Length.

‘MADAM,

‘I HAD the honour to assure you this morning on the Parade, that the insinuations Mr. Selvin made use of to rob me of the superlative happiness of your esteem, were entirely false and groundless. May the beams of your bright eyes never shine on me more, if there is any truth in what he said to prejudice me with your ladyship! If I am permitted to attend you to the rooms this evening, I hope to convince you, that it was absolutely impossible I could have been capable of such a crime, who am, with the most profound respect, your ladyship's most devoted, &c. ‘D. TINSEL.’

‘Well, Madam,’ said Miss Glanville, when she had read this epistle, ‘I fancy you need not pronounce a sentence of banishment upon poor Mr. Tinsel; he seems to be quite innocent of the offence your ladyship suspects him of.’—‘Why, really,’ returned Arabella, blushing with extreme confusion at this second disappointment, ‘I am greatly perplexed to know how I ought to act on this occasion; I am much in the same situation with the princess Serena. For, you must know, this princess—’ Here Lucy entering, informed the ladies dinner was served. ‘I shall defer till another opportunity,’ said Arabella, upon this interruption, ‘the relation of the princess Serena's adventures; which you will find,’ added she, in

in a low voice, 'bears a very great resemblance to mine.' Miss Glanville replied, she would hear it whenever she pleased; and then followed Arabella to the dining-room.

The cloth was scarce removed, when Mr. Selvin came in. Arabella blushed at his appearance, and discovered so much perplexity in her behaviour, that Mr. Selvin was apprehensive he had not yet sufficiently justified himself; and therefore took the first opportunity to approach her.

'I shall think myself very unhappy, Madam,' said he, bowing, 'if the letter I did myself the honour to write to you this morning——'

'Sir,' interrupted Arabella, 'I perceive you are going to forget the contents of that letter, and preparing again to offend me by a presumptuous declaration of love.'—'Who, I Madam!' replied he, in great astonishment and confusion, 'I-I-I protest—though I—I have a very great respect for your ladyship, yet—yet I never presumed to—to—to—'—'You have presumed too much,' replied Arabella; 'and I should forget what I owed to my own glory, if I furnished you with any more occasions of offending me.—Know, then, I absolutely forbid you to appear before me again, at least, till I am convinced you have changed your sentiments.'

Saying this, she rose from her seat, and making a sign to him not to follow her, which indeed he had no intention to do, she quitted the room, highly satisfied with her own conduct upon this occasion, which was exactly conformable to the laws of romance.

Mr. Tinfel, who had just alighted from his chair, having a glimpse of her, as she passed to her own apartment, resolved, if possible, to procure a private interview; for he did not doubt but his billet had done wonders in his favour. For that purpose he ventured up to her antichamber, where he found Lucy in waiting, whom he desired to acquaint her lady, that he entreated a moment's speech with her. Lucy, after hesitating a moment, and looking earnestly at him, replied, 'Sir, if you'll promise me faithfully you are not in love with my lady, I'll go and deliver your message.'—'Deuce take me,' said Tinfel,

Tinsel, 'if that is not a very whimsical condition truly
'——Pray, my dear, how came it into thy little brain,
'to suspect I was in love with thy lady? but, suppose I
'should be in love with her, what then?'——'Why then,
'it is likely you would die, that's all,' said Lucy;
'without my lady would be so kind to command you to
'live.'——'I vow thou hast pretty notions, child,' said
Tinsel, smiling: 'hast thou been reading any play-book
'lately? But pray, dost think thy lady would have com-
'passion on me, if I was in love with her? Come, I
'know thou art in her confidence? Hast thou ever heard
'her talk of me? Dost she not tell thee all her secrets?'

Here Arabella's bell ringing, the beau slipped half-a-guinea into her hand, which Lucy not willing to refuse, went immediately to her lady; to whom, with a trembling accent, she repeated Mr. Tinsel's request.

'Imprudent girl!' cried Arabella, '(for I am loth to
'suspect thee of disloyalty to thy mistress) dost thou
'know the nature and extent of the request thou hast de-
'livered? Art thou ignorant that the presumptuous
'man whom thou solicitest this favour for, has mortally
'offended me?'——'Indeed, Madam,' said Lucy, fright-
ened out of her wits, 'I don't solicit for him. I scorn to
'do any such thing. I would not offend your ladyship
'for the world; for, before I would deliver his message
'to your ladyship, I made him assure me, that he was
'not in love with your ladyship.'

'That was very wisely done indeed,' replied Arabella,
smiling: 'and do you believe he spoke the truth?'——
'Yes, indeed, I am sure of it,' said Lucy, eagerly. 'If
'your ladyship will but be pleased to see him, he is only
'in the next room; I dare promise——'——'How!' in-
terrupted Arabella. 'What have you done? Have you
'brought him into my apartment, then? I protest this ad-
'venture is exactly like what befel the beautiful Statira,
'when, by a stratagem of the same kind, Oroondates was
'introduced into her presence. Lucy, thou art another
'Barsina, I think; but I hope thy intentions are not less
'innocent than hers were.'——'Indeed, Madam,' replied
Lucy,

Lucy, almost weeping, 'I am very innocent. I am no Barfina, as your ladyship calls me.'—'I dare answer for thee,' said Arabella, smiling at the turn she gave to her words, 'thou art no Barfina; and I should wrong thee very much to compare thee with that wise princess; for thou art certainly one of the most simple wenches in the world. But since thou hast gone so far, let me know what the unfortunate person desires of me; for, since I am neither more rigid, nor pretend to more virtue than Statira, I may do at least as much for him, as that great queen did for Oroondates.'—'He desires, Madam,' said Lucy, 'that your ladyship would be pleased to let him speak with you.'—'Or, in his words, I suppose,' replied Arabella, 'he humbly implored a moment's audience.'

'I told your ladyship his very words, indeed, Madam,' said Lucy.—'I tell thee, girl, thou art mistaken,' said Arabella; 'it is impossible he should sue for such a favour in terms like those: therefore, go back, and let him know that I consent to grant him a short audience upon these conditions.—First, Provided he does not abuse my indulgence by offending me with any protestations of his passion.—Secondly, That he engages to fulfil the injunctions I shall lay upon him, however cruel and terrible they may appear.—Lastly, That his despair must not prompt him to any act of desperation against himself.'—Lucy having received this message, quitted the room hastily, for fear she should forget it.

'Well, my pretty ambassadress,' said Tinsel, when he saw her enter the anti-chamber, 'will your lady see me?'

'No, Sir,' replied Lucy.—'No!' interrupted Tinsel, 'that's kind, faith, after waiting so long.'

'Pray, Sir,' said Lucy, 'don't put me out so; I shall forget what my lady ordered me to tell you.'—'Oh! I ask your pardon, child,' said Tinsel; 'come, let me hear your message.'—'Sir,' said Lucy, adopting the solemnity of her lady's accent, 'my lady bade me say that she will grant——No, that she consents to grant you a short dience.'—'Audience, you would say, child,' said Tinsel: 'but how came you to tell me before she would

'not

‘not see me?’—‘I vow and protest, Sir,’ said Lucy, ‘you have put all my lady’s words clean out of my head—’ ‘I don’t know what comes next.’—‘Oh, no matter,’ said Tinsel, ‘you have told me enough: I’ll wait upon her directly.’—Lucy, who saw him making towards the door, pressed between it and him; and having all her lady’s whims in her head, supposed he was going to carry her away. Possessed with this thought, she screamed out, ‘Help! help! for Heaven’s sake! my lady will be carried away!’—Arabella hearing this exclamation of her woman’s, echoed her screams, though with a voice infinitely more delicate; and seeing Tinsel, who, confounded to the last degree at the cries of both the lady and her woman, had got into her chamber he knew not how, she gave herself over for lost, and fell back in her chair in a swoon, or something she took for a swoon for she was persuaded it could happen no otherwise, since all ladies in the same circumstances are terrified into a fainting fit, and seldom recover till they are conveniently carried away; and when they awake, find themselves many miles off in the power of their ravisher.—Arabella’s other women, alarmed by her cries, came running into the room; and seeing Mr. Tinsel there, and their lady in a swoon, concluded some very extraordinary accident had happened.—‘What is your business here?’ cried they all at a time. ‘Is it you that has frightened her ladyship?’—‘Devil take me,’ said Tinsel, amazed, ‘if I can tell what all this means!’

By this time Sir Charles, Mr. Glanville, and his sister, came running astonished up stairs. Arabella still continued motionless in her chair, her eyes closed, and her head reclined upon Lucy, who, with her other women, was endeavouring to recover her.—Mr. Glanville eagerly ran to her assistance, while Sir Charles and his daughter as eagerly interrogated Mr. Tinsel, who stood motionless with surprise, concerning the cause of her disorder.—Arabella then first discovering some signs of life, half opened her eyes.—‘Inhuman wretch!’ cried she, with a faint voice, supposing herself in the hands of her avisher, ‘think not thy cruel violence shall procure thee

‘what

‘ what thy submissions could not obtain ; and if when
 ‘ thou hadst only my indifference to surmount, thou didst
 ‘ find it so difficult to overcome my resolution, now that,
 ‘ by this unjust attempt, thou hast added aversion to that
 ‘ indifference, never hope for any thing but the most bit-
 ‘ ter reproaches from me.’—‘ Why, niece,’ said Sir
 Charles, approaching her, ‘ what is the matter ? Look
 ‘ up, I beseech you, nobody is attempting to do you any
 ‘ hurt ; here’s none but friends about you.’ Arabella,
 raising her head at the sound of her uncle’s voice, and
 casting a confused look on the persons about her—

‘ May I believe my senses ? Am I rescued, and in my
 ‘ own chamber ? To whose valour is my deliverance ow-
 ‘ ing ? Without doubt, it is to my cousin’s : but where
 ‘ is he ? Let me assure him of my gratitude.’

Mr. Glanville, who had retired to a window in great con-
 fusion, as soon as he heard her call for him, came towards
 her, and in a whisper begged her to be composed ; that
 she was in no danger.—‘ And pray, niece,’ said Sir
 Charles, ‘ now you are a little recovered, be so good to
 ‘ inform us of the cause of your fright. What has hap-
 ‘ pened to occasion all this confusion ?’—‘ How, Sir !’
 said Arabella, ‘ don’t you know then what has happened ?
 ‘ Pray, how was I brought again into my chamber, and
 ‘ by what means was I rescued ?’—‘ I protest,’ said Sir
 Charles, ‘ I don’t know that you have been out of it.’

‘ Alas !’ replied Arabella, ‘ I perceive you are quite
 ‘ ignorant of what has befallen me ; nor am I able to
 ‘ give you any information : all I can tell you is, that
 ‘ alarmed by my women’s cries, and the sight of my ra-
 ‘ visher, who came into my chamber, I fainted away,
 ‘ and so facilitated his enterprize ; since, doubtless, it
 ‘ was very easy for him to carry me away while I re-
 ‘ mained in that senseless condition. How I was rescued,
 ‘ or by whom, one of my women can haply inform you ;
 ‘ since, it is probable, one of them was also forced away
 ‘ with me—Oh, heavens !’ cried she, seeing Tinsel, who
 all this while stood gazing like one distracted ; ‘ what
 ‘ makes that impious man in my presence ! What am I
 ‘ to think of this ? Am I really delivered, or no ?’

‘ What

‘What can this mean?’ cried Sir Charles, turning to Tinsel.—‘Have you, Sir, had any hand in frightening my niece?’—‘I, Sir!’ said Tinsel, ‘let me perish if ever I was so confounded in my life! the lady’s brain is disordered, I believe.’ Mr. Glanville, who was convinced all this confusion was caused by some of Arabella’s whims, dreaded lest an explanation would the more expose her; and therefore told his father that it would be best to retire, and leave his cousin to the care of his sister and her women; adding, that she was not yet quite recovered, and their presence did but discompose her. Then addressing himself to Tinsel, told him he would wait upon him down stairs.—Arabella, seeing them going away together, and supposing they intended to dispute the possession of her with their swords, called out to them to stay.

Mr. Glanville, however, without minding her, pressed Mr. Tinsel to walk down.—‘Nay, pray, Sir,’ said the beau, ‘let us go in again; she may grow outrageous if we disoblige her.’—‘Outrageous, Sir?’ said Glanville; ‘do you suppose my cousin is mad!’—‘Upon my soul, Sir,’ replied Tinsel, ‘if she is not mad, she is certainly a little out of her senses, or so.’—Arabella, having reiterated her commands for her lovers to return, and finding they did not obey her, ran to her chamber-door, where they were holding a surly sort of conference, especially on Glanville’s side, who was horridly out of humour.

‘I perceive by your looks,’ said Arabella to her cousin, ‘the design you are meditating; but know, that I absolutely forbid you, by all the power I have over you, not to engage in combat with my ravisher here.’

‘Madam,’ interrupted Glanville, ‘I beseech you do not——’—‘I know,’ said she, ‘you will object to me the examples of Artamenes, Aronces, and many others, who were so generous as to promise their rivals not to refuse them that satisfaction whenever they demanded it—but consider, you have not the same obligations to Mr. Tinsel that Artamenes had to the king of Assyria, or that Aronces had to——’

‘For God’s sake, cousin,’ said Glanville, ‘what’s all this to the purpose? Curse on Aronces and the king

‘ of Assyria, I say !’—The astonishment of Arabella at this intemperate speech of her cousin, kept her for a moment immoveable ; when Sir Charles, who, during this discourse, had been collecting all the information he could from Lucy concerning this perplexed affair, came towards Tinsel, and giving him an angry look, told him, he should take it well if he forbore visiting any of his family for the future.—‘ Oh, your most obedient servant, ‘ Sir,’ said Tinsel, ‘ you expect, I suppose, I should be ‘ excessively chagrined at this prohibition ; but upon my ‘ soul I am greatly obliged to you. Agad ! I have no ‘ great mind to a halter : and since this lady is so apt to ‘ think people have a design to ravish her, the wisest ‘ thing a man can do, is to keep out of her way.’

‘ Sir,’ replied Glanville, who had followed him to the door, ‘ I believe there has been some little mistake ‘ in what has happened to-day. — However, I expect ‘ you’ll take no unbecoming liberties with the character ‘ of Lady Bella.’—‘ Oh, Sir !’ said Tinsel, ‘ I give you ‘ my honour I shall always speak of the lady with the ‘ most profound veneration. She is a most accomplished, ‘ incomprehensible lady : and the devil take me, if I ‘ think there is her fellow in the world—And so, Sir, I ‘ am your most obedient——’—‘ A word with you before you go,’ said Glanville, stopping him. ‘ No ‘ more of these sneers, as you value that smooth face of ‘ yours, or I’ll despoil it of a nose.’—‘ Oh ! your humble servant,’ said the beau, retiring in great confusion, with something betwixt a smile and a grin upon his countenance, which he took care, however, Mr. Glanville should not see ? who, as soon as he quitted him, went again to Arabella’s apartment, in order to prevail upon his father and sister to leave her a little to herself ; for he dreaded lest some more instances of her extravagance would put it into his father’s head that she was really out of her senses.—‘ Well, Sir,’ said Arabella, upon his entrance, ‘ you have, I suppose, given your ‘ rival his liberty. I assure you this generosity is highly ‘ agreeable to me—And herein you imitate the noble ‘ Artamenes, who, upon a like occasion, acted as you ‘ have

‘ have done. For when fortune had put the ravisher of
‘ Mandana in his power, and he became the vanquisher
‘ of his rival, who endeavoured by violence to possess
‘ that divine princess, this truly generous hero relinquis-
‘ ed the right he had of disposing of his prisoner, and,
‘ instead of sacrificing his life to his just and reasonable
‘ vengeance, he gave a proof of his admirable virtue and
‘ clemency by dismissing him in safety, as you have done.
‘ —However,’ added she, ‘ I hope you have made him
‘ swear upon your sword that he will never make a se-
‘ cond attempt upon my liberty.—I perceive,’ pursued
she, seeing Mr. Glanville continued silent, with his eyes
bent on the ground, for indeed he was ashamed to look
up, ‘ that you would willingly avoid the praise due to
‘ the heroic action you have just performed—Nay, I sup-
‘ pose you are resolved to keep it secret, if possible; yet
‘ I must tell you, that you will not escape the glory due
‘ to it. Glory is as necessarily the result of a virtuous
‘ action, as light is an effect of the sun which causeth
‘ it, and has no dependance on any other cause; since a
‘ virtuous action continues still the same, though it be
‘ done without testimony; and glory, which is, as one
‘ may say, born with it, constantly attends it, though the
‘ action be not known.’—‘ I protest, niece,’ said Sir
Charles, ‘ that’s very prettily said.’

‘ In my opinion, Sir,’ pursued Arabella, ‘ if any thing
‘ can weaken the glory of a good action, it is the care a
‘ person takes to make it known; as if one did not do
‘ good for the sake of good, but for the praise that gene-
‘ rally follows it. Those, then, that are governed by so
‘ interested a motive, ought to be considered as sordid
‘ rather than generous persons; who, making a kind of
‘ traffic between virtue and glory, barter just so much of
‘ the one for the other, and expect, like other merchants, to
‘ make advantage by the exchange.’—Mr. Glanville,
who was charmed into an ecstasy at this sensible speech of
Arabella’s, forgot in an instant all her absurdities. He
did not fail to express his admiration of her understanding
in terms that brought a blush into her fair face, and

obliged her to lay her commands upon him to cease his excessive commendations. Then making a sign to them to leave her alone, Mr. Glanville, who understood her, took his father and sister down stairs, leaving Arabella with her faithful Lucy, whom she immediately commanded to give her a relation of what had happened to her from the time of her swooning till she recovered.

CHAP. XIV.

A Dialogue between Arabella and Lucy, in which the latter seems to have the Advantage.

‘**W**HY, Madam,’ said Lucy, ‘all I can tell your ladyship is, that we were all excessively frightened, to be sure, when you fainted, especially myself; and that we did what we could to recover you—And so accordingly your ladyship did recover.’

‘What’s this to the purpose?’ said Arabella, perceiving she stopped here. ‘I know that I fainted, and it is also very plain that I recovered again—I ask you what happened to me in the intermediate time between my fainting and recovery? Give me a faithful relation of all the accidents to which by my fainting I am quite a stranger, and which, no doubt, are very considerable.’—‘Indeed, Madam,’ replied Lucy, ‘I have given your ladyship a faithful relation of all I can remember.’—‘When?’ resumed Arabella, surprised.

‘This moment, Madam,’ said Lucy.—‘Why, sure thou dreamest, wench!’ replied she. ‘Hast thou told me how I was seized and carried off! How I was rescued again? And—’—‘No, indeed, Madam,’ interrupted Lucy, ‘I don’t dream; I never told your ladyship that you was carried off.’—‘Well, said Arabella, and why dost thou not satisfy my curiosity? Is it not fit I should be acquainted with such a momentous part of my history?’—‘I can’t, indeed, and please your ladyship,’ said Lucy.—‘What, can’st thou not?’ said Arabella, enraged at her stupidity.—‘Why, Madam,’ said Lucy, sobbing, ‘I can’t make a history of nothing!’—‘Of nothing, wench!’ resumed Arabella, in a greater rage than before. ‘Dost thou call an adventure’

‘ture

‘ture to which thou wast a witness, and borest haply so great a share in, nothing?—An adventure which hereafter will make a considerable figure in the relation of my life, dost thou look upon as trifling and of no consequence?’—‘No, indeed I don’t, Madam,’ said Lucy.

‘Why, then,’ pursued Arabella, ‘dost thou wilfully neglect to relate it? Suppose, as there is nothing more likely, thou wert commanded by some persons of considerable quality, or haply some great princes and princesses, to recount the adventures of my life, wouldest thou omit a circumstance of so much moment?’

‘No, indeed, Madam!’ said Lucy.—‘I am glad to hear thou art so discreet,’ said Arabella; ‘and pray do me the favour to relate this adventure to me, as thou wouldest do to those princes and princesses, if thou wert commanded.’—Here Arabella, making a full stop, fixed her eyes upon her woman, expecting every moment she would begin the desired narrative; but finding she continued silent longer than she thought was necessary for recalling the several circumstances of the story into her mind—‘I find,’ said she, ‘it will be necessary to caution you against making your audience wait too long for your relation; it looks as if you was to make a studied speech, not a simple relation of facts, which ought to be free from all affectation of labour and art; and be told with that graceful negligence which is so becoming to truth.’—‘This I thought proper to tell you,’ added she, ‘that you may not fall into that mistake when you are called upon to relate my adventures—Well, now if you please to begin.’—‘What, pray Madam?’ said Lucy.—‘What!’ repeated Arabella. ‘Why, the adventures which happened to me so lately. Relate to me every circumstance of my being carried away, and how my deliverance was effected by my cousin.’

‘Indeed, Madam,’ said Lucy, ‘I know nothing about your ladyship’s being carried away.’

‘Be gone,’ cried Arabella, losing all patience at her obstinacy; ‘get out of my presence this moment.—

‘Wretch! unworthy of my confidence and favour; thy

‘treason is too manifest; thou art bribed by that presumptuous man to conceal all the circumstances of his attempt from my knowledge, to the end that I may not have a full conviction of his guilt.’—Lucy who never saw her lady so much offended before, and knew not the occasion of it, burst into tears; which so affected the tender heart of Arabella, that, losing insensibly all her anger, she told her, with a voice softened to a tone of the utmost sweetness and condescension, that provided she would confess how far she had been prevailed upon by his rich presents to forget her duty, she would ‘pardon and receive her again into favour—‘Speak,’ added she, ‘and be not afraid, after this promise, to let me know what Mr. Tinsel required of thee, and what were the gifts with which he purchased thy services: doubtless, he presented thee with jewels of a considerable value.’

‘Since your ladyship,’ said Lucy, sobbing, ‘has promised not to be angry, I don’t care if I do tell your ladyship what he gave me. He gave me this half-guinea, Madam, indeed he did; but, for all that, when he would come into your chamber, I struggled with him, and cried out, for fear he should carry your ladyship away.’—Arabella, lost in astonishment and shame at hearing of so inconsiderable a present made to her woman, the like of which not one of her romances could furnish her, ordered her immediately to withdraw, not being willing she should observe the confusion this strange bribe had given her.—After she had been gone some time, she endeavoured to compose her looks, and went down to the dining-room, where Sir Charles and his son and daughter had been engaged in a conversation concerning her, the particulars of which may be found in the first chapter of the next book.

BOOK VIII.

CHAP. I.

Contains the Conversation referred to in the last Chapter of the preceding Book.

MISS Glanville, who with a malicious pleasure had secretly triumphed in the extravagances her beautiful cousin had been guilty of, was now sensibly disappointed to find they had had so little effect on her father and brother; for instead of reflecting upon the absurdities to which they had been a witness, Mr. Glanville artfully pursued the subject Arabella had just before been expatiating upon, taking notice frequently of some observations of hers, and by a well-contrived repetition of her words, obliged his father a second time to declare that his niece had spoken extremely well. Mr. Glanville taking the word, launched out into such praises of her wit, that Miss Glanville, no longer able to listen patiently, replied—‘It was true Lady Bella sometimes said very sensible things; that it was a great pity she was not always in a reasonable way of thinking, or that her intervals were not longer.’—‘Her intervals, Miss!’ said Glanville; ‘pray what do you mean by that expression?’—‘Why, pray,’ said Miss Glanville, ‘don’t you think my cousin is sometimes a little wrong in the head?’

Mr. Glanville at these words starting from his chair, took a turn across the room in great discomposure; then stopping all of a sudden, and giving his sister a furious look---‘Charlotte,’ said he, ‘don’t give me cause to think you are envious of your cousin’s superior excellences.’—‘Envious!’ repeated Miss Glanville; ‘I envious of my cousin---I vow I should never have thought of that---Indeed, brother, you are much mistaken: my cousin’s superior excellences never gave me a moment’s disturbance---Though I must confess her unaccountable whims have often excited my pity.’

‘No more of this, Charlotte,’ interrupted Mr. Glanville, ‘as you value my friendship---No more of it.’
‘Why,

‘Why, really, son,’ said Sir Charles, ‘my niece has very strange whimsies sometimes. How it came into her head to think Mr. Tinsel would attempt to carry her away, I can’t imagine! For, after all, he only pressed rather too rudely into her chamber; for which, as you see, I have forbidden his visits.—’ That was of a piece,’ said Miss Glanville, sneeringly to her brother, ‘with her asking you if you had made Mr. Tinsel swear upon your sword that he would never again attempt to carry her away; and applauding you for having given him his liberty, as the generous Atermens did on the same occasion.’—‘I would advise you, Charlotte,’ said Mr. Glanville, ‘not to aim at repeating your cousin’s words, till you know how to pronounce them properly.’—‘Oh! that’s one of her superior excellences,’ said Miss Glanville. ‘Indeed, Miss,’ said Glanville, very provokingly, ‘she is superior to you in many things; and as much so in the goodness of her heart, as in the beauty of her person!’

‘Come, come, Charles,’ said the baronet, who observed his daughter sat swelling and biting her lips at this reproach, ‘personal reflections are better avoided. Your sister is very well, and not to be disparaged; though, to be sure, Lady Bella is the finest woman I ever saw in my life.’ Miss Glanville was, if possible, more disgusted at her father’s palliation than her brother’s reproaches; and, in order to give a loose to her passion, accused Mr. Glanville of a decrease in his affection for her, since he had been in love with her cousin; and having found this excuse for her tears, very freely gave vent to them. Mr. Glanville, being softened by this sight, sacrificed a few compliments to her vanity, which soon restored her to her usual tranquillity; then turning the discourse on his beloved Arabella, pronounced a panegyric on her virtues and accomplishments of an hour long; which, if it did not absolutely persuade his sister to change her opinion, it certainly convinced his father that his niece was not only perfectly well in her understanding, but even better than most others of her sex. Mr. Glanville

ville had just finished her eulogium when Arabella appeared: joy danced in his eyes at her approach; he gazed upon her with a kind of conscious triumph in his looks; her consummate loveliness justifying his passion, and being in his opinion more than an excuse for all her extravagances.

CHAP. II.

In which our Heroine, as we presume, shews herself in two very different Lights.

ARABELLA, who at her entrance had perceived some traces of uneasiness upon Miss Glanville's countenance, tenderly asked her the cause; to which that young lady answering in a cold and reserved manner, Mr. Glanville, to divert her reflections on it, very freely accused himself of having given his sister some offence.—
 'To be sure, brother,' said Miss Glanville, 'you are very vehement in your temper, and are as violently carried away about things of little importance as of the greatest; and then, whatever you have a fancy for, you love so obstinately.'—'I am obliged to you, Miss,' interrupted Mr. Glanville, 'for endeavouring to give Lady Bella so unfavourable an opinion of me.'—'I assure you,' said Arabella, 'Miss Glanville has said nothing to your disadvantage: for, in my opinion, the temperament of great minds ought to be such as she represents yours to be. For there is nothing at so great a distance from true and heroic virtue, as that indifference which obliges some people to be pleased with all things or nothing: whence it comes to pass, that they neither entertain great desires of glory, nor fear of infamy, that they neither love nor hate; that they are wholly influenced by custom, and are sensible only of the afflictions of the body, their minds being in a manner insensible.'

'To say the truth, I am inclined to conceive a greater hope of a man, who in the beginning of his life is hurried away by some evil habit, than one that fastens on nothing; the mind that cannot be brought to detest vice, will never be persuaded to love virtue; but one
 'who

' who is capable of loving or hating irreconcilably, by
 ' having, when young, his passions directed to proper
 ' objects, will remain fixed in his choice of what is
 ' good. But with him who is incapable of any violent
 ' attraction, and whose heart is chilled by a general in-
 ' difference, precept or example will have no force—And
 ' philosophy itself, which boasts it hath remedies for all
 ' indispositions of the soul, never had any that can cure
 ' an indifferent mind—Nay,' added she, ' I am persuad-
 ' ed that indifference is generally the inseparable compa-
 ' nion of a weak and imperfect judgment; for it is so
 ' natural to a person to be carried towards that which he
 ' believes to be good, that if indifferent people were able
 ' to judge of things, they would fasten on something.
 ' But certain it is, that this lukewarmness of soul, which
 ' sends forth but feeble desires, sends also but feeble
 ' lights; so that those who are guilty of it, not know-
 ' ing any thing clearly, cannot fasten on any thing with
 ' perseverance.'—Mr. Glanville, when Arabella had fi-
 nished this speech, cast a triumphing glance at his sister,
 who had affected great inattention all the while she had
 been speaking. Sir Charles, in his way, expressed much
 admiration of her wit, telling her, if she had been a man,
 she would have made a great figure in parliament, and
 that her speeches might have come perhaps to be printed
 in time.—This compliment, odd as it was, gave great
 joy to Glanville; when the conversation was interrupted
 by the arrival of Mr. Selvin, who had slipped away unob-
 served at the time that Arabella's indisposition had alarm-
 ed them, and now came to inquire after her health; and
 also, if an opportunity offered, to set her right with re-
 gard to the suspicions she had entertained of his designing
 to pay his addresses to her.

Arabella, as soon as he had sent in his name, appeared
 to be in great disturbance; and upon his entrance, offer-
 ed immediately to withdraw, telling Mr. Glanville, who
 would have detained her, that she found no place was
 likely to secure her from the persecutions of that gentle-
 man.—Glanville stared, and looked strangely perplexed

at

at this speech ; Miss Glanville smiled ; and poor Selvin, with a very silly look, hemm'd two or three times, and then with a faltering accent said, ' Madam, I am very much concerned to find your ladyship resolved to persist in——'—' Sir,' interrupted Arabella, ' my resolutions are unalterable. I told you so before, and am surprised, after the knowledge of my intentions, you presume to appear in my presence again, from whence I had so positively banished you.'—' Pray, niece,' said Sir Charles, ' what has Mr. Selvin done to disoblige you ?'—' Sir,' replied Arabella, ' Mr. Selvin's offence can admit of no other reparation than that which I required of him, which was a voluntary banishment from my presence ; and in this,' pursued she, ' I am guilty of no more severity to you, than the princess Udofia was to the unfortunate Thrasimedes. For the passion of this prince having come to her knowledge, notwithstanding the pains he took to conceal it, this fair and wise princess thought it not enough to forbid his speaking to her, but also banished him from her presence ; laying a peremptory command upon him, never to appear before her again till he was perfectly cured of that unhappy love he had entertained for her—Imitate, therefore, the meritorious obedience of this poor prince, and if that passion you profess for me—'

' How, Sir,' interrupted Sir Charles, ' Do you make love to my niece, then ?'—' Sir,' replied Mr. Selvin, who was strangely confounded at Arabella's speech, ' though I really admire the perfections this lady is possessed of, yet I assure you, upon my honour, I never had a thought of making any addresses to her ; and I cannot imagine why her ladyship persists in accusing me of such presumption.'—So formal a denial, after what Arabella had said, extremely perplexed Sir Charles, and filled Mr. Glanville with inconceivable shame.—Miss Glanville enjoyed their disturbance, and, full of an ill-natured triumph, endeavoured to look Arabella into confusion ; but that lady not being at all dis-

composed by this declaration of Mr. Selvin's, having accounted for it already, replied with great calmness—

‘Sir, it is easy to see through the artifice of your
‘disclaiming any passion for me—Upon any other occa-
‘sion, questionless, you would rather sacrifice your life,
‘than consent to disavow these sentiments which, un-
‘happily for your peace, you have entertained. At
‘present the desire of continuing near me, obliges you to
‘lay this constraint upon yourself; however, you know
‘Thrasimedes fell upon the same stratagem to no pur-
‘pose. The rigid Udofia saw through the disguise, and
‘would not dispense with herself from banishing him
‘from Rome, as I do you from England’—

‘How, Madam!’ interrupted Selvin, amazed——

‘Yes, Sir,’ replied Arabella hastily, ‘nothing less
‘can satisfy what I owe to the consideration of my own
‘glory.’—‘Upon my word, Madam,’ said Selvin, half
angry, and yet strongly inclined to laugh, ‘I don’t see
‘the necessity of my quitting my native country, to sa-
‘tisfy what you owe to the consideration of your own
‘glory. Pray, how does my staying in England affect
‘your ladyship’s glory?’—‘To answer your question with
‘another,’ said Arabella, ‘pray how did the stay of
‘Thrasimedes in Rome affect the glory of the empress
‘Udofia?’—Mr. Selvin was struck dumb with this
speech, for he was not willing to be thought so deficient
in the knowledge of history, as not to be acquainted
with the reasons why Thrasimedes should not stay in
Rome. His silence therefore seeming to Arabella to be a
tacit confession of the justice of her commands, a senti-
ment of compassion for this unfortunate lover intruded
itself into her mind, and turning her bright eyes, full of
a soft complacency, upon Selvin, who stared at her as if
he had lost his wits—‘I will not,’ said she, ‘wrong the
‘sublimity of your passion for me so much, as to doubt
‘your being ready to sacrifice the repose of your own
‘life to the satisfaction of mine: nor will I do so much
‘injustice to your generosity, as to suppose the glory of
‘obeying my commands, will not in some measure soften
‘the



FEMALE QUIXOTE.

The emotion of Cynecia, at the infidelity of
Glanville, who had paid his addresses to her,
while he professed an attachment to Arabella.
Vide Vol. II. Chap. 5. Page 194.

‘ the vigour of your destiny—I know not whether it may
 ‘ be lawful for me to tell you, that your misfortune does
 ‘ really cause me some affliction; but I am willing to
 ‘ give you this consolation, and also to assure you, that
 ‘ to whatever part of the world your despair will carry
 ‘ you, the good wishes and compassion of Arabella shall
 ‘ follow you.’—Having said this, with one of her fair
 hands she covered her face, to hide the blushes which so
 compassionate a speech had caused—Holding the other ex-
 tended with a careless air, supposing he would kneel to
 kiss it, and bathe it with his tears, as was the custom
 on such melancholy occasions, her head at the same time
 turned another way, as if reluctantly and with confusion
 she granted this favour.—But after standing a moment
 in this posture, and finding her hand untouched, the con-
 cluded grief had deprived him of his senses, and that he
 would shortly fall into a swoon as Thrasimedes did; and
 to prevent being a witness of so doleful a sight, she hur-
 ried out of the room, without once turning about; and
 having reached her own apartment, sunk into a chair,
 not a little affected with the deplorable condition in
 which she had left her supposed miserable lover.

CHAP. III.

The Contrast continued.

THE company she had left behind her being all, ex-
 cept Mr. Glanville, to the last degree surprised at
 her strange words and actions, continued mute for sever-
 al minutes after she was gone, staring upon one another,
 as if each wished to know the other’s opinion of such an
 unaccountable behaviour. At last Miss Glanville, who
 observed her brother’s back towards her, told Mr. Selvin,
 in a low voice, that she hoped he would call and take his
 leave of them before he set out for the place where his de-
 spair would carry him.—Mr. Selvin, in spite of his natu-
 ral gravity, could not forbear laughing at this speech of
 Miss Glanville’s, which shocked her brother; and not
 being able to stay where Arabella was ridiculed, nor en-
 titled to resent it, which would have been a manifest in-
 justice on that occasion, he retired to his own apartment,
 to give vent to that spleen which in those moments made

him out of humour with all the world.—Sir Charles, when he was gone, indulged himself in a little mirth on his niece's extravagance, protesting he did not know what to do with her. Upon which Miss Glanville observed, that it was a pity there were not such things as protestant nunneries; giving it as her opinion, that her cousin ought to be confined in one of those places, and never suffered to see any company, by which means she would avoid exposing herself in the manner she did now. Mr. Selvin, who possibly thought this a reasonable scheme of Miss Glanville's, seemed by his silence to assent to her opinion; but Sir Charles was greatly displeased with his daughter for expressing herself so freely; alledging that Arabella, when she was out of those whims, was a very sensible young lady, and sometimes talked as learnedly as a divine. To which Mr. Selvin also added, that she had a great knowledge of history, and had a most surprising memory; and after some more discourse to the same purpose, he took his leave, earnestly entreating Sir Charles to believe that he never entertained any design of making his addresses to Lady Bella.

In the mean time, that lady, after having given near half an hour to those reflections which occur to heroines in the same situation with herself, called for Lucy, and ordered her to go to the dining room, and see in what condition Mr. Selvin was, telling her she had certainly left him in a swoon, as also the occasion of it; and bid her give him all the consolation in her power.—Lucy, with tears in her eyes at this recital, went down as she was ordered; and entering the room without any ceremony, her thoughts being wholly fixed on the melancholy circumstance her lady had been telling her, she looked eagerly round the room without speaking a word, till Sir Charles and Miss Glanville, who thought she had been sent with some message from Arabella, asked her, both at the same instant, what she wanted.—‘I came, Sir,’ said Lucy, repeating her lady's words, ‘to see in what condition Mr. Selvin is in, and to give him all the consolation in my power.’—Sir Charles, laughing heartily at this speech, asked her what she could do for Mr. Selvin?

To which she replied, she did not know, but her lady had told her to give him all the solation in her power.

‘Consolation thou would’st say, I suppose,’ said Sir Charles.—‘Yes, Sir,’ said Lucy, curtsying. ‘Well, child,’ added he, ‘go up and tell your lady, Mr. Selvin does not need any consolation.’—Lucy accordingly returned with this message, and was met at the chamber-door by Arabella, who hastily asked her if Mr. Selvin was recovered from his swoon: to which Lucy replied, that she did not know; but that Sir Charles bid her tell her ladyship, Mr. Selvin did not need any consolation. ‘Oh, heavens!’ cried Arabella, throwing herself into a chair as pale as death—‘He is dead, he has fallen upon his sword, and put an end to his life and miseries at once—Oh! how unhappy am I,’ cried she, bursting into tears, ‘to be the cause of so cruel an accident—Was ever any fate so terrible as mine—Was ever beauty so fatal—Was ever rigour so unfortunate—How will the quiet of my future days be disturbed by the sad remembrance of a man whose death was caused by my disdain?—But, why,’ resumed she, after a little pause—‘why do I thus afflict myself for what has happened by an unavoidable necessity? Nor am I singular in the misfortune which has befallen me—Did not the sad Perinthus die for the beautiful Panthea?—Did not the rigour of Barfina bring the miserable Oxyatres to the grave—And the severity of Statira make Oroonides fall upon his sword in her presence, though happily he escaped being killed by it?—Let us, then, not afflict ourselves unreasonably at this sad accident—Let us lament as we ought the fatal effects of our charms—But let us comfort ourselves with the thought that we have only acted conformable to our duty.’—Arabella having pronounced these last words with a solemn and lofty accent, ordered Lucy, who listened to her with eyes drowned in tears, to go down and ask if the body was removed.—‘For,’ added she, ‘all my constancy will not be sufficient to support me against that pitiful sight.’ Lucy accordingly delivered her message to Sir Charles and Miss Glanville, who were still together, discoursing

on the fantastical turn of Arabella; when the knight, who could not possibly comprehend what she meant by asking if the body was removed, bid her tell her lady he desired to speak with her.

Arabella, upon receiving this summons, set herself to consider what could be the intent of it. ‘If Mr. Selvin be dead,’ said she, ‘what good can my presence do among them? Surely it cannot be to upbraid me with my severity, that my uncle desires to see me—No, it would be unjust to suppose it. Questionless, my unhappy lover is still struggling with the pangs of death, and, for a consolation in his last moments, implores the favour of resigning up his life in my sight.’ Pausing a little at these words, she rose from her seat with a resolution to give the unhappy Selvin her pardon before he died. Meeting Mr. Glanville as he was returning from his chamber to the dining-room, she told him, she hoped the charity she was going to discover towards his rival, would not give him any uneasiness; and preventing his reply, by going hastily into the room, he followed her, dreading some new extravagance, yet not able to prevent it, endeavoured to conceal his confusion from her observation. Arabella, after breathing a gentle sigh, told Sir Charles, that she was come to grant Mr. Selvin her pardon for the offence he had been guilty of, that he might depart in peace. ‘Well, well,’ said Sir Charles, ‘he is departed in peace without it.’—‘How, Sir!’ interrupted Arabella, ‘is he dead then already?’ ‘Alas! why had he not the satisfaction of seeing me before he expired, that his soul might have departed in peace? He would have been assured not only of my pardon, but pity also; and that assurance would have made him happy in his last moments.’—‘Why, niece,’ interrupted Sir Charles, staring, ‘you surprise me prodigiously: are you in earnest?’—‘Questionless I am, Sir,’ said she; ‘nor ought you to be surprised at the concern I expressed for the fate of this unhappy man, nor at the pardon I proposed to have granted him; since herein I am justified by the example of many great and virtuous princesses, who have done as much

‘ nay, haply, more than I intended to have done, for persons whose offences were greater than Mr. Selvin’s.’

‘ I am very sorry, Madam,’ said Sir Charles, ‘ to hear you talk in this manner; it is really enough to make one suspect you are——’—‘ You do me great injustice, Sir,’ interrupted Arabella, ‘ if you suspect me to be guilty of any unbecoming weakness for this man; if barely expressing my compassion for his misfortunes be esteemed so great a favour, what would you have thought if I had supported his head on my knees while he was dying, shed tears over him, and discovered all the tokens of a sincere affliction for him?’—‘ Good God!’ said Sir Charles, lifting up his eyes, ‘ did any body ever hear of any thing like this?’—‘ What, Sir,’ said Arabella, with as great an appearance of surprise in her countenance as his had discovered, ‘ do you say you never heard of any thing like this? Then you never heard of the princess of Media, I suppose?’—‘ No not I, Madam,’ said Sir Charles, peevishly. ‘ Then, Sir,’ resumed Arabella, permit me to tell you, that this fair and virtuous princess condescended to do all I have mentioned for the fierce Labynet, prince of Assyria: who, though he had mortally offended her by stealing her away out of the court of the king her father, nevertheless, when he was wounded to death in her presence, and humbly implored her pardon before he died, she condescended, as I have said, to support him on her knees, and shed tears for his disaster. I could produce many more instances of the like compassion in ladies almost as highly born as herself, though, perhaps, their quality was not quite so illustrious, she being the heiress of two powerful kingdoms. Yet to mention only these—’

‘ Good heavens!’ cried Mr. Glanville here, being quite out of patience, ‘ I shall go distracted!’ Arabella, surprised at this exclamation, looked earnestly at him for a moment, and then asked him, whether any thing she had said had given him uneasiness. ‘ Yes, upon my soul, Madam!’ said Glanville, so vexed and confused that he hardly knew what he said. ‘ I am sorry

‘for it,’ replied Arabella, gravely; ‘and also am
‘greatly concerned to find that in generosity you are so
‘much exceeded by the illustrious Cyrus; who was so
‘far from taking umbrage at Mandana’s behaviour to
‘the dying prince, that he commended her for the com-
‘passion she had shewn him. So also did the brave and
‘generous Oroondates, when the fair Statira——’—‘By
‘heavens;’ cried Glanville, rising in a passion, ‘there’s
‘no hearing this.—Pardon me, Madam, but upon my
‘soul you’ll make me hang myself!’—‘Hang yourself!’
repeated Arabella, ‘sure you know not what you say!
‘you meant, I suppose, that you’ll fall upon your sword.
‘What hero ever threatened to give himself so vulgar a
‘death? But pray, let me know the cause of your des-
‘pair, so sudden and so violent.’ Mr. Glanville, con-
tinuing in a sort of sullen silence, Arabella, raising her
voice, went on—‘Though I do not conceive myself
‘obliged to give you an account of my conduct, seeing
‘that I have only permitted you yet to hope for my fa-
‘vour; yet I owe to myself, and my own honour, the
‘justification I am going to make. Know then, that
‘however suspicious my compassion for Mr. Selvin may
‘appear to your mistaken judgment, yet it has its foun-
‘dation only in the generosity of my disposition, which
‘inclines me to pardon the fault when the unhappy crimi-
‘nal repents; and to afford him my pity when his cir-
‘cumstances require it. Let not, therefore, the charity
‘I have discovered towards your rival, be the cause of
‘your despair, since my sentiments for him, were he
‘living, would be what they were before; that is, full
‘of indifference, nay, haply, disdain. And suffer not
‘yourself to be so carried away by a violent and unjust
‘jealousy, as to threaten your own death, which, if you
‘really had any grounds for your suspicions, and truly
‘loved me, would come unsought for, though not un-
‘desired—for, indeed, was your despair reasonable, death
‘would necessarily follow it; for what lover can live un-
‘der so desperate a misfortune? In that case you may
‘meet death undauntedly when it comes, nay, embrace
‘it with joy; but truly the killing one’s self is but a

‘ false picture of true courage, proceeding rather from
‘ fear of a farther evil, than contempt of that you fly to :
‘ for if it were a contempt of pain, the same principle
‘ would make you resolve to bear patiently and fearlessly
‘ all kinds of pains ; and hope being, of all other, the
‘ most contrary thing to fear, this being an utter ba-
‘ nishment of hope, seems to have its ground in fear.’

CHAP. IV.

*In which Mr. Glanville makes an unsuccessful attempt
upon Arabella.*

ARABELLA, when she had finished these words, which banished in part Mr. Glanville’s confusion, went to her own apartment, followed by Miss Glanville, to whom she had made a sign for that purpose : and throwing herself into a chair, burst into tears, which greatly surprising Miss Glanville, she pressed her to tell her the cause. ‘ Alas !’ replied Arabella, ‘ have I not
‘ cause to think myself extremely unhappy ? The deplor-
‘ able death of Mr. Selvin, the despair to which I see
‘ your brother reduced, with the fatal consequences which
‘ may attend it, fills me with a mortal uneasiness.’

‘ Well,’ said Miss Glanville, ‘ your ladyship may
‘ make yourself quite easy as to both these matters ; for
‘ Mr. Selvin is not dead, nor is my brother in despair,
‘ that I know of.’—‘ What do you say, Miss ?’ interrupted Arabella ; ‘ is not Mr. Selvin dead ? Was the
‘ wound he gave himself not mortal, then ?’—‘ I know of
‘ no wound that he gave himself, not I,’ said Miss Glanville : ‘ what makes your ladyship suppose he gave him-
‘ self a wound ? Lord bless me, what strange thoughts
‘ come into your head !’—‘ Truly I am rejoiced to hear
‘ it,’ replied Arabella ; ‘ and in order to prevent the ef-
‘ fects of his despair, I’ll instantly dispatch my commands
‘ to him to live.’—‘ I dare answer for his obedience,’
‘ Madam,’ said Miss Glanville, smiling. Arabella then gave orders for paper and pens to be brought her ; and seeing Mr. Glanville enter the room, very formally acquainted him with her intention, telling him, that he ought to be satisfied with the banishment to which she had doomed his unhappy rival, and not require his death.

since he had nothing to fear from his pretensions. ‘ I assure you, Madam,’ said Mr. Glanville, ‘ I am perfectly easy upon that account : and in order to spare you the trouble of sending to Mr. Selvin, I may venture to assure you that he is in no danger of dying.’ ‘ It is impossible, Sir,’ replied Arabella, ‘ according to the nature of things, it is impossible but he must already be very near death—you know the rigour of my sentence, you know——’—‘ I know, Madam,’ said Mr. Glanville, ‘ that Mr. Selvin does not think himself under a necessity of obeying your sentence ; and has the impudence to question your authority for banishing him from his native country,’—‘ My authority, Sir,’ said Arabella, strangely surpris’d, ‘ is founded upon the absolute power he has given me over him.’—‘ He denies that, Madam,’ said Glanville, ‘ and says that he neither can give, nor you exercise, an absolute power over him ; since you are both accountable to the king, whose subjects you are, and both restrained by the laws under whose sanction you live.’ Arabella’s apparent confusion at these words giving Mr. Glanville hopes that he had fallen upon a proper method to cure her of some of her strange notions, he was going to pursue his arguments, when Arabella looking a little sternly upon him---‘ The empire of love,’ said she, ‘ like the empire of honour, is governed by laws of its own, which have no dependance upon, or relation to, any other.’—‘ Pardon me, Madam,’ said Glanville, ‘ if I presume to differ from you. Our laws have fixed the boundaries of honour as well as those of love.’—‘ How is that possible,’ replied Arabella, ‘ when they differ so widely, that a man may be justified by the one, and yet condemned by the other ? For instance,’ pursued she, ‘ you are not permitted by the laws of the land to take away the life of any person whatever : yet the laws of honour oblige you to hunt your enemy through the world, in order to sacrifice him to your vengeance. Since it is impossible then for the same actions to be at once just and unjust, it must necessarily follow, that the law which condemns it, and that which justifies it, is

‘not the same, but directly opposite: and now,’ added she, after a little pause, ‘I hope I have entirely cleared up that point to you.’—‘You have indeed, Madam,’ replied Mr. Glanville, ‘proved to a demonstration, that what is called honour is something distinct from justice, since they command things absolutely opposite to each other.’

Arabella, without reflecting on this inference, went on to prove the independent sovereignty of love, ‘Which,’ said she, ‘may be collected from all the words and actions of those heroes who were inspired by this passion. We see it in them,’ pursued she, ‘triumphing not only over all natural and avowed allegiance, but superior even to friendship, duty, and honour itself. This the actions of Oroondates, Artaxerxes, Spitridates, and many other illustrious princes, sufficiently testify. Love requires a more unlimited obedience from its slaves, than any other monarch can expect from his subjects; an obedience which is circumscribed by no laws whatever, and dependent upon nothing but itself.’ ‘I shall live,’ ‘Madam,’ sayst he renowned prince of Scythia to the divine Statira, ‘I shall live, since it is your command I should do so; and death can have no power over a life which you are pleased to take care of. Say only that you wish I should conquer,’ said the great Juba to the incomparable Cleopatra, ‘and my enemies will be already vanquished---victory will come over to the side you favour---and an army of a hundred thousand men will not be able to overcome the man who has your commands to conquer.’ ‘How mean and insignificant,’ pursued she, ‘are the titles bestowed on other monarchs compared with those which dignify the sovereigns of hearts, such as divine Arbitress of my fate, Visible Divinity, Earthly Goddess, and many others equally sublime.’ Mr. Glanville, losing all patience at her obstinate folly, interrupted her here with a question quite foreign to the subject she was discussing; and soon after quitting her chamber, retired to his own, more than ever despairing of her recovery.

In which is introduced a very singular Character.

MISS Glanville, whose envy and dislike of her lovely cousin was heightened by her suspicions that she disputed with her the possession of Sir George's heart, she having been long in reality a great admirer of that gay gentleman, was extremely delighted with the ridicule her absurd behaviour had drawn upon her at Bath, which she found by enquiry was, through Mr. Tinsel's representation, grown almost general. In order, therefore, to be at liberty to go to the public places uneclipsed by the superior beauty of Arabella, she acquainted her father and brother with part of what she had heard, which determined them to prevent that young lady's appearance in public while they stayed at Bath; this being no difficult matter to bring about, since Arabella only went to the rooms or parade in compliance with the invitation of her cousins. Miss Glanville being by these means rid of a rival too powerful even to contend with, went with more than usual gaiety to the assembly, where the extravagances of Arabella afforded a perpetual fund for diversion. Her more than passive behaviour upon this occasion, banishing all restraint among those she conversed with, the jest circulated very freely at Arabella's expence. Nor did Miss Glanville fail to give new poignancy to their sarcasms, by artfully deploring the bent of her cousin's studies, and enumerating the many absurdities they made her guilty of. Arabella's uncommon beauty had gained her so many enemies among the ladies that composed this assembly, that they seemed to contend with each other who should ridicule her most. The celebrated Countess of——, being then at Bath, approached a circle of these fair defamers, and listening a few moments to the contemptuous jests they threw out against the absent beauty, declared herself in her favour; which in a moment (such was the force of her universally acknowledged merit, and the deference always paid to her opinion) silenced every pretty impertinent around her. This lady, who among her own sex had no superior in wit, elegance, and ease, was inferior to very few of

the other in sense, learning, and judgment. Her skill in poetry, painting, and music, though incontestably great, was numbered among the least of her accomplishments. Her candour, her sweetness, her modesty, and benevolence, while they secured her from the darts of envy, rendered her superior to praise, and made the one as unnecessary as the other ineffectual. She had been a witness of the surprise Arabella's extraordinary appearance had occasioned; and struck with that as well as the uncommon charms of her person, had pressed near her, with several others of the company, when she was discouraging in the manner we have related. A person of the countess's nice discernment could not fail of observing the wit and spirit, which, though obscured, was not absolutely hid under the absurdity of her notions; and this discovery adding esteem to the compassion she felt for the fair visionary, she resolved to rescue her from the ill-natured raillery of her sex; praising therefore her understanding, and the beauty of her person, with a sweetness and generosity peculiar to herself, she accounted in the most delicate manner imaginable for the singularity of her notions, from her studies, her retirement, her ignorance of the world, and her lively imagination. And to abate the keenness of their sarcasms, acknowledged that she herself had, when very young, been deep read in romances; and but for an early acquaintance with the world, and being directed to other studies, was likely to have been as much a heroine as Lady Bella.

Miss Glanville, though she was secretly vexed at this defence of her cousin, was however under a necessity of seeming obliged to the countess for it: and that lady expressing a desire to be acquainted with Lady Bella, Miss Glanville respectfully offered to attend her cousin to her lodgings; which the countess as respectfully declined, saying, as Lady Bella was a stranger, she would make her the first visit. Miss Glanville, at her return, gave her brother an account of what had happened at the assembly, and filled him with an inconceivable joy at the countess's intention. He had always been a zealous admirer of that lady's character, and flattered himself that

the conversation of so admirable a woman would be of the utmost use to Arabella. That very night he mentioned her to his beloved cousin; and after enumerating all her fine qualities, declared that she had already conceived a friendship for her, and was solicitous of her acquaintance. 'I think myself extremely fortunate,' replied Arabella, 'in that I have (though questionless underservedly) acquired the amity of this lovely person—and I beg you,' pursued she, to Miss Glanville, 'to tell her, that I long with impatience to embrace her, and to give her that share in my heart which her transcendent merit deserves.' Miss Glanville only bowed her head in answer to this request, giving her brother at the same time a significant leer; who, though used to Arabella's particularities, could not help being a little confounded at the heroic speech she had made.

CHAP. VI.

Containing something which at first sight may possibly puzzle the Reader.

THE Countess was as good as her word, and two days after sent a card to Arabella, importing her design to wait on her that afternoon.—Our heroine expected her with great impatience, and the moment she entered the room flew towards her with a graceful eagerness, and straining her in her arms, embraced her with all the fervour of a long absent friend.

Sir Charles and Mr. Glanville were equally embarrassed at the familiarity of this address; but observing that the countess seemed not to be surprised at it, but rather to receive it with pleasure, they were soon composed.

'You cannot imagine, lovely stranger,' said Arabella to the countess, as soon as they were seated, 'with what impatience I have longed to behold you, since the knowledge I have received of your rare qualities, and the friendship you have been pleased to honour me with—And I may truly protest to you, that such is my admiration of your virtues, that I would have gone to the farthest part of the world to render you that which you with so much generosity have condescended to

‘bestow upon me.’—Sir Charles stared at this extraordinary speech, and not being able to comprehend a word of it, was concerned to think how the lady to whom it was addressed would understand it.—Mr. Glanville looked down, and bit his nails in extreme confusion; but the countess, who had not forgot the language of romance, returned the compliment in a strain as heroic as hers.—‘The favour I have received from fortune,’ said she, ‘in bringing me to the happiness of your acquaintance, charming Arabella, is so great, that I may rationally expect some terrible misfortune will befall me; seeing that in this life our pleasures are so constantly succeeded by pains, that we hardly ever enjoy the one without suffering the other soon after.’

Arabella was quite transported to hear the countess express herself in language so conformable to her own; but Mr. Glanville was greatly confounded, and began to suspect she was diverting herself with his cousin’s singularities: and Sir Charles was within a little of thinking her as much out of the way as his niece.

‘Misfortunes, Madam,’ said Arabella, ‘are too often the lot of excellent persons like yourself. The sublimest among mortals both for beauty and virtue have experienced the frowns of fate. The sufferings of the divine Statira, or Cassandra, for she bore both names, the persecutions of the incomparable Cleopatra, the distresses of the beautiful Dandace, and the afflictions of the fair and generous Mandana, are proofs that the most illustrious persons in the world have felt the rage of calamity.’—‘It must be confessed,’ said the countess, ‘that all those fair princesses you have named, were for a while extremely unfortunate; yet in the catalogue of these lovely and afflicted persons, you have forgot one who might with justice dispute the priority of sufferings with them all—I mean the beautiful Elisa, princess of Parthia.’—‘Pardon me, Madam,’ replied Arabella, ‘I cannot be of your opinion. The princess of Parthia may indeed justly be ranked among the number of unfortunate persons, but she can by no means dispute the melancholy precedence with the divine Cleopatra—

‘ For, in fine, Madam, what evils did the princess of Par-
‘ thia suffer which the fair Cleopatra did not likewise en-
‘ dure, and some of them haply in a greater degree? If
‘ Elisa, by the tyrannical authority of the king her father,
‘ saw herself upon the point of becoming the wife of a
‘ prince she detested, was not the beautiful daughter of
‘ Antony, by the more unjustifiable tyranny of Augustus,
‘ likely to be forced into the arms of Tyberius, a proud and
‘ cruel prince, who was odious to the whole world as well
‘ as to her? If Elisa was for some time in the power of
‘ pirates, was not Cleopatra captive to an inhuman king,
‘ who presented his sword to the fair breast of that divine
‘ princess, worthy the admiration of the whole earth? And
‘ in fine, if Elisa had the grief to see her dear Artaban
‘ imprisoned by the order of Augustus, Cleopatra beheld
‘ with mortal agonies her beloved Coriolanus inclosed
‘ amidst the guards of that enraged prince, and doomed to
‘ a cruel death.’—‘ It is certain, Madam,’ replied the
‘ countess, ‘ that the misfortunes of both these princesses
‘ were very great, though, as you have shewed me, with
‘ some inequality: and when one reflects upon the danger-
‘ ous adventures to which persons of their quality were
‘ exposed in those times, one cannot help rejoicing that we
‘ live in an age in which the customs, manners, habits,
‘ and inclinations, differ so widely from theirs, that it is
‘ impossible such adventures should even happen. Such
‘ is the strange alteration of things, that some people, I
‘ dare say, at present cannot be persuaded to believe there
‘ ever were princesses wandering through the world by
‘ land and sea in mean disguises, carried away violently
‘ out of their father’s dominions by insolent lovers—Some
‘ discovered sleeping in forests, others shipwrecked on de-
‘ solate islands, confined in castles, bound in chariots, and
‘ even struggling amidst the tempestuous waves of the sea,
‘ into which they had cast themselves to avoid the brutal
‘ force of their ravishers. Not one of these things having
‘ happened within the compass of several thousand years,
‘ people unlearned in antiquity would be apt to deem them
‘ idle tales, so improbable do they appear at present.’

Arabella, though greatly surprised at this discourse, did

not think proper to express her thoughts of it. She was unwilling to appear absolutely ignorant of the present customs of the world before a lady, whose good opinion she was ardently desirous of improving. Her prepossessions in favour of the countess made her receive the new lights she held out to her with respect, though not without doubt and irresolution. Her blushes, her silence, and down-cast eyes, gave the countess to understand part of her thoughts; who, for fear of alarming her too much for that time, dropped the subject, and, turning the conversation on others more general, gave Arabella an opportunity of mingling in it with that wit and vivacity which was natural to her when romances were out of the question.

CHAP. VII.

In which, if the Reader has not anticipated it, he will find an Explanation of some seeming Inconsistencies in the foregoing Chapter.

THE countess, charmed with the wit and good sense of Arabella, could not conceal her admiration, but expressed it in terms the most obliging imaginable: and Arabella, who was excessively delighted with her, returned the compliments she made her with the most respectful tenderness. In the midst of these mutual civilities, Arabella, in the style of romance, entreated the countess to favour her with the recital of her adventures. At the mention of this request, that lady conveyed so much confusion into her countenance, that Arabella, extremely embarrassed by it, though she knew not why, thought it necessary to apologize for the disturbance she seemed to have occasioned in her. ‘Pardon me, Madam,’ replied the countess, recovering herself, ‘if the uncommonness of your request made a moment’s reflection necessary to convince me that a young lady of your sense and delicacy could mean no offence to decorum by making it. The word adventures carries in it so free and licentious a sound in the apprehensions of people at this period of time, that it can hardly with propriety be applied to those few and natural incidents which compose the history of a woman of honour. And when I tell you,’ pursued she, with a smile, ‘that I was born and christen-

‘ed, had a useful and proper education, received the ad-
‘dresses of my Lord ——, through the recommendation
‘of my parents, and married him with their consents and
‘my own inclination, and that since we have lived in
‘great harmony together, I have told you all the mate-
‘rial passages of my life, which, upon enquiry, you will
‘find differ very little from those of other women of the
‘same rank, who have a moderate share of sense, pru-
‘dence, and virtue.’—‘Since you have already, Madam,’
replied Arabella, blushing, ‘excused me for the liberty I
‘took with you, it will be unnecessary to tell you it was
‘grounded upon the customs of ancient times, when la-
‘dies of the highest rank and sublimest virtue were often
‘exposed to a variety of cruel adventures, which they
‘imparted in confidence to each other when chance
‘brought them together.’—‘Custom,’ said the coun-
‘tess, smiling, ‘changes the very nature of things; and
‘what was honourable a thousand years ago, may pro-
‘bably be looked upon as infamous now—a lady in the
‘heroic age you speak of, would not be thought to pos-
‘sess any great share of merit, if she had not been many
‘times carried away by one or other of her insolent lo-
‘vers: whereas a beauty in this could not pass through
‘the hands of several different ravishers, without bring-
‘ing an imputation on her chastity. The same actions
‘which made a man a hero in those times, would con-
‘stitute him a murderer in these—and the same steps
‘which led him to a throne then, would infallibly con-
‘duct him to a scaffold now.’

‘But custom, Madam,’ said Arabella ‘cannot pos-
‘sibly change the nature of virtue or vice: and since vir-
‘tue is the chief characteristic of a hero, a hero in the
‘last age will be a hero in this.’—‘Though the natures
‘of virtue or vice cannot be changed,’ replied the coun-
‘tess, ‘yet they may be mistaken; and different princi-
‘ples, customs, and education, may probably change their
‘names, if not their natures.’—‘Sure, Madam,’ said
Arabella, a little moved, ‘you do not intend by this in-
‘ference to prove Oroondates, Artaxerxes, Juba, Artax-
‘ban, and the other heroes of antiquity bad men?’—

‘ Judging them by the rules of christianity, and our
‘ present notions of honour, justice, and humanity, they
‘ certainly are,’ replied the countess. ‘ Did they not
‘ possess all the necessary qualifications of heroes, Ma-
‘ dam,’ said Arabella, ‘ and each in a superlative de-
‘ gree?—Was not their valour invincible, their genero-
‘ sity unbounded, and their fidelity inviolable?’—‘ It
‘ cannot be denied,’ said the countess, ‘ but that their
‘ valour was invincible; and many thousand men, less
‘ courageous than themselves, felt the fatal effects of
‘ that invincible valour, which was perpetually seeking
‘ after occasions to exert itself. Oroondates gave many
‘ extraordinary proofs of that unbounded generosity so
‘ natural to the heroes of his time. This prince being
‘ sent by the king his father, at the head of an army, to
‘ oppose the Persian monarch, who had unjustly invaded
‘ his dominions, and was destroying the lives and pro-
‘ perties of his subjects, having taken the wives and
‘ daughters of his enemy prisoners, had by these means
‘ an opportunity to put a period to a war so destructive
‘ to his country; yet, out of a generosity truly heroic,
‘ he released them immediately, without any conditions;
‘ and falling in love with one of those princesses, secretly
‘ quitted his father’s court, resided several years in that
‘ of the enemy of his father and country, engaged himself
‘ to his daughter, and, when the war broke out again
‘ between the two kings, fought furiously against an
‘ army in which the king his father was in person, and
‘ shed the blood of his future subjects without remorse;
‘ though each of those subjects, we are told, would have
‘ sacrificed his life to save that of their prince, so much
‘ was he beloved. Such are the actions which immor-
‘ talize the heroes of romance, and are by the authors of
‘ those books styled glorious, godlike, and divine: yet,
‘ judging of them as Christians, we shall find them im-
‘ pious and base, and directly opposite to our present no-
‘ tions of moral and relative duties.

‘ It is certain, therefore, Madam,’ added the countess,
with a smile, ‘ that what was virtue in those days, is
‘ vice in ours: and to form a hero according to our no-

'tions of them at present, it is necessary to give him 'qualities very different from Oroondates.' The secret charm in the countenance, voice, and manner of the countess, joined to the force of her reasoning, could not fail of making some impression on the mind of Arabella; but it was such an impression as came far short of conviction. She was surprised, embarrassed, perplexed, but not convinced. Heroism, romantic heroism, was deeply rooted in her heart; it was her habit of thinking, a principle imbibed from education. She could not separate her ideas of glory, virtue, courage, generosity, and honour, from the false representations of them in the actions of Oroondate, Juba, Artaxerxes, and the rest of the imaginary heroes. The countess's discourse had raised a kind of tumult in her thoughts, which gave an air of perplexity to her lovely face, and made that lady apprehensive she had gone too far, and lost that ground in her esteem, which she had endeavoured to acquire by a conformity to some of her notions and language. In this, however, she was mistaken; Arabella felt a tenderness for her that had already the force of a long contracted friendship, and an esteem little less than veneration. When the countess took leave, the professions of Arabella, though delivered in the language of romance, were very sincere and affecting, and were returned with an equal degree of tenderness by the countess, who had conceived a more than ordinary affection for her. Mr. Glanville, who could have almost worshipped the countess for the generous design he saw she had entertained, took an opportunity, as he handed her to her chair, to entreat, in a manner as earnestly as polite, that she would continue the happiness of her acquaintance to his cousin; which, with a smile of mingled dignity and sweetness, she assured him of.

CHAP. VIII.

Which concludes Book the Eighth.

MR. Glanville, at his return to the dining-room, finding Arabella retired, told his father, in a rapture of joy, that the charming countess would certainly make a convert of Lady Bella. 'Methinks,' said the

baronet, 'she has as strange whims in her head as my niece. Ad's-heart, what a deal of stuff did she talk about! A parcel of heroes, as she calls them, with confounded hard names—In my mind, she is more likely to make Lady Bella worse than better.' Mr. Glanville, a little vexed at his father's misapprehension, endeavoured, with as much delicacy as he could, to set him right with regard to the countess; so that he brought him at last to confess she managed the thing very well. The countess, who had resolved to take Arabella openly into her protection, was thinking on means to engage her to appear at the assembly, whither she proposed to accompany her in a modern dress. But her good intentions towards our lovely heroine were suspended by the account she received of her mother's indisposition, which commanded her immediate attendance on her at her seat in ——. Her sudden departure gave Arabella an extreme uneasiness, and proved a cruel disappointment to Mr. Glanville, who had founded all his hopes of her recovery on the conversation of that lady. Sir Charles having affairs that required his presence in London, proposed to his niece the leaving Bath, in a few days, to which she consented; and accordingly they set out for London in Arabella's coach and six, attended by several servants on horseback, her women having been sent away before in the stage. Nothing very remarkable happened during this journey; so we shall not trouble our readers with several small mistakes of Arabella's, such as her supposing a neat country girl, who was riding behind a man, to be some lady or princess in disguise, forced away by a lover she hated, and entreating Mr. Glanville to attempt her rescue; which occasioned some little debate between her and Sir Charles, who could not be persuaded to believe it was as she said, and forbid his son to meddle in other people's affairs. Several of these sort of mistakes, as we said before, we omit; and will therefore, if our reader pleases, bring our heroine, without further delay, to London.

BOOK IX.

CHAP. I.

In which is related an admirable Adventure.

MISS Glanville, whose spirits were greatly exhilarated at their entrance into London, that seat of magnificence and pleasure, congratulated her cousin upon the entertainment she would receive from the new and surprising objects which every day for a considerable time would furnish her with; and ran over the catalogue of diversions with such a volubility of tongue, as drew a gentle reprimand from her father, and made her keep a sullen silence till they were set down in St. James's square, the place of their residence in town. Sir Charles having ordered his late lady's apartment to be prepared for the accommodation of his niece, as soon as the first civilities were over, she retired to her chamber, where she employed herself in giving her women directions for placing her books, of which she had brought a moderate quantity to London, in her closet. Miss Glanville, as soon as she had dispatched away some hundred cards to her acquaintance, to give them notice she was in town, attended Arabella in her own apartment; and as they sat at the tea, she began to regulate the diversions of the week, naming the Drawing room, Park, Concert, Ranelagh, Lady ——'s Assembly, the Duchess of ——'s Rout, Vauxhall, and a long &c. of visits; at which Arabella, with an accent that expressed her surprise, asked her, if she supposed she intended to stay in town three or four years. 'Lau, cousin,' said Miss Glanville, 'all this is but the amusement of a few days.'—'Amusement, do you say?' replied Arabella; 'methinks it seems to be the sole employment of those days; and what you call the amusement, must of necessity be the business of life.'—'You are always so grave, cousin,' said Miss Glanville, 'one does not know what to say to you. However, I shan't press you to go to public places against your inclination; yet you'll condescend to receive a few visits, I suppose?'—'Yes,' replied Arabella, 'and if, among the ladies whom I shall see, I find

‘ any like the amiable Countess of ———, I shall not scruple
‘ to enter into the most tender amity with them.’ — ‘ The
‘ Countess of ——— is very well to be sure,’ said Miss
Glanville ; ‘ yet, I don’t know how it is, she does not
‘ suit my taste—she is very particular in a great many
‘ things, and knows too much for a lady, as I heard my
‘ Lord Trifle say one day ; then she is quite unfashion-
‘ able ; she hates cards, keeps no assembly, is seen but
‘ seldom at public places ; and, in my opinion, as well as
‘ in a great many others, is the dullest company in the
‘ world. I’m sure I met her at a visit a little before I
‘ went down to your seat, and she had not been a quarter
‘ of an hour in the room, before she set a whole circle of
‘ ladies a yawning.’ Arabella, though she had a sincere
contempt for her cousin’s manner of thinking, yet al-
ways politely concealed it ; and, vexed as she was at her
sneers upon the countess, she contented herself with gently
defending her, telling her, at the same time, that till she
met with a lady who had more merit than the countess,
she should always possess the first place in her esteem.

Arabella, who had from her youth adopted the resent-
ments of her father, refused to make her appearance at
court, which Sir Charles gently intimated to her ; yet,
being not wholly divested of the curiosity natural to her sex,
she condescended to go *incog.* to the gallery on a ball night,
accompanied by Mr. Glanville and his sister, in order
to behold the splendour of the British court. As her ro-
mances had long familiarised her thoughts to objects of
grandeur and magnificence, she was not so much struck
as might have been expected with those that now present-
ed themselves to her view. Nor was she a little disap-
pointed to find, that among the men she saw none whose
appearance came up to her ideas of the air and port of an
Artaban, Oroondates, or Juba ; or any of the ladies, who
did not, in her opinion, fall short of the perfections of Elisa,
Mandana, Statira, &c. It was remarkable, too, that she
never enquired how often the princesses had been carried
away by love-captivated monarchs, or how many victories
the king’s sons had gained ; but seemed the whole time she

was there to have suspended all her romantic ideas of glory, beauty, gallantry, and love.

Mr. Glanville was highly pleased with her composed behaviour, and a day or two after entreated her to allow him the honour of shewing her what was remarkable and worthy of her observation in this great metropolis. To this she also consented, and, for the greater privacy, began their travels in a hired coach. Part of several days was taken up in this employment; but Mr. Glanville had the mortification to find she was full of allusions to her romances upon every occasion, such as her asking the person who shews the armoury at the Tower, the names of the knights to whom each suite belonged, and wondering there were no devices on the shields or plumes of feathers in the helmets; she observed that the lion Lysimachus killed, was, according to the history of that prince, much larger than any of those she was shewed in the Tower, and also much fiercer: took notice that St. Paul's was less magnificent in the inside than the temple in which Cyrus, when he went to Mandana, heard her return thanks for his supposed death; enquired if it was not customary for the king and his whole court to sail in barges upon the Thames, as Augustus used to do upon the Tyber; whether they had not music and collations in the Park; and where they celebrated the jousts and tournaments. The season for Vauxhall being not yet over, she was desirous of once seeing a place, which, by the description she had heard of it, greatly resembled the gardens of Lucullus at Rome, in which the emperor, with all the princes and princesses of his court, were so nobly entertained, and where so many gallant conversations had passed among those admirable persons.

The singularity of her dress (for she was covered with her veil) drew a number of gazers after her, who pressed round her with so little respect, that she was greatly embarrassed, and had thoughts of quitting the place, delightful as she owned it, immediately, when her attention was wholly engrossed by an adventure in which she soon interested herself very deeply. An officer of rank in the sea-service had brought his mistress, disguised in

a suit of man's or rather boy's cloaths, and a hat and feather, into the gardens. The young creature being a little intoxicated with the wine she had taken too freely, was thrown so much off her guard, as to give occasion to some of the company to suspect her sex; and a gay fellow, in order to give them some diversion at her expence, pretending to be affronted at something she said, drew his sword upon the disguised fair-one, which so alarmed her, that she shrieked out she was a woman, and ran for protection to her lover, who was so disorderd with liquor, that he was not able to defend her.

Miss Glanville, ever curious and inquisitive, demanded the cause why the company ran in crowds to that particular spot; and received for answer, that a gentleman had drawn his sword upon a lady disguised in a man's habit.—‘Oh, heavens!’ cried Arabella, ‘this must certainly be a very notable adventure. The lady has doubtless some extraordinary circumstances in her story, and haply, upon enquiry, her misfortunes will be found to resemble those which obliged the beautiful Aspasia to put on the same disguise, who was by that means murdered by the cruel Zenodorous in a fit of jealousy at the amity his wife expressed for her. But can I not see this unfortunate fair one?’ added she, pressing, in spite of Mr. Glanville's entreaties, through the crowd—‘I may haply be able to afford her some consolation.’—Mr. Glanville, finding his persuasions were not regarded, followed her with very little difficulty; for her veil falling back in her hurry, she did not mind to replace it, and the charms of her face, joined to the majesty of her person, and singularity of her dress, attracting every person's attention and respect, they made way for her to pass, not a little surprised at the extreme earnestness and solemnity that appeared in her countenance upon an event so diverting to every one else.—The disguised lady, whom she was endeavouring to approach, had thrown herself upon a bench in one of the boxes, trembling still with the apprehension of the sword, though her antagonist was kneeling at her feet, making love to her in mock-heroicks, for the diversion of

the company.—Her hat and peruke had fallen off in her fright ; and her hair, which had been turned up under it, hung now loosely about her neck, and gave such an appearance of woe to a face, which, notwithstanding the paleness that terror had overspread it with, was really extremely pretty, that Arabella was equally struck with compassion and admiration of her.

‘ Lovely unknown,’ said she to her, with an air of extreme tenderness, ‘ though I am a stranger both to
‘ your name and history, yet your aspect persuadeth me
‘ your quality is not mean, and the condition and disguise
‘ in which I behold you, shewing that you are unfortu-
‘ nate, permit me to offer you all the assistance in my
‘ power, seeing that I am moved thereto by my compas-
‘ sion for your distress, and that esteem which the sight
‘ of you must necessarily inspire.’—Mr. Glanville was struck dumb with confusion at this strange speech, and at the whispers and scoffs it occasioned among the spectators. He attempted to take hold of her hand, in order to lead her away, but she disengaged herself from him with a frown of displeasure ; and taking no notice of Miss Glanville, who whispered with great emotion, ‘ Lord, cousin, how you expose yourself !’ pressed nearer to the beautiful disguised, and again repeated her offers of service.—The girl, being perfectly recovered from her intoxication, by the fright she had been in, gazed upon Arabella with a look of extreme surprise : yet being moved to respect by the dignity of her appearance, and, strange as her words seemed to be, by the obliging purport of them, and the affecting earnestness with which they were delivered, she rose from her seat, and thanked her, with an accent full of regard and submission.

‘ Fair maid,’ said Arabella, taking her hand, ‘ let us
‘ quit this place, where your discovery may probably
‘ subject you to more dangers : if you will be pleased to
‘ put yourself into my protection, and acquaint me with
‘ the history of your misfortunes, I have interest enough
‘ with a valiant person, who shall undertake to free you
‘ from your persecutions, and re-establish the repose of
‘ your life.’—The kneeling hero, who, as well as every one

else that were present, had gazed with astonishment at Arabella during all this passage, perceiving she was about to rob him of the disguised fair, seized hold of the hand she had at liberty, and swore he would not part with her.—Mr. Glanville, almost mad with vexation, endeavoured to get Arabella away.—‘Are you mad, Madam,’ said he, in a whisper, ‘to make all this rout about a prostitute? Do you see how every body stares at you? What will they think—For heaven’s sake let us be gone!’—‘What, Sir!’ replied Arabella, in a rage, ‘are you base enough to leave this admirable creature in the power of that man, who is, questionless, her ravisher? And will you not draw your sword in her defence?’—‘Hey-day!’ cried the sea-officer, waked out of his stupid dose by the clamour about him; ‘what’s the matter here!—What are you doing?—Where’s my Lucy?—Zoons, Sir!’ said he to the young fellow who held her, ‘what business have you with my Lucy?’—And, uttering a dreadful oath, drew out his sword, and staggered towards his gay rival, who, observing the weakness of his antagonist, flourished with his sword to shew his courage, and frighten the ladies, who all ran away screaming. Arabella, taking Miss Glanville under the arm, cried out to Mr. Glanville, as she left the place, to take care of the distressed lady, and, while the two combatants were disputing for her, to carry her away in safety.—But Mr. Glanville, without regarding this injunction, hastened after her; and, to pacify her, told her the lady was rescued by her favourite lover, and carried off in triumph.—‘But are you sure,’ said Arabella, ‘it was not some other of her ravishers who carried her away, and not the person whom she has haply favoured with her affection? May not the same thing have happened to her, as did to the beautiful Candace, queen of Ethiopia, who, while two of her ravishers were fighting for her, a third, whom she took for her deliverer, came and carried her away?’—‘But she went away willingly, I assure you, Madam,’ said Mr. Glanville. ‘Pray, don’t be in any concern about her.’—‘If she went away willingly with him,’ replied Arabella, ‘it is pro-

‘ bable it may not be another ravisher ; and yet if this
 ‘ person that rescued her happened to be in armour, and
 ‘ the vizor of his helmet down, she might be mistaken as
 ‘ well as Queen Candace.’—‘ Well, well, he was not in
 ‘ armour, Madam,’ said Glanville, almost beside him-
 ‘ self with vexation at her folly.—‘ You seem to be dis-
 ‘ turbed, Sir,’ said Arabella, a little surprised at his
 ‘ peevish tone. ‘ Is there any thing in this adventure
 ‘ which concerns you? Nay, now I remember, you did
 ‘ not offer to defend the beautiful unknown. I am not
 ‘ willing to impute your inaction upon such an occasion
 ‘ to want of courage or generosity ; perhaps you are ac-
 ‘ quainted with her history, and from this knowledge
 ‘ refused to engage in her defence.’

Mr. Glanville perceiving the company gather from all parts to the walk they were in, told her he would acquaint her with all he knew concerning the disguised lady when they were in the coach on their return home ; and Arabella, impatient for the promised story, proposed to leave the Gardens immediately, which was gladly complied with by Mr. Glanville, who heartily repented his having carried her thither.

CHAP. II.

Which ends with a very unfavourable Prediction for our Heroine.

AS soon as they were seated in the coach, she did not fail to call upon him to perform his promise ; but Mr. Glanville, excessively out of humour at her exposing herself in the Gardens, replied, without considering whether he should not offend her, that he knew no more of the disguised lady than any body else in the place.

‘ How, Sir !’ replied Arabella, ‘ did you not promise
 ‘ to relate her adventures to me ? And would you have
 ‘ me believe you knew no more of them than the rest of
 ‘ the cavaliers and ladies in the place?’—‘ Upon my
 ‘ soul, I don’t, Madam !’ said Glanville ; ‘ yet what I
 ‘ know of her is sufficient to let me understand she was
 ‘ not worth the consideration you seemed to have for
 ‘ her.’—‘ She cannot, sure, be more indiscreet than the
 ‘ fair and unfortunate Hermione,’ replied Arabella ;

‘ who, like her, put on man’s apparel, through despair
‘ at the ill success of her passion for Alexander—And
‘ certain it is, that though the beautiful Hermione was
‘ guilty of one great error which lost her the esteem of
‘ Alexander, yet she had a high and noble soul, as was
‘ manifest by her behaviour and words when she was
‘ murdered by the sword of Demetrius.—“ Oh, Death!”
cried she, as she was falling, “ how sweet do I find thee,
“ and how much and how earnestly have I desired thee!”

‘ O Lord! O Lord!’ cried Mr. Glanville, hardly sensible of what he said. ‘ Was there ever any thing so intolerable?’—‘ You pity the unhappy Hermione, Sir?’ said Arabella, interpreting his exclamation her own way. ‘ Indeed, she is well worthy of your compassion; and if
‘ the bare recital of the words she uttered at receiving her
‘ death’s wound, affects you so much, you may guess
‘ what would have been your agonies, had you been Demetrius that gave it her!’ Here Mr. Glanville groaning aloud through impatience at her absurdities—

‘ This subject affects you deeply, I perceive,’ said Arabella. ‘ There is no question but you would have
‘ acted in the same circumstance as Demetrius did: yet,
‘ let me tell you, the extravagancy of his rage and despair for what he had innocently committed, was imputed to him as a great imbecility, as was also the violent passion he conceived soon after for the fair Deidamia. You know the accident which brought that fair
‘ princess into his way.’—‘ Indeed I do not, Madam,’ said Glanville, peevishly—‘ Well, then, I’ll tell you,’ said Arabella; but, pausing a little—‘ The recital I
‘ have engaged myself to make,’ added she, ‘ will necessarily take up some hours time, as upon reflection I
‘ have found: so if you will dispense with my beginning
‘ it at present, I will satisfy your curiosity to-morrow,
‘ when I may be able to pursue it without interruption.’

To this Mr. Glanville made no other answer than a bow with his head; and the coach a few moments after arriving at their own house, he led her to her apartment, firmly resolved never to attend her to any more public places, while she continued in the same ridiculous folly.

Sir Charles, who had several times been in doubt whether Arabella was not really disordered in her senses, upon Miss Glanville's account of her behaviour at the Gardens, concluded she was absolutely mad, and held a short debate with himself, whether he ought not to bring a commission of lunacy against her, rather than marry her to his son, who, he was persuaded, could never be happy with a wife so unaccountably absurd. Though he only hinted at this to Mr. Glanville, in a conversation he had with him while his dissatisfaction was at its height, concerning Arabella, yet the bare supposition that his father ever thought of such a thing, threw the young gentleman into such agonies, that Sir Charles, to compose him, protested he would do nothing in relation to his niece that he would not approve of. Yet he expostulated with him on the absurdity of her behaviour, and the ridicule to which she exposed herself wherever she went; appealing to him, whether, in a wife, he could think those follies supportable, which in a mistress occasioned him so much confusion. Mr. Glanville, as much in love as he was, felt all the force of this inference, and acknowledged to his father that he could not think of marrying Arabella, till the whims her romances had put into her head, were erased by a better knowledge of life and manners. But he added, with a sigh, that he knew not how this reformation would be effected; for she had such a strange facility in reconciling every incident to her own fantastic ideas, that every new object added strength to the fatal deception she laboured under.

CHAP. III.

In which Arabella meets with another admirable Adventure.

OUR lovely heroine had not been above a fortnight in London, before the gross air of that smoaky town affected her health so much, that Sir Charles proposed to her to go for a few weeks to Richmond, where he hired a house elegantly furnished for her reception.

Miss Glanville had been too long out of that darling city to pay her the compliment of attending her constantly at Richmond; yet she promised to be as often as

possible with her: and Sir Charles, having affairs that could not dispense with his absence from town, placed his steward in her house, being a person whose prudence and fidelity he could rely upon; and he, with her women, and some other menial servants, made up her equipage. As it was not consistent with decorum for Mr. Glanville to reside in her house, he contented himself with riding to Richmond generally every day; and as long as Arabella was pleased with that retirement, he resolved not to press her return to town till the Countess of —— arrived, in whose conversation he grounded all his hopes of her cure. At that season of the year, Richmond not being quite deserted by company, Arabella was visited by several ladies of fashion; who, charmed with her affability, politeness, and good sense, were strangely perplexed how to account for some peculiarities in her dress and manner of thinking. Some of the younger sort, from whom Arabella's extraordinary beauty took away all pretensions to equality on that score, made themselves extremely merry with her oddnesses, as they called them, and gave broad intimations that her head was not right. As for Arabella, whose taste was as delicate, sentiments as refined, and judgment as clear as any person's could be who believed the authenticity of Scudery's romances, she was strangely disappointed to find no lady with whom she could converse with any tolerable pleasure: and that instead of Clelias, Statiras, Mandanas, &c. she found only Miss Glanvilles among all she knew. The comparison she drew between such as these and the charming Countess of ——, whom she had just began to be acquainted with at Bath, increased her regret for the interruption that was given to so agreeable a friendship: and it was with infinite pleasure Mr. Glanville heard her repeatedly wish for the arrival of that admirable lady (as she always called her) in town.

Not being able to relish the insipid conversation of the young ladies that visited her at Richmond, her chief amusement was to walk in the park there; which, because of its rural privacy, was extremely agreeable to her inclination. Here she indulged contemplation, leaning on the arm of

her faithful Lucy, while her other women walked at some distance behind her, and two men-servants kept her always in sight. One evening when she was returning from her usual walk, she heard the sound of a woman's voice, which seemed to proceed from a tuft of trees that hid her from her view; and stopping a moment, distinguished some plaintive accents, which increasing her curiosity, she advanced towards the place, telling Lucy she was resolved, if possible, to discover who the distressed lady was, and what was the subject of her affliction. As she drew near with softly-treading steps, she could distinguish through the branches of the trees, now despoiled of great part of their leaves, two women seated on the ground, their backs towards her, and one of them, with her head gently reclined on the other's shoulder, seemed, by her mournful action, to be weeping; for she often put her handkerchief to her eyes, breathing every time a sigh, which, as Arabella phrased it, seemed to proceed from the deepest recesses of her heart. This adventure, more worthy indeed to be styled an adventure than all our fair heroine had ever yet met with, and so conformable to what she had read in romances, filled her heart with eager expectation. She made a sign to Lucy to make no noise, and creeping still closer towards the place where this afflicted person sat, she heard her distinctly utter these words, which, however, were often interrupted with her sighs—'Ah, Ariamenes! whom I, to my
' misfortune, have too much loved, and whom, to my
' misfortune, I fear I shall never sufficiently hate, since
' that Heaven, and thy cruel ingratitude, have ordained
' that thou shalt never be mine, and that so many sweet
' and dear hopes are for ever taken from me, return me
' at least, ungrateful man! return me those testimonies
' of my innocent affection, which were sometimes so
' dear and precious to thee. Return me those favours,
' which, all innocent as they were, are become criminal
' by thy crime. Return me, cruel man, return me
' those relics of my heart which thou detainest in de-
' spight of me, and which, notwithstanding thy infide-
' lity, I cannot recover.'

Here her tears interrupting her speech, Arabella, being impatient to know the history of this afflicted person, came softly round to the other side, and shewing herself, occasioned some disturbance to the sad unknown; who, rising from her seat, with her face averted, as if ashamed of having so far disclosed her sorrows in a stranger's hearing, endeavoured to pass by her unnoticed. Arabella, perceiving her design, stopped her with a very graceful action, and with a voice all composed of sweetness, earnestly conjured her to relate her history. 'Think not, lovely unknown,' said she, (for she was really very pretty) 'that my endeavours to detain you proceed from an indiscreet curiosity. It is true, some complaints which have fallen from your fair mouth, have raised in me a desire to be acquainted with your adventures; but this desire has its foundation in that compassion your complaints have filled me with: and if I wish to know your misfortunes, it is only with a view of affording you some consolation.'—'Pardon me Madam,' said the fair afflicted, gazing on Arabella with many signs of admiration, 'if my confusion at being over-heard in a place I had chosen to bewail my misfortunes, made me be guilty of some appearance of rudeness, not seeing the admirable person I wanted to avoid. But,' pursued she, hesitating a little, 'those characters of beauty I behold in your face, and the gracefulness of your deportment, convincing me you can be of no ordinary rank, I will the less scruple to acquaint you with my adventures, and the cause of those complaints you have heard proceed from my mouth.'

Arabella assuring her that, whatever her misfortunes were, she might depend upon all the assistance in her power, seated herself near her at the foot of the tree where she had been sitting; and giving Lucy orders to join the rest of her women, and stay at a distance till she made a sign to them to advance, she prepared to listen to the adventures of the fair unknown; who, after some little pause, began to relate them in this manner.

CHAP. IV.

In which is related the History of the Princess of Gaul.

‘MY name, Madam, is Cynecia; my birth illustrious enough, seeing that I am the daughter of a sovereign prince, who possesses a large and spacious territory in what is now called ancient Gaul.—‘What, Madam!’ interrupted Arabella, ‘are you a princess, then!’—‘Questionless I am, Madam,’ replied the lady; ‘and a princess happy and prosperous, till the felicity of my life was interrupted by the perfidious Ariamenes.’—‘Pardon me, Madam,’ interrupted Arabella again, ‘that my ignorance of your quality made me be deficient in those respects which are due to your high birth, and which, notwithstanding those characters of greatness I might read in the lineaments of your visage, I yet neglected to pay.’—‘Alas, Madam!’ said the stranger, ‘that little beauty which the Heavens bestowed on me only to make me wretched, as by the event it has proved, has long since taken its flight, and, together with my happiness, I have lost that which made me unhappy. And certain it is, grief has made such ravages among what might once have been thought tolerable in my face, that I should not be surprised if my being no longer fair, should make you, with difficulty, believe I ever was so.’ Arabella, after a proper compliment in answer to this speech, entreated the princess to go on with her history; who, hesitating a little, complied with her request. ‘Be pleased to know then, Madam,’ said she, ‘that being bred up with all imaginable tenderness in my father’s court, I had no sooner arrived to my sixteenth year, than I saw myself surrounded with lovers; who, nevertheless, such was the severity with which I behaved myself, concealed their passions under a respectful silence, well knowing banishment from my presence was the least punishment they had to expect, if they presumed to declare their sentiments to me. I lived in this fashion, Madam, for two years longer, rejoicing in the insensibility of my own heart, and triumphing in the sufferings of others, when my tranquillity was all at once interrupted by an accident which I

‘ am going to relate to you.’ The princess stopped here to give vent to some sighs which a cruel remembrance forced from her ; and continuing in a deep muse for five or six minutes, resumed her story in this manner—‘ It being my custom to walk in a forest adjoining to one of my father’s summer residences, attended only by my women, one day when I was taking this amusement, I perceived at some distance a man lying on the ground ; and, impelled by a sudden curiosity, I advanced towards this person, whom, upon a nearer view, I perceived to have been wounded very much, and fainted away through loss of blood. His habit being very rich, I concluded by that he was of no mean quality : but when I had looked upon his countenance, pale and languishing as it was, methought there appeared so many marks of greatness, accompanied with a sweetness so happily blended, that my attention was engaged in an extraordinary manner, and interested me so powerfully in his safety, that I commanded some of my women to run immediately for proper assistance, and convey him to the castle, while I directed others to throw some water in his face, and to apply some linen to his wounds, to stop the bleeding.

‘ These charitable cares restored the wounded stranger to his senses ; he opened his eyes, and turning them slowly to the objects around him, fixed at last their languishing looks on me : when moved, as it should seem, to some respect by what he saw in my countenance, he rose with some difficulty from the ground, and bowing almost down to it again, by that action, seemed to pay me his acknowledgments for what he supposed I had done for his preservation. His extreme weakness having obliged him to creep towards a tree, against the back of which he supported himself, I went nearer to him, and having told him the condition in which I found him, and the orders I had dispatched for assistance, requested him to acquaint me with his name and quality, and the adventure which had brought him into that condition.’—“ My name, Madam,” answered he, is Ariamenes ; my birth is noble enough ;

“ I have spent some years in my travels, and was re-
“ turning to my native country ; when, passing through
“ this forest, I was seized with an inclination to sleep.
“ I had tied my horse to a tree, and retiring some few
“ paces off, stretched myself at the foot of a large oak,
“ whose branches promised me an agreeable shade. I
“ had not yet closed my eyes, when the slumber I invited
“ was dissipated by the sound of some voices near me.—
“ A curiosity, not natural to me, made me listen to the
“ discourse of these persons, whom, by the tone of their
“ voices, though I could not see them, I knew to be
“ men.—In short, Madam, I was a witness to a most
“ horrible scheme, which they concerted together ; my
“ weakness will not permit me to enter into an exact de-
“ tail of all I heard : the result of their conference was,
“ to seize the princess of this country, and carry her off.”
—‘ Here,’ pursued Cynecia, ‘ I interrupted the stranger
‘ with a loud cry, which giving him to understand who
‘ I was, he apologized in the most graceful manner ima-
‘ ginable for the little respect he had hitherto paid me.—
‘ I then entreated him to tell me, if he had any opportu-
‘ nity of hearing the name of my designed ravisher ; to
‘ which he replied, that he understood it to be Taxander.
‘ This man, Madam, was one of my father’s favour-
‘ ites, and had been long secretly in love with me.—
‘ Ariamenes then informed me, that being enflamed with
‘ rage against these impious villains, he rose from the
‘ ground, re-mounted his horse, and defied the two trai-
‘ tors aloud, threatening them with death, unless they
‘ abandoned their impious design. Taxander made no
‘ answer, but rushed furiously upon him, and had the
‘ baseness to suffer his wicked associate to assist him : but
‘ the valiant Ariamenes, though he spoke modestly of
‘ his victory, yet gave me to understand that he had made
‘ both the villains abandon their wicked enterprise, with
‘ their lives ; and that dismounting, in order to see if they
‘ were quite dead, he found himself so faint with the
‘ wounds he had received from them both, that he had
‘ not strength to re mount his horse ; but crawling on,
‘ in hopes of meeting with some assistance, fainted away

‘ at last through weariness and loss of blood. While
‘ he was giving me this account, the chariot I had sent
‘ for arrived, and having made him such acknowledg-
‘ ments as the obligation I had received from him de-
‘ manded, I caused him to get into the chariot; and
‘ sending one with him to acquaint the prince, my father,
‘ with all that had happened, and the merit of the vali-
‘ ant stranger, I returned the same way I came with my
‘ women, my thoughts being wholly engrossed by this
‘ unknown. ‘ The service he had done me filled me
‘ with a gratitude and esteem for him, which prepared
‘ my heart for those tender sentiments I afterwards enter-
‘ tained, to the ruin of my repose. I will not tire your
‘ patience, Madam, with a minute detail of all the suc-
‘ ceeding passages of my story; it shall suffice to tell you,
‘ that Ariamenes was received with extraordinary marks
‘ of esteem by my father; that his cure was soon com-
‘ pleted; and that, having vowed himself to my service,
‘ and declared an unalterable passion for me, I permitted
‘ him to love me, and gave him that share in my heart,
‘ which, I fear, not all his infidelities will ever deprive
‘ him of. His attachment to me was soon suspected by
‘ Taxander’s relations, who having secretly vowed his
‘ ruin, endeavoured to discover if I had admitted his ad-
‘ dresses; and having made themselves masters of our se-
‘ crets, by means of the treachery of one of my women,
‘ procured information to be given to my father of our
‘ mutual passion.— Alas! what mischiefs did not this
‘ fatal discovery produce! my father, enraged to the last
‘ degree at this intelligence, confined me to my apart-
‘ ments, and ordered Ariamenes to leave his dominions
‘ within three days.

‘ Spare me, Madam, the repetition of what passed at
‘ our last sad interview, which, by large bribes to my
‘ guards, he obtained.—‘ His tears, his agonies, his
‘ vows of everlasting fidelity, so soothed my melancholy
‘ at parting with him, and persuaded me of his constancy,
‘ that I waited for several months, with perfect tranquil-
‘ lity, for the performance of the promise he had made
‘ me, to do my father such considerable services in the

‘ war he was engaged in with one of his neighbours, as
‘ should oblige him to give me to him for his reward.—
‘ But, alas! two years rolled on without bringing back
‘ the unfaithful Ariamenes. My father died, and my
‘ brother who succeeded him, being about to force me to
‘ marry a prince whom I detested, I secretly quitted the
‘ court, and, attended only by this faithful confidant
‘ whom you behold with me, and some few of my trusty
‘ domestics, I came hither in search of Ariamenes, he
‘ having told me this country was the place of his birth.
—‘ Polenor, the most prudent and faithful of my ser-
‘ vants, undertook to find out the ungrateful Ariamenes,
‘ whom yet I was willing to find excuses for; but all
‘ his enquiries were to no effect; the name of Ariame-
‘ nes was not known in this part of the world.—‘ Tired
‘ out with unsuccessful enquiries, I resolved to seek out
‘ some obscure place, where I might in secret lament my
‘ misfortunes, and expect the end of them in death. My
‘ attendants found me out such a retreat as I wanted, in
‘ a neighbouring village, which they call Twickenham,
‘ I think; from whence I often make excursions to this
‘ park, attended only as you see, and here indulge myself
‘ in complaints upon the cruelty of my destiny.’ The
forrowful Cynecia here ended her story, to which, in the
course of her relation, she had given a great many inter-
ruptions through the violence of her grief: and Arabella,
after having said every thing she could think on to alle-
viate her affliction, earnestly entreated her to accept of
an asylum at her house; where she should be treated with
all the respect due to her illustrious birth. The afflicted
lady, though she respectfully declined this offer, yet ex-
pressed a great desire of commencing a strict amity with
our fair heroine, who, on her part, made her the most
tender protestations of friendship. The evening being
almost closed, they parted with great reluctancy on both
sides; mutually promising to meet in the same place
the next day. Cynecia, having enjoined her new friend
to absolute secrecy, Arabella was under a necessity of
keeping this adventure to herself. And though she long-
ed to tell Mr. Glanville, who came to visit her the next

day, that the countess was extremely mistaken, when she maintained there were no more wandering princesses in the world, yet the engagement she had submitted to kept her silent.

CHAP. V.

A very mysterious Chapter.

ARABELLA, who impatiently longed for the hour of meeting the fair princess, with whom she was extremely delighted, consulted her watch so often, and discovered so much restlessness and anxiety, that Mr. Glanville began to be surprised; and the more, as she peremptorily commanded him not to attend her in her evening walk. This prohibition, which, though he durst not dispute, he secretly resolved to disobey; and as soon as she set out for the park with her usual attendants, he slipped out by a back-door, and, keeping her in his sight, himself unseen, he ventured to watch her motions.

As he had expected to unravel some great mystery, he was agreeably disappointed to find she continued her walk in the park with great composure; and though she was soon joined by the imaginary princess, yet conceiving her to be some young lady with whom she had commenced an acquaintance at Richmond, his heart was at rest; and, for fear of displeasing her, he took a contrary path from that she was in, that he might not meet her, yet resolved to stay till he thought she would be inclined to return, and then shew himself, and conduct her home. A solicitude for which he did not imagine she need be offended.

The two ladies being met, after reciprocal compliments, the princess entreated Arabella to relate her adventures; who not being willing to violate the laws of romance, which require an unbounded confidence upon these occasions, began very succinctly to recount the history of her life; which, as she managed it, contained events almost as romantic and incredible as any in her romances; winding them up with a confession that she did not hate Mr. Glanville, whom she acknowledged to be one of the most faithful and zealous of lovers. Cynecia, with a sigh, congratulated her upon the fidelity of a lover, who, by her description, was worthy the place he possessed in her

esteem; and expressing a wish, that she could see, unobserved by him, this gallant and generous person, Arabella, who that moment espied him at a distance, yet advancing towards them, told her, with a blush that overspread all her face, that her curiosity might be satisfied in the manner she wished, 'For yonder,' added she, 'is the person we have been talking of.' Cynecia, at these words, looking towards the place where her fair friend had directed, no sooner cast her eyes upon Mr. Glanville, than, giving a loud cry, she sunk into the arms of Arabella, who, astonished and perplexed as she was, eagerly held them out to support her. Finding her in a swoon, she dispatched Lucy, who was near her, to look for some water to throw in her face; but that lady, breathing a deep sigh, opened her languishing eyes, and fixed a melancholy look upon Arabella—'Ah! Madam,' said she, 'wonder not at my affliction and surprise, since in the person of your lover I behold the ungrateful Ariamenes.'

'Oh, heavens! my fair princess,' replied Arabella, 'what is it you say? Is it possible Glanville can be Ariamenes?'—'He,' cried the afflicted princess, with a disordered accent, 'he whom I now behold, and whom you call Glanville, was once Ariamenes, the perjured, the ungrateful Ariamenes. Adieu, Madam, I cannot bear his sight; I will hide myself from the world for ever; nor need you fear a rival, or an enemy, in the unfortunate Cynecia, who, if possible, will cease to love the unfaithful Ariamenes, and will never hate the beautiful Arabella.' Saying this, without giving her time to answer, she took hold of her confidant by the arm, and went away with so much swiftness, that she was out of sight before Arabella was enough recovered from her astonishment to be able to entreat her stay. Our charming heroine, ignorant till now of the true state of her heart, was surprised to find it assaulted at once by all the passions which attend disappointed love. Grief, rage, jealousy, and despair, made so cruel a war in her gentle bosom, that, unable either to express or to conceal the strong emotions with which she was agitated, she gave way to a violent burst of tears, leaning her head upon Lucy's shoulder, who

wept as heartily as her lady, though ignorant of the cause of her affliction. Mr. Glanville, who was now near enough to take notice of her posture, came running with eager haste to see what was the matter; when Arabella, roused from her ecstasy of grief by the sound of his steps, lifted up her head, and seeing him approach—‘Lucy,’ cried she, trembling with the violence of her resentment, ‘tell that traitor to keep out of my sight. Tell him, I forbid him ever to appear before me again. And, tell him,’ added she, with a sigh that shook her whole tender frame, ‘all the blood in his body is too little to wash away his guilt, or to pacify my indignation.’ Then hastily turning away, she ran towards her other attendants, who were at some distance; and joining her women, proceeded directly home. Mr. Glanville, amazed at this action, was making after her as fast as he could, when Lucy, crossing in his way, cried out to him to stop. ‘My lady,’ said she, ‘bid me tell you, traitor—’ ‘Hey-dey!’ interrupted Glanville, ‘what the devil does the girl mean?’

‘Pray, Sir,’ said she, ‘let me deliver my message; I shall forget if you speak to me till I have said it all—’ ‘Stay, let me see, what comes next?’—‘No more traitor, I hope,’ said Glanville.—‘No, Sir,’ said Lucy; ‘but there was something about washing in blood, and you must keep out of her sight, and not appear before the nation—Oh, dear! I have forgot it half: my lady was in such a piteous taking, I forgot it, I believe, as soon as she said it. What shall I do?’—‘No matter,’ said Glanville, ‘I’ll overtake her, and ask’—‘No, no, Sir,’ said Lucy, ‘pray don’t do that, Sir! my lady will be very angry; I’ll venture to ask her to tell me over again, and come back and let you know it.’—‘But tell me,’ replied Glanville, ‘was any thing the matter with your lady?’ ‘She was in a piteous taking, you say?’—‘Oh, dear! yes, Sir,’ said Lucy; ‘but I was not bid to say any thing about that. To be sure, my lady did cry sadly, and sighed as if her heart would break; but I don’t know what was the matter with her.’—‘Well,’ said Glanville, excessively shocked at this intelligence, ‘go to your lady; I am going home; you may bring me her mes-

‘sage to my own apartment.’ Lucy did as she was desired; and Mr. Glanville, impatient as he was to unravel the mystery, yet dreading lest his presence should make Arabella be guilty of some extravagance before the servants who were with her, he followed slowly after her, resolving, if possible, to procure a private interview with the lovely visionary, for whose sorrow, though he suspected it was owing to some ridiculous cause, he could not help being affected.

CHAP. VI.

Not much plainer than the former.

ARABELLA, who had walked as fast as her legs would carry her, got home before Lucy could overtake her, and retiring to her chamber, gave way to a fresh burst of grief, and bewailed the infidelity of Glanville in terms befitting a Clelia or Mandana. As soon as she saw Lucy enter, she started from her chair with great emotion — ‘Thou comest,’ said she, ‘I know, to intercede for that ungrateful man, whose infidelity I am weak enough to lament: but open not thy mouth, I charge thee, in his defence.’ — ‘No, indeed, Madam!’ said Lucy. ‘Nor bring me any account of his tears, his desperation, or his despair,’ said Arabella; ‘since, questionless, he will feign them all to deceive me.’ Here Glanville, who had watched Lucy’s coming, and had followed her into Arabella’s apartment, appeared at the door. ‘Oh, heavens!’ cried Arabella, lifting up her fine eyes, ‘can it be that this disloyal man, unawed by the discovery of his guilt, again presumes to approach me!’ — ‘Dearest cousin,’ said Glanville, ‘what is the meaning of all this? How have I disobliged you? What is my offence? I beseech you, tell me.’ — ‘Ask the inconstant Ariamenes,’ replied Arabella, ‘the offence of the ungrateful Glanville. The betrayer of Cynecia can best answer that question to the deceiver of Arabella: and the guilt of the one can only be compared to the crimes of the other.’ — ‘Good God!’ interrupted Mr. Glanville, fretting excessively, ‘what am I to understand by all this? On my soul, Madam, I don’t know the meaning of one word you say!’ ‘Oh, dissembler!’ said Arabella, ‘is it thus that thou

wouldest impose upon my incredulity? Does not the name of Ariamenes make thee tremble, then? And canst thou hear that of Cynecia without confusion?

‘Dear Lady Bella,’ said Glanville, smiling, ‘what are these names to me?’—‘False man,’ interrupted Arabella, ‘dost thou presume to sport with thy crimes, then? Are not the treacheries of Ariamenes the crimes of Glanville? Could Ariamenes be false to the princess of Gaul, and can Glanville be innocent towards Arabella?’

Mr. Glanville, who had never heard her in his opinion talk so ridiculously before, was so amazed at the incomprehensible stuff she uttered with so much emotion, that he began to fear her intellects were really touched. This thought gave him a concern that spread itself in a moment over his countenance. He gazed on her with a fixed attention, dreading, yet wishing she would speak again; equally divided between his hopes that her next speech would remove his suspicion, and his fears, that it might more confirm them. Arabella taking notice of his pensive posture, turned away her head, lest, by beholding him, she should relent, and treat him with less severity than she had intended, making at the same time a sign to him to be gone. ‘Indeed, Lady Bella,’ said Glanville, who understood her perfectly well, ‘I cannot leave you in this temper. I must know how I have been so unfortunate as to offend you.’ Arabella, no longer able to contain herself, burst into tears at this question: with one hand she made repeated signs to him to be gone; with the other she held her handkerchief to her eyes, vexed and ashamed of her weakness. But Mr. Glanville, excessively shocked at this sight, instead of leaving her, threw himself on his knees before her, and taking her hand, which he tenderly pressed to his lips—‘Good God! my dearest cousin,’ said he, ‘how you distract me by this behaviour! Sure something extraordinary must be the matter. What can it be that thus afflicts you?—Am I the cause of these tears?—Can I have offended you so much?—Speak, dear Madam—Let me know my crime. Yet, may I perish if I am conscious of any towards you!’—‘Disloyal man,’ said Arabella, disengaging her hand from his,

‘does then the crime of Ariamenes seem so light in thy
 ‘apprehension, that thou canst hope to be thought inno-
 ‘cent by Arabella? No, no, ungrateful man! the unfor-
 ‘tunate Cynecia shall have no cause to say that I will
 ‘triumph in her spoils. I myself will be the minister of
 ‘her revenge; and Glanville shall suffer for the crime of
 ‘Ariamenes.’—‘Who the devil is this Ariamenes?’
 cried Glanville, rising in a passion; ‘and why am I to suf-
 ‘fer for his crime, pray? For Heaven’s sake, dear cousin,
 ‘don’t let your imagination wander thus. Upon my soul,
 ‘I don’t believe there is any such person as Ariamenes
 ‘in the world!’—‘Vile equivocator!’ said Arabella;
 ‘Ariamenes, though dead to Cynecia, is alive to the de-
 ‘luded Arabella. The crimes of Ariamenes are the guilt
 ‘of Glanville: and if the one has made himself unworthy
 ‘of the princess of Gaul, by his perfidy and ingratitude,
 ‘the other, by his baseness and deceit, merits nothing
 ‘but contempt and detestation from Arabella.’

‘Frenzy, by my soul,’ cried Glanville, mutteringly be-
 tween his teeth: ‘this is downright frenzy. What shall
 ‘I do?’—‘Hence from my presence,’ resumed Arabella,
 ‘false and ungrateful man! Persecute me no more with
 ‘the hateful offers of thy love. From this moment I ba-
 ‘nish thee from my thoughts for ever; and neither as
 ‘Glanville, or as Ariamenes, will I ever behold thee
 ‘more.’—‘Stay, dear cousin,’ said Glanville, holding
 her, (for she was endeavouring to rush by him, unwil-
 ling he should see the tears that had overspread her face
 as she pronounced those words) ‘hear me, I beg you, but
 ‘one word. Who is it you mean by Ariamenes?—Is it
 ‘me?—Tell me, Madam, I beseech you—This is some
 ‘horrid mistake—You have been imposed upon by some
 ‘villanous artifice—Speak, dear Lady Bella—Is it me
 ‘you mean by Ariamenes? For so your last words seemed
 ‘to hint.’ Arabella, without regarding what he said,
 struggled violently to force her hand from his; and find-
 ing him still earnest to detain her, told him, with an en-
 raged voice, that she would call for help, if he did not un-
 hand her directly. Poor Glanville, at this menace, sub-
 missively dropped her hand; and the moment she was free,

He flew out of the room, and locking herself up in her closet, sent her commands to him by one of her women, whom she called to her, to leave her apartment immediately.

CHAP. VII.

Containing indeed no great Matters, but being a prelude to greater.

MR Glanville, who had stood fixed like a statue in the place where Arabella had left him, was roused by this message, which, though palliated a little by the girl that delivered it, who was not quite so punctual as Lucy, nevertheless filled him with extreme confusion. He obeyed however immediately, and retiring to his own apartment, endeavoured to recal to his memory all Lady Bella had said. The ambiguity of her style, which had led him into a suspicion he had never entertained before, her last words had partly explained, if, as he understood she did, she meant him by Ariamenes. Taking this for granted, he easily conceived some plot, grounded on her romantic notions, had been laid, to prepossess her against him.

Sir George's behaviour to her rushed that moment into his thoughts; he instantly recollected all his fooleries, his history, his letter, his conversation, all apparently copied from those books she was so fond of, and probably done with a view to some other design upon her. These reflections, joined to his new awakened suspicions that he was in love with her, convinced him he was the author of their present misunderstanding; and that he had imposed some new fallacy upon Arabella, in order to promote a quarrel between them. Fired almost to madness at this thought, he stamped about his room, vowing revenge upon Sir George, execrating romances, and cursing his own stupidity, for not discovering Sir George was his rival, and, knowing his plotting talent, not providing against his artifices. His first resolutions were, to set out immediately for Sir George's seat, and force him to confess the part he had acted against him: but a moment's consideration convinced him, that was not the most probable place to find him in, since it was much more likely he was waiting the success of his schemes in London, or perhaps at Richmond. Next to satiating his vengeance, the plea-

sure of detecting him in such a manner, that he could not possibly deny or palliate his guilt, was next his heart.

He resolved therefore to give it out, that he was gone to London, to make Lady Bella believe it was in obedience to her commands that he had left her, with a purpose not to return till he had cleared his innocence; but, in reality, to conceal himself in his own apartment, and see what effects his reputed absence would produce. Having thus taken his resolution, he sent for Mr. Roberts, his father's steward, to whose care he had entrusted Lady Bella in her retirement, and acquainting him with part of his apprehensions with regard to Sir George's attempts upon his cousin, he imparted to him his design of staying concealed there, in order to discover more effectually those attempts, and to preserve Lady Bella from any consequence of them. Mr. Roberts approved of his design, and assured him of his vigilance and care, both in concealing his stay, and also in giving him notice of every thing that passed. Mr. Glanville then wrote a short billet to Arabella, expressing his grief for her displeasure, his departure in obedience to her orders, and his resolutions not to appear in her presence, till he could give her convincing proofs of his innocence. This letter he sent by Roberts, which Arabella condescended to read, but would return no answer. Mr. Glanville then mounting his horse, which Roberts had ordered to be got ready, rode away, and leaving him at a house he sometimes put up at, returned on foot, and was let in by Mr. Roberts at the garden-door, and conducted unseen to his chamber. While he passed that night, and great part of the next day, meditating on the treachery of Sir George, and soothing his uneasiness with the hopes of revenge, Arabella, not less disquieted, mused on the infidelity of her lover, the despair of Cynecia, and the impossibility of her ever being happy. Then ransacking her memory for instances in her romances of ladies equally unfortunate with herself, she would sometimes compare herself to one lady, sometimes to another, adapting their sentiments, and making use of their language in her complaints. Great part of the day being spent in this manner, the uneasy restlessness of her mind

made her wish to see Cynecia again. She longed to ask her a hundred questions about the unfaithful Ariamenes, which the suddenness of her departure, and her own astonishment, prevented her from doing, when she made that fatal discovery, which had cost her so much uneasiness.

Sometimes a faint hope would arise in her mind that Cynecia might be mistaken, through the great resemblance that possibly was between Ariamenes and Glanville. She remembered that Mandana had been deceived by the likeness of Cyrus to Spitridates : and concluded that illustrious prince inconstant, because Spitridates, whom she took for Cyrus, saw her carried away, without offering to rescue her. Dwelling with eagerness upon this thought, because it afforded her a temporary relief from others more tormenting, she resolved to go to the park, though she had but little hopes of finding Cynecia there ; supposing it but too probable that the disturbance which the sight, or fancied sight of Ariamenes had given her, would confine her for some days to her chamber. Yet, however small the probability was of meeting with her, she could not resist the impatient desire she felt of going to seek her. Dispensing, therefore, with the attendance of any other servant but Lucy, she left her apartment, with a design of resuming her usual walk, when she was met, at her stepping out of the door, by Lady L—'s three daughters, (who had visited her during her residence at Richmond) and another young lady. These ladies, who, to vary the scene of their rural diversions, were going to cross over to Twickenham, and walk there, pressed Lady Bella to accompany them. Our melancholy heroine refused them at first, but, upon their repeated importunity, recollecting that the princess of Gaul had informed her she resided there, she consented to go, in hopes some favourable chance might bring her in their way, or discover the place of her retreat, when she could easily find some excuse for leaving her companions, and going to her. Mr. Roberts, who, according to his instructions, narrowly watched Arabella's motions, finding she did not command his attendance as usual, resolved however to be privately of this party. He had but just time to run up and acquaint

Mr. Glanville, and then followed the ladies at a distance, who, taking boat, passed over to Twickenham, which he also did as soon as he saw them landed.

CHAP. VIII.

Which acquaints the Reader with two very extraordinary Accidents.

MR. Glanville, who did not doubt but Roberts would bring him some intelligence, sat waiting with anxious impatience for his return. The evening drew on apace, he numbered the hours, and began to grow uneasy at Arabella's long stay. His chamber-window looking into the garden, he thought he saw his cousin, covered with her veil as usual, hasten down one of the walks; his heart leaped at this transient view, he threw up the latch, and looking out, saw her very plainly strike into a cross-walk, and a moment after saw Sir George, who came out of a little summer-house, at her feet. Transported with rage at this sight, he snatched up his sword, flew down the stairs into the garden, and came running like a madman up the walk in which the lovers were. The lady observing him first, for Sir George's back was towards him, shrieked aloud, and not knowing what she did, ran towards the house, crying for help, and came back as fast, yet not time enough to prevent mischief: for Mr. Glanville, actuated by an irresistible fury, cried out to Sir George to defend himself, who had but just time to draw his sword, and make an ineffectual pass at Mr. Glanville, when he received his into his body, and fell to the ground.

Mr. Glanville losing his resentment, insensibly, at the sight of his rival's blood, threw down his sword, and endeavoured to support him; while the lady, who had lost her veil in her running, and, to the great astonishment of Mr. Glanville, proved to be his sister, came up to them with tears and exclamations, blaming herself for all that had happened. Mr. Glanville, with a heart throbbing with remorse for what he had done, gazed on his sister with an accusing look, as she hung over the wounded baronet with streaming eyes, sometimes wringing her hands, then clasping them together in an agony of grief. Sir George, having strength enough left to observe her disor-

der, and the generous concern of Glanville, who, holding him in his arms, entreated his sister to send for proper assistance, 'Dear Charles,' said he, 'you are too kind; I have used you very ill, I have deserved my death from your hand—You know not what I have been base enough to practise against you—If I can but live to clear your innocence to Lady Bella, and free you from the consequence of this action, I shall die satisfied.'—His strength failing him at these words, he fainted away in Mr. Glanville's arms; who, though now convinced of his treachery, was extremely shocked at the condition he saw him in. Miss Glanville renewing her tears and exclamations at this sight, he was obliged to lay Sir George gently upon the ground, and ran to find out somebody to send for a surgeon, and to help him to convey him into the house. In his way he was met by Mr. Roberts, who was coming to seek him; and, with a look of terror and confusion, told him Lady Bella was brought home extremely ill—that her life had been in danger, and that she was but just recovered from a terrible fainting fit. Mr. Glanville, though greatly alarmed at this news, forgot not to take all possible care of Sir George; directing Roberts to get some person to carry him into the house, and giving him orders to procure proper assistance, flew to Lady Bella's apartment. Her woman had just put her to bed, raving as in a strong delirium. Mr. Glanville approached her, and finding she was in a violent fever, dispatched a man and horse immediately to town, to get physicians, and to acquaint his father with what had happened. Mr. Roberts, upon the surgeon's report that Sir George was not mortally wounded, came to inform him of this good news; but he found him incapable of listening to him, and in agonies not to be expressed. It was with difficulty they forced him out of Arabella's chamber into his own; where, throwing himself upon his bed, he refused to see or speak to any body, till he was told Sir Charles and the physicians were arrived. He then ran eagerly to hear their opinions of his beloved cousin, which he soon discovered, by their significant gestures and half-pronounced words, to be very bad. They comforted him, however, with hopes

that she might recover, and insisting upon her being kept very quiet, obliged him to quit the room. While all the necessary methods were taken to abate the violence of the disease, Sir Charles, who had been informed by his steward of his son's duel with Sir George, was amazed to the last degree at two such terrible accidents. Having seen his son to his chamber, and recommended him to be patient and composed, he went to visit the young baronet; and was not a little surprised to find his daughter sitting at his bed's head, with all the appearance of a violent affliction. Indeed, Miss Glanville's cares were so wholly engrossed by Sir George, that she hardly ever thought of her cousin Arabella, and had just stepped into her chamber while the surgeons were dressing Sir George's wound, and renewed her attendance upon him as soon as that was over.

Miss Glanville, however, thought proper to make some trifling excuses to her father for her solicitude about Sir George. And the young baronet, on whom the fear of death produced its usual effects, and made him extremely concerned for the errors of his past life, and very desirous of atoning for them, if possible, assured Sir Charles, that if he lived he would offer himself to his acceptance for a son-in-law; declaring that he had basely trifled with the esteem of his daughter, but that she had wholly subdued him to herself by her forgiving tenderness. Sir Charles was very desirous of knowing the occasion of his quarrel with his son; but Sir George was too weak to hold any farther conversation; upon which, Sir Charles, after a short visit, retired, taking Miss Glanville along with him.

That the reader, whose imagination is no doubt upon the stretch to conceive the meaning of these two extraordinary incidents, may be left no longer in suspense, we think proper to explain them both in the following chapter, that we may in the next pursue our history without interruption.

CHAP. IX.

Which will be found to contain Information absolutely necessary for the right Understanding of this History.

OUR fair and afflicted heroine, accompanied by the ladies we have mentioned, having crossed the river,

purſued their walk upon its winding banks, entertaining themſelves with the uſual topics of converſation among young ladies, ſuch as their winnings and loſings a Brag, the prices of ſilks, the neweſt faſhions, the beſt hair-cutter, the ſcandal at the laſt aſſembly, &c. Arabella was ſo diſgusted with this (as ſhe thought) inſipid diſcourſe, which gave no relief to the anxiety of her mind, but added a kind of fretfulneſs and impatience to her grief, that ſhe reſolved to quit them, and with Lucy go in queſt of the princeſs of Gaul's retreat. The ladies, however, inſiſted upon her not leaving them; and her excuſe that ſhe was going in ſearch of an unfortunate unknown, for whom ſhe had vowed a friendſhip, made them all immediately reſolve to accompany her, extremely diverted with the oddity of the deſign, and ſacrificing her to their mirth by ſly leers, whiſpers, ſtified laughs, and a thouſand little ſprightly ſallies, which the diſconſolate Arabella took no notice of, ſo deeply were her thoughts engaged. Though ſhe knew not which way to direct her ſteps, yet, concluding the melancholy Cynecia would certainly chuſe ſome very ſolitary place for her reſidence, ſhe rambled about among the leaſt frequented paths, followed by the young ladies, who ardently deſired to ſee this unfortunate unknown; though, at Arabella's earneſt requeſt, they promiſed not to ſhew themſelves to the lady, who, ſhe informed them, for very urgent reaſons, was obliged to keep herſelf concealed. Fatiguing as this ramble was to the delicate ſpirits of Arabella's companions, they were enabled to ſupport it by the diverſion her behaviour afforded them. Every peaſant ſhe met, ſhe enquired if a beautiful lady, diſguiſed, did not dwell ſomewhere thereabout. To ſome ſhe gave a deſcription of her perſon, to others an account of the domeſtics that were with her; not forgetting her dreſs, her melancholy, and the great care ſhe took to keep herſelf concealed. Theſe ſtrange enquiries, with the ſtrange language in which they were made, not a little ſurpriſed the good people to whom ſhe addreſſed herſelf; yet, moved to reſpect by the majestic lovelineſs of her perſon, they answered her in the negative, without any mixture of ſcoff and impertinence.

‘How unfavourable is chance,’ said Arabella, fretting at the disappointment, ‘to persons who have any reliance upon it! This lady that I have been in search of so long without success, may probably be found by others who do not seek her, whose presence she may wish to avoid, yet not be able.’—The young ladies finding it grew late, expressed their apprehensions at being without any attendants, and desired Arabella to give over her search for that day. Arabella, at this hint of danger, enquired very earnestly if they apprehended any attempts to carry them away; and, without staying for an answer, urged them to walk home as fast as possible, apologizing for the danger into which she had so indiscreetly drawn both them and herself; yet added her hopes, that, if any attempt should be made upon their liberty, some generous cavalier would pass by who would rescue them: a thing so common, that they had no reason to despair of it.

Arabella, construing the silence with which her companions heard these assurances into a doubt of their being so favoured by fortune, proceeded to inform them of several instances wherein ladies met with unexpected relief and deliverance from ravishers. She mentioned particularly the rescue of Statira by her own brother, whom she imagined for many years dead; that of the princess Berenice by an absolute stranger; and many others, whose names, characters, and adventures, she occasionally ran over; all which the young ladies heard with inconceivable astonishment: and the detail had such an effect upon Arabella’s imagination, bewildered as it was in the follies of romances, that, espying three or four horsemen riding along the road towards them, she immediately concluded they would be all seized and carried off. Possessed with this belief, she uttered a loud cry, and flew to the water-side; which, alarming the ladies, who could not imagine what was the matter, they ran after her as fast as possible. Arabella stopped when she came to the water side, and looking round about, and not perceiving any boat to waft them over to Richmond, a thought suddenly darted into her mind, worthy those ingenious books which gave it birth. Turning therefore to the ladies, who all at

once were enquiring the cause of her fright—‘ It is now, my fair companions,’ said she, with a solemn accent, ‘ that the Destinies have furnished you with an opportunity of displaying, in a manner truly heroic, the sublimity of your virtue, and the grandeur of your courage, to the world. The action we have it in our power to perform, will immortalize our fame, and raise us to a pitch of glory equal to that of the renowned Clelia herself. Like her, we may expect statues erected to our honour; like her, be proposed as patterns to heroines in ensuing ages; and like her, perhaps, meet with sceptres and crowns for our reward. What that beauteous Roman lady performed to preserve herself from violation by the impious Sextus, let us imitate, to avoid the violence our intended ravishers yonder come to offer us. Fortune, which has thrown us into this exigence, presents us the means of gloriously escaping; and the admiration and esteem of all ages to come, will bethe recompence of our noble daring. Once more, my fair companions, if your honour be dear to you, if an immortal glory be worth your seeking, follow the example I shall set you, and equal, with me, the Roman Clelia.’

Saying this, she plunged into the Thames, intending to swim over it, as Clelila did the Tyber. The young ladies, who had listened with silent astonishment at the long speech she had made them, the purport of which not one of them understood, screamed out aloud at this horrid spectacle, and wringing their hands, ran backwards and forwards, like distracted persons, crying for help. Lucy tore her hair, and was in the utmost agony of grief; when Mr. Robers, who, as we have said before, kept them always in sight, having observed Arabella running towards the water-side, followed them as fast as he could, and came tip time enough to see her frantic action. Jumping into the river immediately after her, he caught hold of her gown, and drew her after him to the shore. A boat that instant appearing, he put her into it, senseless, and to all appearance dead. He and Lucy supporting her, they were wafted over in a few moments to the other side: her house being near the river, Mr. Roberts carried her in his arms to it;

and as soon as he saw her shew signs of returning life, left her to the care of the women, who made haste to put her into a warm bed, and ran to find out Mr. Glanville, as we have related. There remains now only to account for Sir George and Miss Glanville's sudden appearance, which happened, gentle reader, exactly as follows. Miss Glanville having set out pretty late in the afternoon, with a design of staying all night at Richmond, as her chaise drove up Kew-Lane, saw one of her cousin's women, Deborah by name, talking to a gentleman, whom, notwithstanding the disguise of a horse-man's coat, and a hat slouched over his face, she knew to be Sir George Bellmour. This sight alarmed her jealousy, and renewed all her former suspicions that her cousin's charms rivalled hers in his heart, as soon as she alighted, finding Arabella was not at home, she retired in great anguish of mind to her chamber, revolving in her mind every particular of Sir George's behaviour to her cousin in the country, and finding new cause for suspicion in every thing she recollected, and reflecting upon the disguise in which she saw him, and his conference with her woman, she concluded that herself had all along been the dupe of his artifice, and her cousin the real object of his love. This thought throwing her into an extremity of rage, all her tenderest emotions were lost in the desire of revenge. She imagined to herself so much pleasure from exposing his treachery, and putting it out of his power to deny it, that she resolved, whatever it cost her, to have that satisfaction. Supposing, therefore, Deborah was now returned, she rung her bell, and commanded her attendance on her in her chamber. The stern brow with which she received her, frightened the girl, conscious of her guilt, into a disposition to confess all, even before she was taxed with any thing.

Miss Glanville saw her terror, and endeavoured to heighten it, by entering at once into complaints and exclamations against her, threatening to acquaint her father with her plots to betray her lady, and assuring her of a very severe punishment for her treachery. The girl terrified extremely at these menaces, begged Miss Glanville, with tears, to forgive her, and not to acquaint Sir Charles

or her lady with her fault; adding, that she would confess all, and never while she lived do such a thing again.

Miss Glanville would make her no promises, but urged her to confess; upon which Deborah, sobbing, owned, that for the sake of the present Sir George had made her, she consented to meet him privately, from time to time, and give him an account of every thing that passed with regard to her lady, not thinking there was any harm in it. That, according to his desires, she had constantly acquainted him with all her lady's motions, when and where she went, how she and Mr. Glanville agreed, and a hundred other things which he enquired about. That that day, in particular, he had entreated her to procure him the means of an interview with her lady, if possible; and understanding Mr. Glanville was not at Richmond, she had let him privately into the garden, where she hoped to prevail upon her lady to go.—‘What!’ said Miss Glanville, surprised, ‘is Sir George waiting for my cousin in the garden, then?’—‘Yes, indeed, Madam,’ said Deborah; ‘but I’ll go and tell him to wait no longer; and never speak to him again, if your ladyship will but be pleased to forgive me.’ Miss Glanville, having taken her resolution, not only promised Deborah her pardon, but also a reward, provided she would contrive it so, that she might meet Sir George instead of her cousin. The girl, having the true chambermaid spirit of intrigue in her, immediately proposed her putting on one of her lady’s veils; which, as it was now the close of the evening, would disguise her sufficiently: to which Miss Glanville, transported with the thoughts of thus having an opportunity of convincing Sir George of his perfidy, and reproaching him for it, consented, and bid her bring it without being observed into her chamber. Deborah informing her that Sir George was concealed in the summer house, as soon as she had equipped herself with Arabella’s veil, she went into the walk that led to it; and Sir George, believing her to be that lady, hastened to throw himself at her feet, and had scarce got thro’ half a speech he had studied for the purpose, when Mr. Glanville gave a fatal interruption to his heroics, in the manner we have already related.

A short Chapter indeed, but full of Matter.

RICHMOND was now a scene of the utmost confusion and distress. Arabella's fever was risen to such a height, that she was given over by the physicians; and Sir George's wounds, though not judged mortal at first, yet, by the great effusion of blood, had left him in so weak a condition, that he was thought to be in great danger. Sir Charles almost distracted with the fears of the death of Sir George, entreated his son to quit the kingdom; but Mr. Glanville, protesting he would rather die than leave Arabella in that illness, he was obliged to give bail for his appearance, in case Sir George died; this affair, notwithstanding all endeavours to prevent it, having made a great noise. Poor Sir Charles, oppressed as he was with the weight of all these calamities, was yet obliged to labour incessantly to keep up the spirits of his son and daughter. The settled despair of the one, and the silent grief of the other, cut him to the heart. He omitted no arguments his paternal affection suggested to him, to moderate their affliction. Mr. Glanville often endeavoured to assume a composure he was very far from feeling, in order to satisfy his father. But Miss Glanville, looking upon herself to be the cause of Sir George's misfortune, declared she should be miserable all her life, if he died.

Arabella, in her lucid intervals, being sensible of her danger, prepared for death with great piety and constancy of mind, having solemnly assured Mr. Glanville of her forgiveness, who would not at that time enter into an explanation of the affair which had given her offence, for fear of perplexing her. She permitted his presence often in her chamber, and desired, with great earnestness, the assistance of some worthy divine in her preparations for death. The pious and learned Doctor——, at Sir Charles's intimation of his niece's desire, came twice a day to attend her. Her fever, by a favourable crisis, and the great skill of her physicians, left her in a fortnight; but this violent distemper had made such a ravage in her delicate constitution, and reduced her so low, that there seemed very little probability of her recovery. Doctor ——, in whom

her unfeigned piety, her uncommon firmness of mind, had created a great esteem and tenderness for her, took all opportunities of comforting, exhorting, and praying by her. The occasion of her illness being the subject of every body's conversation at Richmond, he gently hinted it to her, and urged her to explain her reasons for so extravagant an action. In the divine frame Arabella was then in, this action appeared to her rash and vain glorious, and she acknowledged it to be so to her pious monitor; yet she related the motives which induced her to it, the danger she was in of being carried away, the parity of her circumstances then with Clelia, and her emulous desire of doing as much to preserve her honour as that renowned Roman lady did for hers. The good doctor was extremely surprised at this discourse; he was beginning to think her again delirious; but Arabella added to this account such sensible reasoning on the nature of that fondness for fame which prompted her to so rash an undertaking, the doctor left her in strange embarrassment, not knowing how to account for a mind at once so enlightened, and so ridiculous. Mr. Glanville meeting him as he came out of her chamber, the doctor took this opportunity to acknowledge the difficulties Arabella's inconsistent discourse had thrown him into. Mr. Glanville taking him into his own apartment, explained the nature of that seeming inconsistency, and expatiated at large upon the disorders romances had occasioned in her imagination; several instances of which he recounted, and filled the doctor with the greatest astonishment and concern. He lamented pathetically the ruin such a ridiculous study had brought on so noble a mind; and assured Mr. Glanville he would spare no endeavours to rescue it from so shocking a delusion. Mr. Glanville thanked him for his good design, with a transport which his fears of his cousin's danger, almost mingled with tears; and the doctor and he agreed to expect, for some few days longer, an alteration for the better, in the health of her body, before he attempted the cure of her mind. Mr. Glanville's extreme anxiety had made him in appearance neglect the repentant Sir George, contenting himself with constantly sending twice a day to en-

quire after his health, but had not yet visited him. No sooner had the physicians declared that Arabella was no longer in danger, than his mind being freed from that tormenting load of suspense, under which it had laboured, while her recovery was yet doubtful, he went to Sir George's chamber, who, by reason of his weakness, tho' he was also upon the recovery, still kept his bed. Sir George, though he ardently wished to see him, yet, conscious of the injuries he had both done and designed him, could not receive his visit without extreme confusion: but entering into the cause of their quarrel, as soon as he was able to speak, he freely acknowledged his fault, and all the steps he had taken to supplant him in Arabella's affection. Mr. Glanville understanding, by this means, that he had bribed a young actress to personate a princess, forsaken by him, and had taught her all that heap of absurdity, with which she had imposed upon Arabella, as has been related, desired only, by way of reparation, that when his cousin was in a condition to be spoken to upon the subject, he would condescend to own the fraud to her; which Sir George faithfully promising, an act of oblivion passed on Mr. Glanville's side for all former injuries, and a solemn assurance from Sir George of inviolable friendship for the future. An assurance, however, which Mr. Glanville would willingly have dispensed with: for tho' not of a vindictive temper, it was one of his maxims, that a man who had once betrayed him, it would be an error in policy ever to trust again.

CHAP. XI.

Being, in the Author's Opinion, the best Chapter in this History.

THE good divine, who had the cure of Arabella's mind greatly at heart, no sooner perceived that the health of her body was almost restored, and that he might talk to her without the fear of any inconvenience, than he introduced the subject of her throwing herself into the river, which he had before lightly touched upon, and still declared himself dissatisfied with. Arabella, now more disposed to defend this point, than when languishing under the pressure of pain, and dejection of mind, endea-

voured, by arguments founded upon romantic heroism, to prove, that it was not only reasonable and just, but also great and glorious, and exactly conformable to the rules of heroic virtue. The doctor listened to her with a mixed emotion, between pity, reverence, and amazement: and though in the performance of his offices he had been accustomed to accommodate his notions, to every understanding, and had therefore accumulated a great variety of topics and illustrations; yet he found himself now engaged in a controversy for which he was not so well prepared as he imagined, and was at a loss for some leading principle, by which he might introduce his reasonings, and begin his confutation. Though he saw much to praise in her discourse, he was afraid of confirming her obstinacy by commendation: and though he also found much to blame, he dreaded to give pain to a delicacy he revered. Perceiving, however, that Arabella was silent, as if expecting his reply, he resolved not to bring upon himself the guilt of abandoning her to her mistake, and the necessity of speaking, forced him to find something to say.

‘ Though it is not easy, Madam,’ said he, ‘ for any
‘ one that has the honour of conversing with your lady-
‘ ship, to preserve his attention free to any other idea, than
‘ such as your discourse tends immediately to impress, yet
‘ I have not been able, while you was speaking, to re-
‘ frain from some very mortifying reflections on the im-
‘ perfection of all human happiness, and the uncertain
‘ consequences of all those advantages which we think
‘ ourselves not only at liberty to desire, but obliged to
‘ cultivate.’—‘ Though I have known some dangers and
‘ distresses,’ replied Arabella, gravely, ‘ yet I did not
‘ imagine myself such a mirror of calamity as could not
‘ be seen without concern. If my life has not been emi-
‘ nently fortunate, it has yet escaped the great evils of per-
‘ secution, captivity, ship-wrecks, and dangers, to which
‘ many ladies, far more illustrious, both by birth and
‘ merit than myself, have been exposed. And, indeed,
‘ though I have sometimes raised envy, or possibly incur-
‘ red hatred, yet I have no reason to believe, I was ever
‘ beheld with pity before.’ The doctor saw he had not

introduced his discourse in the most acceptable manner ; but it was too late to repent. ‘ Let me not, Madam,’ said he, be censured before I have fully explained my sentiments. That you have been envied I can readily believe ; for who that gives way to natural passions, has not reason to envy the Lady Arabella ? But that you have been hated, I am indeed less willing to think, tho’ I know how easily the greater part of mankind hate those by whom they are excelled.’ — ‘ If the misery of my condition,’ replied Arabella, ‘ has been able to excite that melancholy your first words seem to imply, flattery will contribute very little towards the improvement of it. Nor do I expect, from the severity of the sacerdotal character, any of those praises, which I hear, perhaps with too much pleasure, from the rest of the world. Having been so lately on the brink of that state, in which all distinctions but that of goodness are destroyed, I have not recovered so much levity, but that I would yet rather hear instructions than compliments. If, therefore, you have observed in me any dangerous tenets, corrupt passions, or criminal desires, I conjure you to discover me to myself. Let no false civility restrain your admonitions. Let me know this evil which can strike a good man with horror, and which I dread the more, as I do not feel it. I cannot suppose that a man of your order would be alarmed at any other misery than guilt : nor will I think so meanly of him whose direction I have entreated, as to imagine he can think virtue unhappy, however overwhelmed by disasters or oppression.’

The good man was now completely embarrassed ; he saw his meaning mistaken, but was afraid to explain it, lest he should seem to pay court by a cowardly retraction : he therefore paused a little, and Arabella supposed he was studying for such expressions as might convey censure without offence. ‘ Sir,’ said she, ‘ if you are not yet satisfied of my willingness to hear your reproofs, let me evince my docility, by entreating you to consider yourself as dispensed from all ceremony upon this occasion.’ — ‘ Your imaginations, Madam,’ replied the doctor, ‘ are too quick for language : you conjecture too soon, what

‘ you do not wait to hear; and reason upon suppositions
‘ which cannot be allowed you. When I mentioned my
‘ reflections upon human misery, I was far from conclud-
‘ ing your ladyship miserable, compared with the rest of
‘ mankind; and though contemplating the abstracted idea
‘ of possible felicity, I thought that even you might be
‘ produced as an instance that it is not attainable in this
‘ world. I did not impute the imperfection of your state to
‘ wickedness, but intended to observe, that though even
‘ virtue be added to external advantages, there will yet be
‘ something wanting to happiness. Whoever sees you,
‘ Madam, will immediately say, that nothing can hinder
‘ you from being the happiest of mortals, but want of
‘ power to understand your own advantages. And who-
‘ ever is admitted to your conversation, will be convinced
‘ that you enjoy all that intellectual excellence can confer;
‘ yet I see you harrassed with innumerable terrors and per-
‘ plexities, which never disturb the peace of poverty or
‘ ignorance.’

‘ I cannot discover,’ said Arabella, ‘ how poverty or ig-
‘ norance can be privileged from casualty or violence,
‘ from the ravisher, the robber, or the enemy. I should
‘ hope rather, that if wealth and knowledge can give no-
‘ thing else, they at least confer judgment to foresee dan-
‘ ger, and power to oppose it.’—‘ They are not, indeed,’
returned the doctor, ‘ secured against real misfortunes,
‘ but they are happily defended from wild imaginations:
‘ they do not suspect what cannot happen, nor figure ra-
‘ vishers at a distance, and leap into rivers to escape them.’

‘ Do you suppose, then,’ said Arabella, ‘ that I was
‘ frightened without cause,’—‘ It is certain, Madam,’ re-
plied he, ‘ that no injury was intended you.’—‘ Disinge-
‘ nuity, Sir,’ said Arabella, ‘ does not become a clergyman
‘—I think too well of your understanding to imagine
‘ your fallacy deceives yourself: why, then, should you
‘ hope that it will deceive me? The laws of conference
‘ require, that the terms of the question and answer be the
‘ same. I ask, if I had not cause to be frightened? Why,
‘ then, am I answered that no injury was intended? Hu-
‘ man beings cannot penetrate intentions, nor regulate

their conduct but by exterior appearances. And surely there was sufficient appearance of intended injury, and that the greatest which my sex can suffer.'—'Why, Madam,' said the doctor, 'should you still persist in so wild an assertion?'—'A course epithet,' said Arabella, 'is no confutation. It rests upon you to shew, that, in giving way to my fears, even supposing them groundless, I departed from the character of a reasonable person.'

'I am afraid,' replied the doctor, 'of a dispute with your ladyship; not because I think myself in danger of defeat, but because, being accustomed to speak to scholars with scholastic ruggedness, I may perhaps depart, in the heat of argument, from that respect to which you have so great a right, and give offence to a person I am really afraid to displease. But if you will promise to excuse my ardour, I will endeavour to prove that you have been frightened without reason.'—'I should be content,' replied Arabella, 'to obtain truth upon harder terms, and therefore entreat you to begin.'—'The apprehension of any future evil, Madam,' said the divine, 'which is called terror, when the danger is from natural causes, and suspicion, when it proceeds from a moral agent, must always arise from comparison. We can judge of the future only by the past, and have therefore only reason to fear or suspect, when we see the same causes in motion which have formerly produced mischief, or the same measures taken as have before been preparatory to a crime. Thus, when the sailor, in certain latitudes, sees the clouds rise, experience bids him expect a storm. When any monarch levies armies, his neighbours prepare to repel an invasion. This power of prognostication may, by reading and conversation, be extended beyond our own knowledge: and the great use of books is, that of participating, without labour or hazard, the experience of others. But, upon this principle, how can you find any reason for your late fright? Has it ever been known that a lady of your rank was attacked with such intentions in a place so public, without any preparations made by the violator for defence or escape?'

'Can it be imagined that any man would so rashly ex-

‘ pose himself to infamy by failure, and to the gibbet by
‘ success ? Does there, in the records of the world, appear
‘ a single instance of such hopeless villany ?’—‘ It is now
‘ time, Sir,’ said Arabella, ‘ to answer your questions, be-
‘ fore they are too many to be remembered. The digni-
‘ ty of my birth can very little defend me against an insult
‘ to which the heiresses of great and powerful empires,
‘ the daughters of valiant princes, and the wives of re-
‘ nowned monarchs, have been a thousand times exposed.

‘ The danger which you think so great, would hardly
‘ repel a determined mind; for, in effect, who would have
‘ attempted my rescue, seeing that no knight, or valiant
‘ cavalier, was within view ? What then should have hin-
‘ dered him from placing me in a chariot, driving it into
‘ the pathless desert, and immuring me in a castle among
‘ woods and mountains ? or hiding me perhaps in the ca-
‘ verns of a rock ? or confining me in some island of an
‘ immense lake ?’—‘ From all this, Madam,’ interrupted
the clergyman, ‘ he is hindered by impossibility. He can-
‘ not carry you to any of these dreadful places, because
‘ there is no such castle, desert, cavern, or lake.’—‘ You
‘ will pardon me, Sir,’ said Arabella, ‘ if I recur to your
‘ own principles. You allow that experience may be
‘ gained by books, and certainly there is no part of know-
‘ ledge in which we are obliged to trust them more than
‘ in descriptive geography. The most restless activity in
‘ the longest life can survey but a small part of the habit-
‘ able globe : and the rest can only be known from the re-
‘ port of others. Universal negatives are seldom safe, and
‘ are least to be allowed when the disputes are about ob-
‘ jects of sense; where one position cannot be inferred from
‘ another. That there is a castle, any man who has seen
‘ it may safely affirm. But you cannot, with equal reason,
‘ maintain that there is no castle, because you have not
‘ seen it. Why should I imagine that the face of the earth
‘ is altered since the time of those heroines who experi-
‘ enced so many changes of uncouth captivity ? Castles,
‘ indeed, are the works of art ; and are therefore subject
‘ to decay. But lakes, and caverns, and deserts, must al-
‘ ways remain. And why, since you call for instances,

‘ should I not dread the misfortunes which happened to
‘ the divine Clelia, who was carried to one of the isles of
‘ the Thrasymenian lake? Or those which befel the beau-
‘ tiful Candace, queen of Ethiopia, whom the pirate Ze-
‘ nedorus wandered with on the seas? Or the accidents
‘ which embittered the life of the incomparable Cleopa-
‘ tra? Or the persecutions which made that of the fair
‘ Elisa miserable? Or, in fine, the various distresses of
‘ many other fair and virtuous princesses; such as those
‘ which happened to Olympia, Bellamira, Parisatis, Be-
‘ renice, Amalazantha, Agione, Albyfinda, Placidia, Ar-
‘ sinoe, Deidamia, and a thousand others I could mention.’

‘ To the names of many of these illustrious sufferers, I
‘ am an absolute stranger,’ replied the doctor. The rest
‘ I faintly remember some mention of in those contempti-
‘ ble volumes, with which children are sometimes injudi-
‘ ciously suffered to amuse their imaginations; but which
‘ I little expected to hear quoted by your ladyship in a
‘ serious discourse. And though I am very far from catch-
‘ ing occasions of resentment, yet I think myself at liberty
‘ to observe, that if I merited your censure for one inde-
‘ licate epithet, we have engaged on very unequal terms,
‘ if I may not likewise complain of such contemptuous
‘ ridicule as you are pleased to exercise upon my opinions,
‘ by opposing them with the authority of scribblers, not
‘ only of fictions, but of senseless fictions; which, at
‘ once, vitiate the mind, and pervert the understanding;
‘ and which, if they are at any time read with safety, owe
‘ their innocence only to their absurdity.’—‘ From these
‘ books, Sir,’ said Arabella, ‘ which you condemn with
‘ so much ardour, though you acknowledge yourself little
‘ acquainted with them, I have learnt not to recede from
‘ the conditions I have granted, and shall not therefore
‘ censure the licence of your language, which glances from
‘ the books upon the readers. These books, Sir, thus
‘ correct, thus absurd, thus dangerous, alike to the intel-
‘ lect and morals, I have read, and that, I hope, without
‘ injury to my judgment, or my virtue.’—The doctor,
‘ whose vehemence had hindered him from discovering all
‘ the consequences of his position, now found himself en-

tangled, and replied, in a submissive tone—‘ I confess,
‘ Madam, my words, imply an accusation very remote
‘ from my intention. It has always been the rule of my
‘ life, not to justify any words or actions because they are
‘ mine. I am ashamed of my negligence ; I am sorry for
‘ my warmth ; and entreat your ladyship to pardon a fault
‘ which I hope never to repeat.’—‘ The reparation, Sir,’
said Arabella, smiling, ‘ over-balances the offence, and by
‘ thus daring to own you have been in the wrong, you
‘ have raised in me a much higher esteem for you. Yet I
‘ will not pardon you,’ added she, ‘ without enjoining you
‘ a penance for the fault you own you have committed ;
‘ and this penance shall be to prove—First, That these
‘ histories you condemn, are fictions. Next, that they are
‘ absurd. And, lastly, That they are criminal.’ The
doctor was pleased to find a reconciliation offered upon so
very easy terms, with a person whom he beheld at once
with reverence and affection, and could not offend with-
out extreme regret. He therefore answered with a very
cheerful composure—‘ To prove those narratives to be
‘ fictions, Madam, is only difficult, because the position
‘ is almost too evident for proof. Your ladyship knows,
‘ I suppose, to what authors these writings are ascribed ?
‘ To the French wits of the last century,’ said Arabella.
‘ And at what distance, Madam, are the facts related in
‘ them from the age of the writer?’—‘ I was never exact in
‘ my computation,’ replied Arabella ; ‘ but I think most
‘ of the events happened about two thousand years ago.’
‘ How then, Madam,’ resumed the doctor, could these
‘ events be so minutely known to writers so far remote
‘ from the time in which they happened?’—‘ By records,
‘ monuments, memoirs, and histories,’ answered the lady.
‘ But by what accident, then,’ said the doctor, smiling,
‘ did it happen these records and monuments were kept
‘ universally secret to mankind till the last century ? What
‘ brought all the memoirs of the remotest nations and ear-
‘ liest ages only to France ? Where were they hidden
‘ that none could consult them but a few obscure authors ?
‘ And whither are they now vanished again, that they can
‘ be found no more ?’ Arabella having sat silent a while,

told him, that she found his questions very difficult to be answered; and that, though perhaps the authors themselves could have told from whence they borrowed their materials, she should not at present require any other evidence of the first assertion—But allowed him to suppose them fictions, and required now that he should shew them to be absurd. ‘Your ladyship,’ returned he, ‘has, I find, too much understanding to struggle against demonstration, and too much veracity to deny your convictions; therefore, some of the arguments by which I intended to shew the falshood of these narratives, may be now used to prove their absurdity. You grant them, Madam, to be fictions?’—‘Sir,’ interrupted Arabella, eagerly, ‘you are again infringing the laws of disputation. You are not to confound a supposition of which I allow you only the present use, with an unlimited and irrevocable concession. I am too well acquainted with my own weakness to conclude an opinion false, merely because I find myself unable to defend it. But I am in haste to hear the proof of the other positions, not only because they may perhaps supply what is deficient in your evidence of the first, but because I think it of more importance to detect corruption than fiction. Though, indeed, falshood is a species of corruption, and what falshood is more hateful than the falshood of history.’ Since you have drawn me back, Madam, to the first question,’ returned the doctor, ‘let me know what arguments your ladyship can produce for the veracity of these books. That there are many objections against it, you yourself have allowed, and the highest moral evidence of falshood appears when there many arguments against an assertion, and none for it.’—‘Sir,’ replied Arabella, ‘I shall never think that any narrative, which is not confuted by its own absurdity, is without one argument at least on its side; there is a love of truth in the human mind, if not naturally implanted, so easily obtained from reason and experience, that I should expect it universally to prevail where there is no strong temptation to deceit; we hate to be deceived; we therefore hate those that deceive us; we desire not to be hated,

‘and therefore know that we are not to deceive. Shew
 ‘me an equal motive to falshood, or confess that every re-
 ‘lation has some right to credit.’—‘This may be allowed,
 ‘Madam,’ said the doctor, ‘when we claim to be credit-
 ‘ed; but that seems not to be the hope or intention of these
 ‘writers.’—‘Surely, Sir,’ replied Arabella, ‘you must
 ‘mistake their design; he that writes without intention
 ‘to be credited, must write to little purpose; for what
 ‘pleasure or advantage can arise from facts that never hap-
 ‘pened? What examples can be afforded by the patience
 ‘of those who never suffered, or the chastity of those who
 ‘were never solicited? The great end of history is to shew
 ‘how much human nature can endure or perform. When
 ‘we hear a story in common life that raises our wonder
 ‘or compassion, the first confutation stills our emotions,
 ‘and however we were touched before, we then chase it
 ‘from the memory with contempt as a trifle, or with in-
 ‘dignation as an imposture. Prove, therefore, that the
 ‘books which I have hitherto read, as copies of life, and
 ‘models of conduct, are empty fictions, and from this
 ‘hour I deliver them to moths and mould; and from this
 ‘time forward consider their authors as wretches who
 ‘cheated me of those hours I ought to have dedicated to
 ‘application and improvement.

‘Shakespear,’ said the doctor, ‘calls just resentment
 ‘the child of integrity; and therefore I do not wonder,
 ‘that what vehemence the gentleness of your ladyship’s
 ‘temper allows, should be exerted upon this occasion.
 ‘Yet though I cannot forgive these authors for having
 ‘destroyed so much valuable time, yet I cannot think
 ‘them intentionally culpable, because I cannot believe
 ‘they expected to be credited. Truth is not always in-
 ‘jured by fiction. An admirable writer * of our own
 ‘time, has found the way to convey the most solid in-
 ‘structions, the noblest sentiments, and the most exalted
 ‘piety in the pleasing dress of a novel †, and, to use the
 ‘words of the greatest genius ‡ in the present age,
 ‘Has taught the passions to move at the command of
 ‘virtue.” The fables of Æsop, though never I sup-

* Richardson, † Clarissa, ‡ The Author of the Rambler.

‘poſe believed, yet have been long continued as lectures
‘of moral and domeſtic wiſdom, ſo well adapted to the
‘faculties of man, that they have been received by all ci-
‘vilized nations; and the Arabs themſelves have honour-
‘ed his tranſlator with the appellation of Locman the
‘Wife.’—‘The fables of *Æſop*,’ ſaid Arabella, ‘are
‘among thoſe of which the abſurdity diſcovers itſelf, and
‘the truth is comprized in the application; but what can
‘be ſaid of thoſe tales which are told with the ſolemn air
‘of hiſtorical truth, and, if falſe, convey, no inſtruction?’

‘That they cannot be defended, Madam,’ ſaid the
doctor, ‘it is my purpoſe to prove; and if to evince their
‘falſhood be ſufficient to procure their baniſhment from
‘your ladyſhip’s cloſet, their day of grace is near an end.
‘How is any oral or written teſtimony confuted or con-
‘firmed?’—‘By comparing it,’ ſays the lady, ‘with the
‘teſtimony of others, or with the natural effects, and
‘ſtanding evidence of the facts related, and ſometimes by
‘comparing it with itſelf.’—‘If then your ladyſhip will
‘abide by the laſt,’ returned he, ‘and compare theſe books
‘with ancient hiſtories, you will not only find innumera-
‘ble names, of which no mention was ever made before,
‘but perſons who lived in different ages, engaged as the
‘friends or rivals of each other. You will perceive that
‘your authors have parcelled out the world at diſcretion,
‘erected palaces, and eſtabliſhed monarchies wherever
‘the conveniency of their narrative required them, and ſet
‘kings and queens over imaginary nations. Nor have
‘they conſidered themſelves as inveſted with leſs authori-
‘ty over the works of nature, than the inſtitutions of men;
‘for they have diſtributed mountains and deſarts, gulphs
‘and rocks, wherever they wanted them; and whenever
‘the courſe of their ſtory required an expedient, raiſed a
‘gloomy foreſt, or overflowed the regions with a rapid
‘ſtream.’—‘I ſuppoſe,’ ſaid Arabella, ‘you have no in-
‘tention to deceive me; and ſince, what you have aſſerted
‘be true, the cauſe is undefenſible, I ſhall trouble you no
‘longer to argue on this topic, but deſire now to hear why,
‘ſuppoſing them fictions, and intended to be received as
‘fictions, you cenſure them as abſurd?’—‘The only excel-

‘lence of falsehood,’ answered he, ‘is its resemblance to truth; as therefore any narrative is more liable to be confuted by its inconsistency, with known facts, it is at a greater distance from the perfection of fiction; for there can be no difficulty in framing a tale, if we are left at liberty to invert all history and nature for our own convenience. When a crime is to be concealed, it is easy to cover it with an imaginary wood. When virtue is to be rewarded, a nation with a new name may, without any expence of invention, raise her to the throne. When Aristo was told of the magnificence of his palaces, he answered, that the cost of poetical architecture was very little; and still less is the cost of building without art, than without materials. But their historical failures may be easily passed over, when we consider their physical or philosophical absurdities; to bring men together from different countries, does not shock with every inherent or demonstrable absurdity, and therefore when we read only for amusement, such improprieties may be borne: but who can forbear to throw away the story, that gives one man the strength of thousands; that puts life or death in a smile or a frown; that recounts labours and sufferings to which the powers of humanity are utterly unequal; that disfigures the whole appearance of the world, and represents every thing in a form different from that which experience has shewn? It is the fault of the best fictions, that they teach young minds to expect strange adventures and sudden vicissitudes, and therefore encourage them often to trust to chance. A long life may be passed without a single occurrence that can cause much surprise, or produce any unexpected consequence of great importance; the order of the world is so established, that all human affairs proceed in a regular method, and very little opportunity is left for fallies or hazards, for assault or rescue; but the brave and the coward, the sprightly and the dull, suffer themselves to be carried alike down the stream of custom.’— Arabella, who had for some time listened with a wish to interrupt him, now took advantage of a short pause. ‘I cannot imagine, Sir,’ said she, ‘that you intended to de-

‘ceive me, and therefore I am inclined to believe that
‘you are yourself mistaken, and that your application to
‘learning has hindered you from that acquaintance with
‘the world, in which these authors excelled. I have not
‘long conversed in public, yet I have found that life is
‘subject to many accidents. Do you count my late es-
‘cape for nothing? Is it to be numbered among daily and
‘curfory transactions, that a woman flies from a ravisher
‘into a rapid stream!’—‘You must not, Madam,’ said
the doctor, ‘urge as an argument the fact which is at
‘present the subject of dispute.’ Arabella, blushing at
the absurdity she had been guilty of, and not attempting
any subterfuge or excuse, the doctor found himself at li-
berty to proceed. ‘You must not imagine, Madam,’
continued he, ‘that I intend to arrogate any superiority,
‘when I observe that your ladyship must suffer me to de-
‘cide, in some measure authoritatively, whether life is
‘truly described in those books; the likeness of a picture
‘can only be determined by a knowledge of the original.
‘You have yet had little opportunity of knowing the ways
‘of mankind, which cannot be learned but from experi-
‘ence, and of which the highest understanding, and the
‘lowest, must enter the world in equal ignorance. I have
‘lived long in a public character, and have thought it my
‘duty to study those whom I have undertaken to admo-
‘nish or instruct. I have never been so rich as to affright
‘men into disguise and concealment, nor so poor as to be
‘kept at a distance too great for accurate observation. I
‘therefore presume to tell your ladyship, with great con-
‘fidence, that your writers have instituted a world of their
‘own, and that nothing is more different from a human
‘being, than heroes of heroines.’—‘I am afraid, Sir,’ said
Arabella, ‘that the difference is not in favour of the pre-
‘sent world.’—‘That, Madam,’ answered he, your own
‘penetration will enable you to judge when it shall have
‘made you equally acquainted with both: I have no de-
‘sire to determine a question, the solution of which will
‘give so little pleasure to purity and benevolence. The
‘silence of a man who loves to praise, is a censure suffi-
‘ciently severe,’ said the lady. ‘May it never happen that

‘ you should be unwilling to mention the name of Arabella?
‘ I hope, wherever corruption prevails in the world, to live
‘ in it with virtue; or, if I find myself too much endan-
‘ gered, to retire from it with innocence. But if you can
‘ say so little in commendation of mankind, how will you
‘ prove these histories to be vicious, which, if they do not
‘ describe real life, gives us an idea of a better race of be-
‘ ings than now inhabit the world.’—‘ It is of little im-
‘ portance, Madam,’ replied the doctor, ‘ to decide whe-
‘ ther in the real or fictitious life most wickedness is to be
‘ found. Books ought to supply an antidote to example;
‘ and if we retire to a contemplation of crimes, and con-
‘ tinue in our closets to inflame our passions, at what time
‘ must we rectify our words, or purify our hearts? The
‘ immediate tendency of these books, which your lady-
‘ ship must allow me to mention with some severity, is to
‘ give new fire to the passions of revenge and love; two
‘ passions which, even without such powerful auxiliaries,
‘ it is one of the severest labours of reason and piety to
‘ suppress, and which yet must be suppressed if we hope
‘ to be approved in the sight of the only Being, whose ap-
‘ probation can make us happy. I am afraid your lady-
‘ ship will think me too serious.’—‘ I have already learn-
‘ ed too much from you,’ said Arabella, ‘ to presume to
‘ instruct you; yet suffer me to caution you never to dis-
‘ honour your sacred office by the lowliness of apologies.’
—‘ Then let me again observe,’ resumed he, ‘ that these
‘ books soften the heart to love, and harden it to murder.
‘ That they teach women to exact vengeance, and men to
‘ execute it; teach women to expect not only worship, but
‘ the dreadful worship of human sacrifices. Every page
‘ of these volumes is filled with such extravagance of praise,
‘ and expressions of obedience, as one human being ought
‘ not to hear from another; or with accounts of battles,
‘ in which thousands are slaughtered, for no other purpose
‘ than to gain a smile from the haughty beauty, who sits
‘ a calm spectatress of the ruin and desolation, bloodshed
‘ and misery, incited by herself. It is impossible to read
‘ these tales without lessening part of that humility, which,
‘ by preserving in us a sense of our alliance with all hu-

‘man nature, keeps us awake to tenderness and sympathy,
‘or without impairing that compassion which is implant-
‘ed in us as an incentive of acts of kindness. If there
‘be any preserved by natural softness, or early education,
‘from learning pride and cruelty, they are yet in danger
‘of being betrayed to the vanity of beauty, and taught
‘the arts of intrigue. Love, Madam, is, you know, the
‘business, the sole business of ladies in romances.’ Arabella’s blushes now hindered him from proceeding as he had intended. ‘I perceive,’ continued he, ‘that my arguments begin to be less agreeable to your ladyship’s delicacy; I shall therefore insist no longer upon false tenderness of sentiment, but proceed to those outrages of the violent passions, which, though not more dangerous, are more generally hateful.’—‘It is not necessary, Sir,’ interrupted Arabella, ‘that you strengthen by any new proof a position which, when calmly considered, cannot be denied; my heart yields to the force of truth; and I now wonder how the blaze of enthusiastic bravery could hinder me from remarking, with abhorrence, the crime of deliberate unnecessary bloodshed. I begin to perceive that I have hitherto at least trifled away my time, and fear that I have already made some approaches to the crime of encouraging violence and revenge.’—‘I hope, Madam,’ said the good man, with horror in his looks, ‘that no life was ever lost by your incitement?’ Arabella, seeing him thus moved, burst into tears, and could not immediately answer. ‘Is it possible,’ cried the doctor, ‘that such gentleness and elegance should be stained with blood?’—‘Be not too hasty in your censure,’ said Arabella, recovering herself; ‘I tremble, indeed, to think how nearly I have approached the brink of murder, when I thought myself only consulting my own glory; but, whatever I suffer, I will never more demand or instigate vengeance, nor consider my punctilios as important enough to be balanced against life.’ The doctor confirmed her in her new resolutions, and thinking solitude was necessary to compose her spirits, after the fatigue of so long a conversation, he retired, to acquaint Mr. Glanville with his success; who, in the transport of his

joy, was almost ready to throw himself at his feet, to thank him for the miracle, as he called it, that he had performed.

CHAP. XII.

In which the History is concluded.

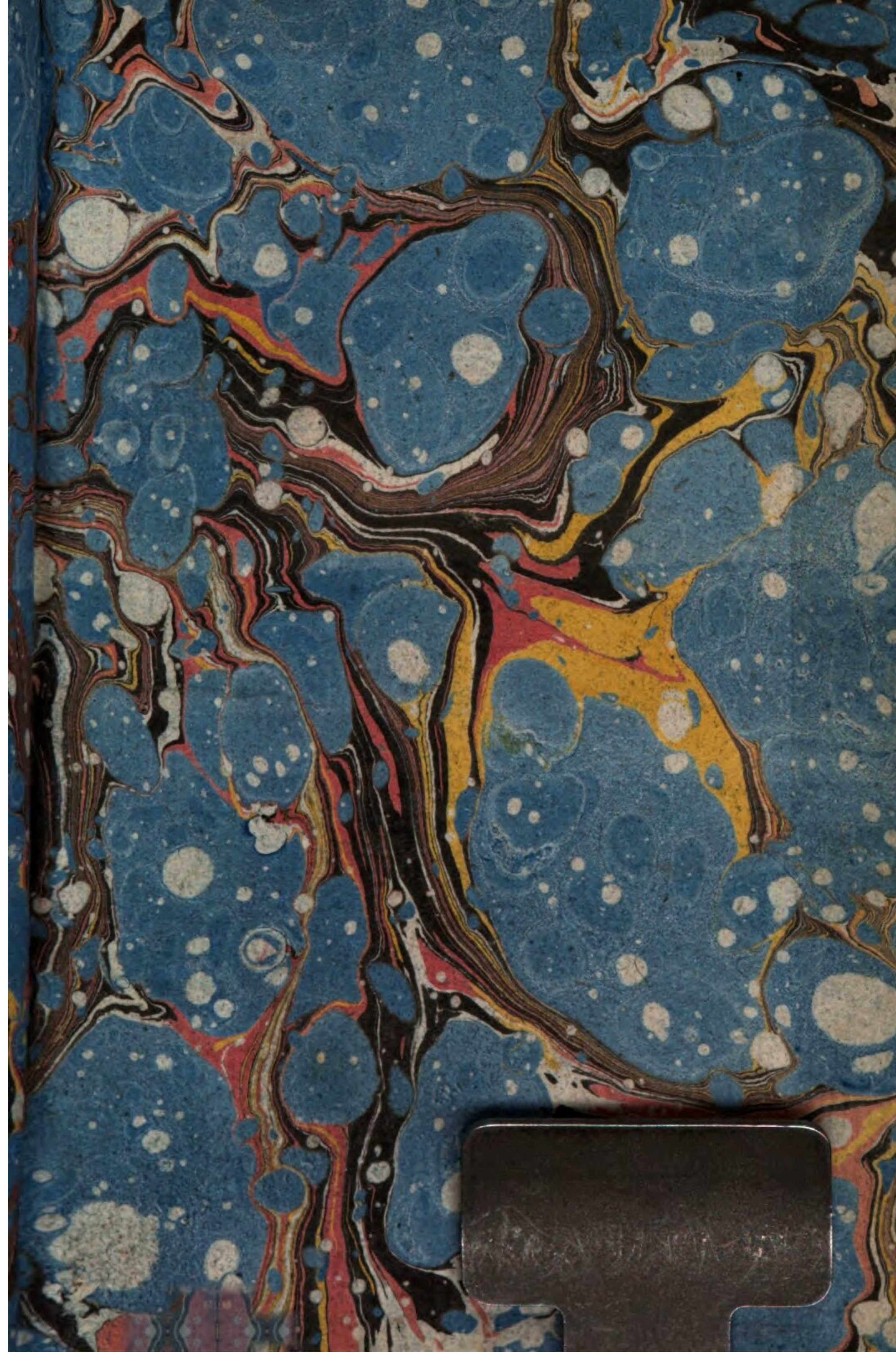
MR. Glanville, who fancied to himself the most ravishing delight from conversing with his lovely cousin, now recovered to the free use of all her noble powers of reason, would have paid her a visit that afternoon, had not a moment's reflection convinced him that now was the time, when her mind was labouring under the force of conviction, to introduce the repentant Sir George to her; who, by confessing the ridiculous farce he had invented to deceive her, might restore him to her good opinion, and add to the doctor's solid arguments, the poignant sting of ridicule which she would then perceive she had incurred. Sir George being now able to leave his chamber, and Arabella well enough recovered to admit a visit into hers, Mr. Glanville entreated his father to wait on her, and get permission for Sir George to attend her upon a business of some consequence. Sir Charles no sooner mentioned this request, than Arabella, after a little hesitation, complied with it. As she had been kept a stranger to all the particulars of Mr. Glanville's quarrels with the young baronet, her thoughts were a little perplexed concerning the occasion of this visit, and her embarrassment was considerably increased by the confusion which she perceived in the countenance of Sir George. It was not without some tokens of a painfully-suppressed reluctance, that Sir George consented to perform his promise, when Mr. Glanville claimed it; but the disadvantages that would attend his breach of it, dejected and humbled as he now was, presenting themselves in a forcible manner to his imagination, confirmed his wavering resolutions. And since he found himself obliged to be his own accuser, he endeavoured to do it with the best grace he could. Acknowledging, therefore, to Lady Bella, all the artifices her deception by romances had given him encouragement to use upon her, and explaining, very explicitly, the last with relation to the pretended princess of Gaul, he submissively asked her pardon for the offence it would now give her,

as well as for the trouble it had formerly. Arabella, struck with inconceivable confusion, having only bowed her head to his apology, desired to be left alone, and continued, for near two hours afterwards, wholly absorbed in the most disagreeable reflections on the absurdity of her past behaviour, and the contempt and ridicule to which she now saw plainly she had exposed herself. The violence of these first emotions having at length subsided, she sent for Sir Charles and Mr. Glanville; and having, with a noble ingenuity, expatiated upon the follies her vitiated judgment had led her into, she apologised to the first, for the frequent causes she had given him of uneasiness; and, turning to Mr. Glanville, whom she beheld with a look of mingled tenderness and modesty, ‘To give you myself,’ said she, ‘with all my remaining imperfections, is making you but a poor present in return for the obligations your generous affection has laid me under to you; yet, since I am so happy as to be desired for a partner for life by a man of your sense and honour, I will endeavour to make myself as worthy as I am able of such a favourable distinction.’ Mr. Glanville kissed the hand she gave him with an emphatic silence; while Sir Charles, in the most obliging manner imaginable, thanked her for the honour she conferred both on himself and son by this alliance. Sir George, entangled in his own artifices, saw himself under a necessity of confirming the promises he had made to Miss Glanville, during his fit of penitence; and was accordingly married to that young lady, at the same time that Mr. Glanville and Arabella were united.

We chuse, reader, to express this circumstance, though the same, in different words, as well to avoid repetition, as to intimate that the first-mentioned pair were indeed only married in the common acceptation of the word; that is, they were privileged to join fortunes, equipages, titles, and expence; while Mr. Glanville and Arabella were united, as well in these, as in every virtue and laudable affection of the mind.

FINIS.





Lennox, Charlotte,

The female Quixote, or the adventures of Arabella embellished with superb engravings

Bd.: Vol. 2

London [1799]

P.o.angl. 204-2

urn:nbn:de:bvb:12-bsb10747287-7